

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON - AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED ANNA UNIVERSITY
M.E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS – 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

1. PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs):

- I. Develop proficiency as a computer science engineer with an ability to solve a wide range of computational problems and have sustainable development in industry or any other work environment.
- II. Analyze and adapt quickly to new environments and technologies, gather new information, and work on emerging technologies to solve multidisciplinary engineering problems.
- III. Possess the ability to think analytically and logically to understand technical problems with computational systems for a lifelong learning which leads to pursuing research.
- IV. Adopt ethical practices to collaborate with team members and team leaders to build technology with cutting-edge technical solutions for computing systems
- V. Strongly focus on design thinking and critical analysis to create innovative products and become entrepreneurs.

2. PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs):

1. An ability to independently carry out research / investigation and development work to solve practical problems.
2. An ability to write and present a substantial technical report/document.
3. Students should be able to demonstrate a degree of mastery over the area of Computer Science and Engineering.
4. Efficiently design, build and develop system application software for distributed and centralized computing environments in varying domains and platforms.
5. Understand the working of current Industry trends, the new hardware architectures, the software components and design solutions for real world problems by Communicating and effectively working with professionals in various engineering fields and pursue research orientation for a lifelong professional development in computer and automation arenas.
6. Model a computer based automation system and design algorithms that explore the understanding of the tradeoffs involved in digital transformation.

PEO/PO Mapping:

PEO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
I.	1	2	3	4	5	6
II.	3	2	3	3	3	3
III.	3	3	3	3	2	3
IV.	3	3	2	3	3	2
V.	1	2	3	2	2	2

Contribution 1: Reasonable 2: Significant 3: Strong

[Signature]
Principal
K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 505.

MAPPING OF COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

		COURSE NAME	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
YEAR I	SEMESTER I	MA4151 Applied Probability and Statistics for Computer Science Engineers	2.00	1.67	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
		RM4151 Research Methodology and IPR	3.00	2.00	2.00	1.67	1.20	2.00
		CP4151 Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	3.00	2.00	1.25	1.67	1.67	2.00
		CP4152 Database Practices	2.40	2.00	1.50	1.60	1.00	1.20
		CP4153 Network Technologies	1.00	2.80	2.20	1.75	1.50	1.50
		CP4154 Principles of Programming Languages	1.00	1.67	1.00	1.00	1.50	2.00
		CP4161 Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	1.00	1.50	1.75	1.40	2.00	1.00
	SEMESTER II	CP4291 Internet of Things	1.60	1.80	1.60	1.40	2.00	2.20
		CP4292 Multicore Architecture and Programming	1.80	1.00	1.50	1.25	1.60	2.20
		CP4252 Machine Learning	1.80	2.20	1.25	1.75	1.00	2.20
		SE4151 Advanced Software Engineering	2	2.75	2	2.4	2.67	2
		CP4211 Term Paper Writing and seminar						
		CP4212 Software Engineering Laboratory	2.5	2.5	2.25	2.5	2	2.34
YEAR II	SEMESTER III	CP4391 Security Practices	1.50	1.67	1.60	1.60	1.80	2.40
	SEMESTER IV	CP4411 Project Work II						

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES [PEC]

S. NO.	CODE	COURSE TITLE	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1.	MP4092	Human Computer Interaction	2	2.75	2	2.4	2.67	2
2.	MP4251	Cloud Computing Technologies	2.6	2.5	2	2	1.5	2
3.	BD4151	Foundations of Data Science	1.75	1.5	2.7	3	2.5	2.5
4.	MP4152	Wireless Communications	2.5	2.7	2.7	2	3	2.75
5.	SE4071	Agile Methodologies	2.2	2	2.3	2.5	2.2	3
6.	CP4095	Performance Analysis of Computer Systems	1.6	1.75	2.2	1.33	2	1
7.	CP4001	Advanced Operating System	1.25	1.75	2.33	2	1.5	2
8.	MU4251	Digital Image Processing	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.3	3
9.	BD4071	High Performance Computing for Big Data	1.75	1.5	2	2	2.25	3
10.	CP4093	Information Retrieval Techniques	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.6	2.2	2.4
11.	CP4096	Software Quality Assurance	2.2	1.8	1.8	2.8	1.6	2.4
12.	CP4091	Autonomous Systems	1.8	1.5	2.25	2	2	2
13.	CP4097	Web Analytics	2.2	2	3	1.6	1.8	1.4
14.	MP4091	Cognitive Computing	1.5	2.3	2	1.5	2	1.5
15.	AP4093	Quantum Computing	1.75	1.7	2.4	2	2	2.73
16.	BD4251	Big Data Mining and Analytics	1.5	3	2	2	2.8	2.8
17.	CP4094	Mobile and Pervasive Computing	1.8	2.5	1.6	1.8	1.6	2
18.	MP4094	Web Services and API Design	1	3	2.4	3	1	2
19.	CP4092	Data Visualization Techniques	2.2	1	2.4	2.4	1.4	1.6
20.	IF4091	Compiler Optimization Techniques	2.6	2.6	2.8	3	2.5	2.6
21.	CP4002	Formal Models of Software Systems	2	1.4	2.33	2.67	1.8	3
22.	AP4094	Robotics	1.2	2.3	3	2.7	2.2	2
23.	ML4291	Natural Language Processing	1.75	2	2.4	2.6	1	3
24.	IF4093	GPU Computing	3	2	2.5	2.5	2.5	3
25.	IF4073	Devops and Microservices	3	2	1.5	2	2.6	3
26.	MP4292	Mobile Application Development	3	1.6	1.75	2.8	3	2.25
27.	IF4071	Deep Learning	2	2	1.6	3	2.6	2.6
28.	CP4072	Blockchain Technologies	2	1	2.5	2.25	2	2
29.	SE4073	Embedded Software Development	1.3	2	2	2	2.25	2
30.	IF4291	Full Stack Web Application Development	2.33	3	1.75	3	3	3
31.	CP4071	Bioinformatics	1	1.6	1.5	1.67	2	2.6
32.	MP4291	Cyber Physical Systems	2.3	2.5	2.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
33.	MU4291	Mixed Reality	3	1	3	1	1	2

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I TO IV SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI
SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MA4151	Applied Probability and Statistics for Computer Science Engineers	FC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	2	2
3.	CP4151	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CP4152	Database Practices	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
5.	CP4153	Network Technologies	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CP4154	Principles of Programming Languages	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course – I*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
TOTAL				19	1	6	26	21

*Audit course is optional

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	CP4291	Internet of Things	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
2.	CP4292	Multicore Architecture and Programming	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
3.	CP4252	Machine Learning	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
4.	SE4151	Advanced Software Engineering	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.		Professional Elective I	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Professional Elective II	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course – II*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
8.	CP4211	Term Paper Writing and seminar	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
9.	CP4212	Software Engineering Laboratory	PCC	0	0	2	2	1
TOTAL				20	0	10	30	23

*Audit course is optional

SEMESTER III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	CP4391	Security Practices	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.		Professional Elective III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Professional Elective IV	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
4.		Open Elective	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
5.	CP4311	Project Work I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
TOTAL				12	0	14	26	19

SEMESTER IV

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICALS								
1.	CP4411	Project Work II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
TOTAL				0	0	24	24	12

TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS: 75

**PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES
SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE I**

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	MP4092	Human Computer Interaction	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	MP4251	Cloud Computing Technologies	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	BD4151	Foundations of Data Science	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	MP4152	Wireless Communications	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	SE4071	Agile Methodologies	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	CP4095	Performance Analysis of Computer Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	CP4001	Advanced Operating System	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	MU4251	Digital Image Processing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	BD4071	High Performance Computing for Big Data	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	CP4093	Information Retrieval Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CP4096	Software Quality Assurance	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	CP4091	Autonomous Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CP4097	Web Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	MP4091	Cognitive Computing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	AP4093	Quantum Computing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	BD4251	Big Data Mining and Analytics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	CP4094	Mobile and Pervasive Computing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	MP4094	Web Services and API Design	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	CP4092	Data Visualization Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	IF4091	Compiler Optimization Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	CP4002	Formal Models of Software Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	AP4094	Robotics	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	ML4291	Natural Language Processing	PEC	2	0	2	4	3
8.	IF4093	GPU Computing	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE IV

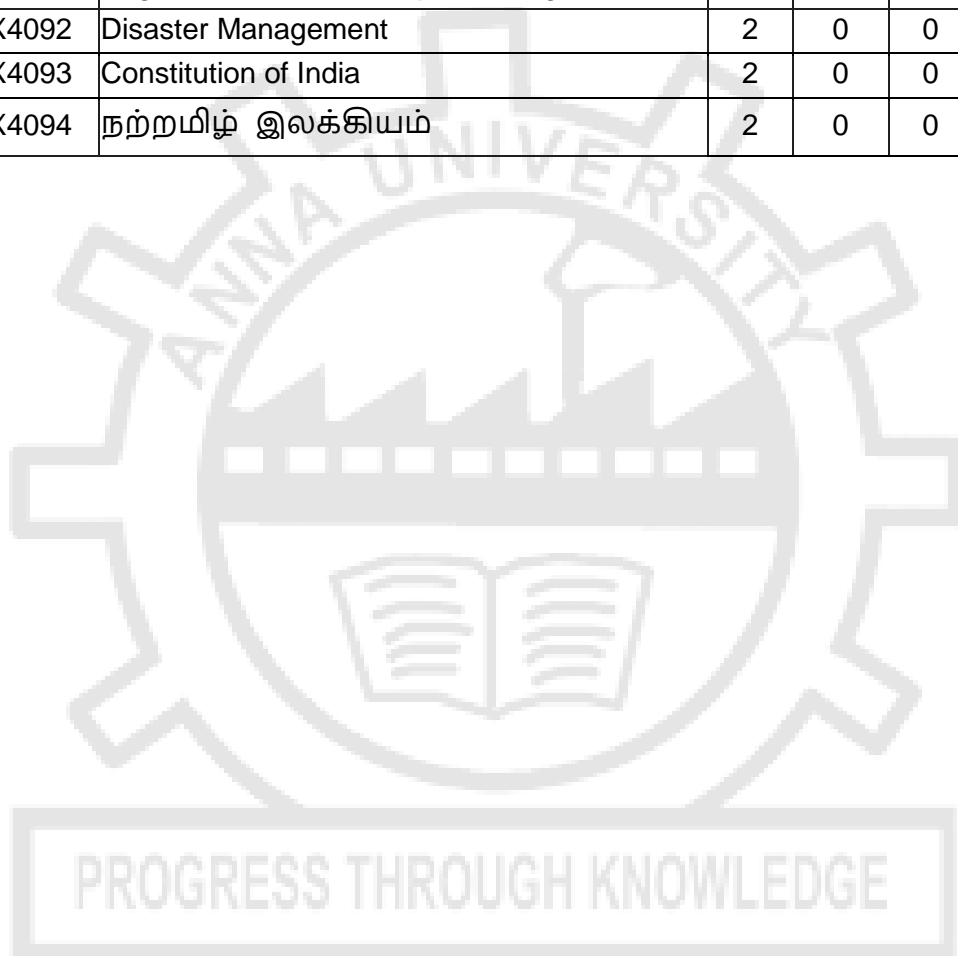
S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	IF4073	Devops and Microservices	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
2.	MP4292	Mobile Application Development	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
3.	IF4071	Deep Learning	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
4.	CP4072	Blockchain Technologies	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
5.	SE4073	Embedded Software Development	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
6.	IF4291	Full Stack Web Application Development	PEC	3	0	2	5	4

7.	CP4071	Bioinformatics	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
8.	MP4291	Cyber Physical Systems	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
9.	MU4291	Mixed Reality	PEC	3	0	2	5	4

AUDIT COURSES (AC)

Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
			L	T	P	
1.	AX4091	English for Research Paper Writing	2	0	0	0
2.	AX4092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3.	AX4093	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
4.	AX4094	நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்	2	0	0	0



LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES FOR PG PROGRAMMES

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
			L	T	P	
1.	OCE431	Integrated Water Resources Management	3	0	0	3
2.	OCE432	Water, Sanitation and Health	3	0	0	3
3.	OCE433	Principles of Sustainable Development	3	0	0	3
4.	OCE434	Environmental Impact Assessment	3	0	0	3
5.	OME431	Vibration and Noise Control Strategies	3	0	0	3
6.	OME432	Energy Conservation and Management in Domestic Sectors	3	0	0	3
7.	OME433	Additive Manufacturing	3	0	0	3
8.	OME434	Electric Vehicle Technology	3	0	0	3
9.	OME435	New Product Development	3	0	0	3
10.	OBA431	Sustainable Management	3	0	0	3
11.	OBA432	Micro and Small Business Management	3	0	0	3
12.	OBA433	Intellectual Property Rights	3	0	0	3
13.	OBA434	Ethical Management	3	0	0	3
14.	ET4251	IoT for Smart Systems	3	0	0	3
15.	ET4072	Machine Learning and Deep Learning	3	0	0	3
16.	PX4012	Renewable Energy Technology	3	0	0	3
17.	PS4093	Smart Grid	3	0	0	3
18.	DS4015	Big Data Analytics	3	0	0	3
19.	NC4201	Internet of Things and Cloud	3	0	0	3
20.	MX4073	Medical Robotics	3	0	0	3
21.	VE4202	Embedded Automation	3	0	0	3
22.	CX4016	Environmental Sustainability	3	0	0	3
23.	TX4092	Textile Reinforced Composites	3	0	0	3
24.	NT4002	Nanocomposite Materials	3	0	0	3
25.	BY4016	IPR, Biosafety and Entrepreneurship	3	0	0	3

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	Sem
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	MA4153	Advanced Mathematical Methods	3	1	0	4	1

PROFESSIONAL CORE COURSES (PCC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEM 1
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	CP4151	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	3	0	0	3	I
2.	CP4152	Database Practices	3	0	2	4	I
3.	CP4153	Network Technologies	3	0	0	3	I
4.	CP4154	Principles of Programming	3	0	0	3	I
5.	CP4161	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	0	0	4	2	I
6.	CP4291	Internet of Things	3	0	2	4	II
7.	CP4292	Multicore Architecture and Programming	3	0	2	4	II
8.	CP4252	Machine Learning	3	0	2	4	II
9.	SE4151	Advanced Software Engineering	3	0	0	3	II
10.	CP4212	Software Engineering Laboratory	0	0	2	1	II
11.	CP4391	Security Practices	3	0	0	3	III

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR COURSES (RMC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2	I

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	CP4211	Technical Seminar	0	0	2	1	1
2.	CP4311	Project Work I	0	0	12	6	3
3.	CP4411	Project Work II	0	0	24	12	4

SUMMARY

Sl. No.	NAME OF THE PROGRAMME: M.E COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING					
	SUBJECT AREA	CREDITS PER SEMESTER				CREDITS TOTAL
		I	II	III	IV	
1.	FC	04	00	00	00	04
2.	PCC	15	16	03	00	34
3.	PEC	00	06	07	00	13
4.	RMC	02	00	00	00	02
5.	OEC	00	00	03	00	03
6.	EEC	00	01	06	12	19
7.	Non Credit/Audit Course	✓	✓	00	00	
8.	TOTAL CREDIT	21	23	19	12	75



COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To encourage students to develop a working knowledge of the central ideas of Linear Algebra.
- To enable students to understand the concepts of Probability and Random Variables.
- To understand the basic probability concepts with respect to two dimensional random variables along with the relationship between the random variables and the significance of the central limit theorem.
- To apply the small / large sample tests through Tests of hypothesis.
- To enable the students to use the concepts of multivariate normal distribution and principal components analysis.

UNIT I LINEAR ALGEBRA 12

Vector spaces – norms – Inner Products – Eigenvalues using QR transformations – QR factorization – generalized eigenvectors – Canonical forms – singular value decomposition and applications – pseudo inverse – least square approximations.

UNIT II PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES 12

Probability – Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Baye’s theorem – Random variables – Probability function – Moments – Moment generating functions and their properties – Binomial, Poisson , Geometric, Uniform, Exponential, Gamma and Normal distributions – Function of a random variable.

UNIT III TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES 12

Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Functions of two-dimensional random variables – Regression curve – Correlation.

UNIT IV TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 12

Sampling distributions – Type I and Type II errors – Small and Large samples – Tests based on Normal, t, Chi square and F distributions for testing of mean , variance and proportions – Tests for independence of attributes and goodness of fit.

UNIT V MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS 12

Random vectors and matrices – Mean vectors and covariance matrices – Multivariate normal density and its properties – Principal components – Population principal components – Principal components from standardized variables.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO1:apply the concepts of Linear Algebra to solve practical problems.

CO2:use the ideas of probability and random variables in solving engineering problems.

CO3:be familiar with some of the commonly encountered two dimensional random variables and be equipped for a possible extension to multivariate analysis.

CO4:use statistical tests in testing hypotheses on data.

CO5:develop critical thinking based on empirical evidence and the scientific approach to knowledge development.

REFERENCES:

1. Dallas E Johnson, “Applied multivariate methods for data Analysis”, Thomson and Duxbury press, Singapore, 1998.
2. Richard A. Johnson and Dean W. Wichern, “Applied multivariate statistical Analysis”, Pearson Education, Fifth Edition, 6th Edition, New Delhi, 2013.
3. Bronson, R.,”Matrix Operation” Schaum’s outline series, Tata McGraw Hill, New York, 2011.
4. Oliver C. Ibe, “Fundamentals of Applied probability and Random Processes”, Academic Press, Boston, 2014.
5. Johnson R. A. and Gupta C.B., “Miller and Freund’s Probability and Statistics for Engineers”, Pearson India Education, Asia, 9th Edition, New Delhi, 2017.

CO – PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	2	3	-	-	1
2	3	-	2	2	-	3
3	-	-	1	-	3	2
4	2	1	3	2	2	2
5	2	2	1	-	1	2
Avg	2	1.67	2	2	2	2

RM4151

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

L T P C
2 0 0 2

UNIT I RESEARCH DESIGN

6

Overview of research process and design, Use of Secondary and exploratory data to answer the research question, Qualitative research, Observation studies, Experiments and Surveys.

UNIT II DATA COLLECTION AND SOURCES

6

Measurements, Measurement Scales, Questionnaires and Instruments, Sampling and methods. Data - Preparing, Exploring, examining and displaying.

UNIT III DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORTING

6

Overview of Multivariate analysis, Hypotheses testing and Measures of Association. Presenting Insights and findings using written reports and oral presentation.

UNIT IV INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

6

Intellectual Property – The concept of IPR, Evolution and development of concept of IPR, IPR development process, Trade secrets, utility Models, IPR & Biodiversity, Role of WIPO and WTO in

IPR establishments, Right of Property, Common rules of IPR practices, Types and Features of IPR Agreement, Trademark, Functions of UNESCO in IPR maintenance.

UNIT V PATENTS

6

Patents – objectives and benefits of patent, Concept, features of patent, Inventive step, Specification, Types of patent application, process E-filing, Examination of patent, Grant of patent, Revocation, Equitable Assignments, Licenses, Licensing of related patents, patent agents, Registration of patent agents.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, “Business Research Methods”, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).
2. Catherine J. Holland, “Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets”, Entrepreneur Press, 2007.
3. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, “Patent searching: tools & techniques”, Wiley, 2007.
4. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, “Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice”, September 2013.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	2	2	3	2	3
2	3	-	-	-	1	3
3	3	-	-	1	1	2
4	3	-	-	-	1	1
5	3	-	-	1	1	1
Avg	3.00	2.00	2.00	1.67	1.20	2.00

CP4151

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the usage of algorithms in computing
- To learn and use hierarchical data structures and its operations
- To learn the usage of graphs and its applications
- To select and design data structures and algorithms that is appropriate for problems
- To study about NP Completeness of problems.

UNIT I ROLE OF ALGORITHMS IN COMPUTING & COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS

9

Algorithms – Algorithms as a Technology -Time and Space complexity of algorithms- Asymptotic

analysis-Average and worst-case analysis-Asymptotic notation-Importance of efficient algorithms- Program performance measurement - Recurrences: The Substitution Method – The Recursion-Tree Method- Data structures and algorithms.

UNIT II HIERARCHICAL DATA STRUCTURES 9

Binary Search Trees: Basics – Querying a Binary search tree – Insertion and Deletion- Red Black trees: Properties of Red-Black Trees – Rotations – Insertion – Deletion -B-Trees: Definition of B -trees – Basic operations on B-Trees – Deleting a key from a B-Tree- Heap – Heap Implementation – Disjoint Sets - Fibonacci Heaps: structure – Mergeable-heap operations- Decreasing a key and deleting a node-Bounding the maximum degree.

UNIT III GRAPHS 9

Elementary Graph Algorithms: Representations of Graphs – Breadth-First Search – Depth-First Search – Topological Sort – Strongly Connected Components- Minimum Spanning Trees: Growing a Minimum Spanning Tree – Kruskal and Prim- Single-Source Shortest Paths: The Bellman-Ford algorithm – Single-Source Shortest paths in Directed Acyclic Graphs – Dijkstra's Algorithm; Dynamic Programming - All-Pairs Shortest Paths: Shortest Paths and Matrix Multiplication – The Floyd-Warshall Algorithm

UNIT IV ALGORITHM DESIGN TECHNIQUES 9

Dynamic Programming: Matrix-Chain Multiplication – Elements of Dynamic Programming – Longest Common Subsequence- Greedy Algorithms: – Elements of the Greedy Strategy- An Activity-Selection Problem - Huffman Coding.

UNIT V NP COMPLETE AND NP HARD 9

NP-Completeness: Polynomial Time – Polynomial-Time Verification – NP- Completeness and Reducibility – NP-Completeness Proofs – NP-Complete Problems.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Write an algorithm for Towers of Hanoi problem using recursion and analyze the complexity (No of disc-4)
2. Write any one real time application of hierarchical data structure
3. Write a program to implement Make_Set, Find_Set and Union functions for Disjoint Set Data Structure for a given undirected graph $G(V,E)$ using the linked list representation with simple implementation of Union operation
4. Find the minimum cost to reach last cell of the matrix from its first cell
5. Discuss about any NP completeness problem

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Design data structures and algorithms to solve computing problems.

CO2: Choose and implement efficient data structures and apply them to solve problems.

CO3: Design algorithms using graph structure and various string-matching algorithms to solve real-life problems.

CO4: Design one's own algorithm for an unknown problem.

CO5: Apply suitable design strategy for problem solving.

REFERENCES

1. S.Sridhar," Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Oxford University Press, 1st Edition, 2014.
2. Adam Drozdex, "Data Structures and algorithms in C++", Cengage Learning, 4th Edition, 2013.
3. T.H. Cormen, C.E.Leiserson, R.L. Rivest and C.Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2012.
4. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2009.
5. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", University Press, 2nd Edition, 2008.
6. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	2	2	3	1	3
2	3	1	-	-	2	3
3	3	-	1	1	-	2
4	3	2	1	-	2	1
5	3	3	1	1	-	1
Avg	3.00	2.00	1.25	1.67	1.67	2.00

CP4152

DATABASE PRACTICES

L T P C

3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Describe the fundamental elements of relational database management systems
- Explain the basic concepts of relational data model, entity-relationship model, relational database design, relational algebra and SQL.
- Understand query processing in a distributed database system
- Understand the basics of XML and create well-formed and valid XML documents.
- Distinguish the different types of NoSQL databases
- To understand the different models involved in database security and their applications in real time world to protect the database and information associated with them.

UNIT I RELATIONAL DATA MODEL

15

Entity Relationship Model – Relational Data Model – Mapping Entity Relationship Model to Relational Model – Relational Algebra – Structured Query Language – Database Normalization.

Suggested Activities:

Data Definition Language

- Create, Alter and Drop
- Enforce Primary Key, Foreign Key, Check, Unique and Not Null Constraints

- Creating Views

Data Manipulation Language

- Insert, Delete, Update
- Cartesian Product, Equi Join, Left Outer Join, Right Outer Join and Full Outer Join
- Aggregate Functions
- Set Operations
- Nested Queries

Transaction Control Language

- Commit, Rollback and Save Points

UNIT II DISTRIBUTED DATABASES, ACTIVE DATABASES AND OPEN DATABASE CONNECTIVITY 15

Distributed Database Architecture – Distributed Data Storage – Distributed Transactions – Distributed Query Processing – Distributed Transaction Management – Event Condition Action Model – Design and Implementation Issues for Active Databases – Open Database Connectivity.

Suggested Activities:

- Distributed Database Design and Implementation
- Row Level and Statement Level Triggers
- Accessing a Relational Database using PHP, Python and R

UNIT III XML DATABASES 15

Structured, Semi structured, and Unstructured Data – XML Hierarchical Data Model – XML Documents – Document Type Definition – XML Schema – XML Documents and Databases – XML Querying – XPath – XQuery

Suggested Activities:

- Creating XML Documents, Document Type Definition and XML Schema
- Using a Relational Database to store the XML documents as text
- Using a Relational Database to store the XML documents as data elements
- Creating or publishing customized XML documents from pre-existing relational databases
- Extracting XML Documents from Relational Databases
- XML Querying

UNIT IV NOSQL DATABASES AND BIG DATA STORAGE SYSTEMS 15

NoSQL – Categories of NoSQL Systems – CAP Theorem – Document-Based NoSQL Systems and MongoDB – MongoDB Data Model – MongoDB Distributed Systems Characteristics – NoSQL Key-Value Stores – DynamoDB Overview – Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store – Wide Column NoSQL Systems – Hbase Data Model – Hbase Crud Operations – Hbase Storage and Distributed System Concepts – NoSQL Graph Databases and Neo4j – Cypher Query Language of Neo4j – Big Data – MapReduce – Hadoop – YARN.

Suggested Activities:

- Creating Databases using MongoDB, DynamoDB, Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store Hbase and Neo4j.
- Writing simple queries to access databases created using MongoDB, DynamoDB, Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store Hbase and Neo4j.

UNIT V DATABASE SECURITY**15**

Database Security Issues – Discretionary Access Control Based on Granting and Revoking Privileges – Mandatory Access Control and Role-Based Access Control for Multilevel Security – SQL Injection – Statistical Database Security – Flow Control – Encryption and Public Key Infrastructures – Preserving Data Privacy – Challenges to Maintaining Database Security – Database Survivability – Oracle Label-Based Security.

Suggested Activities:

Implementing Access Control in Relational Databases

TOTAL : 75 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

CO1:Convert the ER-model to relational tables, populate relational databases and formulate SQL queries on data.

CO2:Understand and write well-formed XML documents

CO3:Be able to apply methods and techniques for distributed query processing.

CO4:Design and Implement secure database systems.

CO5:Use the data control, definition, and manipulation languages of the NoSQL databases

REFERENCES:

1. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education 2016.
2. Henry F. Korth, Abraham Silberschatz, S. Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", Seventh Edition, McGraw Hill, 2019.
3. C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, "An Introduction to Database Systems, Eighth Edition, Pearson Education, 2006
4. Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke "Database Management Systems", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2015.
5. Harrison, Guy, "Next Generation Databases, NoSQL and Big Data", First Edition, Apress publishers, 2015
6. Thomas Cannolly and Carolyn Begg, "Database Systems, A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation and Management", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, 2015

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	2	2	1	3	1	2
2	2	2	-	2	1	1
3	3	1	2	1	-	1
4	3	2	2	1	1	1
5	2	3	1	1	-	1
Avg	2.40	2.00	1.50	1.60	1.00	1.20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of networks
- To explore various technologies in the wireless domain
- To study about 4G and 5G cellular networks
- To learn about Network Function Virtualization
- To understand the paradigm of Software defined networks

UNIT I NETWORKING CONCEPTS 9

Peer To Peer Vs Client-Server Networks. Network Devices. Network Terminology. Network Speeds. Network throughput, delay. Osi Model. Packets, Frames, And Headers. Collision And Broadcast Domains. LAN Vs WAN. Network Adapter. Hub. Switch. Router. Firewall, IP addressing.

UNIT II WIRELESS NETWORKS 9

Wireless access techniques- IEEE 802.11a, 802.11g, 802.11e, 802.11n/ac/ax/ay/ba/be, QoS – Bluetooth – Protocol Stack – Security – Profiles – zigbee

UNIT III MOBILE DATA NETWORKS 9

4G Networks and Composite Radio Environment – Protocol Boosters – Hybrid 4G Wireless Networks Protocols – Green Wireless Networks – Physical Layer and Multiple Access – Channel Modelling for 4G – Concepts of 5G – channel access –air interface -Cognitive Radio-spectrum management – C-RAN architecture - Vehicular communications-protocol – Network slicing – MIMO, mmWave, Introduction to 6G.

UNIT IV SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS 9

SDN Architecture. Characteristics of Software-Defined Networking. SDN- and NFV-Related Standards. SDN Data Plane. Data Plane Functions. Data Plane Protocols. OpenFlow Logical Network Device. Flow Table Structure. Flow Table Pipeline. The Use of Multiple Tables. Group Table. OpenFlow Protocol. SDN Control Plane Architecture. Control Plane Functions. Southbound Interface. Northbound Interface. Routing. ITU-T Model. OpenDaylight. OpenDaylight Architecture. OpenDaylight Helium. SDN Application Plane Architecture. Northbound Interface. Network Services Abstraction Layer. Network Applications. User Interface.

UNIT V NETWORK FUNCTIONS VIRTUALIZATION 9

Motivation-Virtual Machines –NFV benefits-requirements – architecture- NFV Infrastructure - Virtualized Network Functions - NFV Management and Orchestration- NFV Use Cases- NFV and SDN –Network virtualization – VLAN and VPN

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- CO1: Explain basic networking concepts
 CO2: Compare different wireless networking protocols
 CO3: Describe the developments in each generation of mobile data networks
 CO4: Explain and develop SDN based applications
 CO5: Explain the concepts of network function virtualization

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Execute various network utilities such as tracert, pathping, ipconfig
2. Implement the Software Defined Networking using Mininet
3. Implement routing in Mininet
4. Install a virtual machine and study network virtualization
5. Simulate various network topologies in Network Simulator

REFERENCES

1. James Bernstein, "Networking made Easy", 2018. (UNIT I)
2. HoudaLabiod, Costantino de Santis, HossamAffi "Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, Zigbee and WiMax", Springer 2007 (UNIT 2)
3. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold, 4G: LTE/LTE-Advanced for Mobile Broadband, Academic Press, 2013 (UNIT 3)
4. Saad Z. Asif "5G Mobile Communications Concepts and Technologies" CRC press – 2019 (UNIT 3)
5. William Stallings "Foundations of Modern Networking: SDN, NFV, QoE, IoT, and Cloud" 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.(Unit 4 and 5)
6. Thomas D.Nadeau and Ken Gray, SDN – Software Defined Networks, O'Reilly Publishers, 2013.
7. Guy Pujolle, "Software Networks", Second Edition, Wiley-ISTE, 2020

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	3	2	-	1	-
2	1	3	3	3	-	1
3	1	3	3	2	2	2
4	1	2	2	1	2	1
5	1	3	1	1	1	2
Avg	1.00	2.80	2.20	1.75	1.50	1.50

CP4154

PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand and describe syntax and semantics of programming languages
- To understand data, data types, and basic statements
- To understand call-return architecture and ways of implementing them
- To understand object-orientation, concurrency, and event handling in programming languages
- To develop programs in non-procedural programming paradigms

UNIT I	SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS	9
Evolution of programming languages – describing syntax – context – free grammars –attribute grammars – describing semantics – lexical analysis – parsing – recursive-descent – bottom- up parsing		
UNIT II	DATA, DATA TYPES, AND BASIC STATEMENTS	9
Names – variables – binding – type checking – scope – scope rules – lifetime and garbage collection –primitive data types–strings–array types– associative arrays–record types– union types – pointers and references – Arithmetic expressions – overloaded operators – type conversions – relational and boolean expressions – assignment statements – mixed- mode assignments – control structures – selection – iterations – branching – guarded statements		
UNIT III	SUBPROGRAMS AND IMPLEMENTATIONS	9
Subprograms – design issues – local referencing – parameter passing – overloaded methods – generic methods – design issues for functions – semantics of call and return – implementing simple subprograms – stack and dynamic local variables – nested subprograms – blocks – dynamic scoping		
UNIT IV	OBJECT-ORIENTATION, CONCURRENCY, AND EVENT HANDLING	9
Object-orientation – design issues for OOP languages – implementation of object-oriented constructs – concurrency – semaphores – monitors – message passing – threads – statement level concurrency – exception handling – event handling		
UNIT V	FUNCTIONAL AND LOGIC PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES	9
Introduction to lambda calculus – fundamentals of functional programming languages – Programming with Scheme – Programming with ML – Introduction to logic and logic programming – Programming with Prolog – multi-paradigm languages		

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** Describe syntax and semantics of programming languages
- CO2:** Explain data, data types, and basic statements of programming languages
- CO3:** Design and implement subprogram constructs
- CO4:** Apply object-oriented, concurrency, and event handling programming constructs
- CO5:** Develop programs in Scheme, ML, and Prolog and Understand and adopt new programming language

REFERENCES:

1. Robert W. Sebesta, "Concepts of Programming Languages", Eleventh Edition, Addison Wesley, 2012
2. W. F. Clocksin and C. S. Mellish, "Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard", Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003
3. Michael L.Scott, "Programming Language Pragmatics", Fourth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.
4. R.KentDybvig, "TheSchemeprogramminglanguage", FourthEdition, MITPress, 2009
5. Richard A. O'Keefe, "The craft of Prolog", MIT Press, 2009
6. W.F.ClocksinandC.S.Mellish, "ProgramminginProlog:UsingtheISOStandard", Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	-	-	-	-	1
2	1	-	1	-	1	2
3	1	1	-	-	1	2
4	-	2	1	1	2	2
5	1	2	1	-	2	3
Avg	1.00	1.67	1.00	1.00	1.50	2.00

CP4161

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS LABORATORY

L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire the knowledge of using advanced tree structures
- To learn the usage of heap structures
- To understand the usage of graph structures and spanning trees
- To understand the problems such as matrix chain multiplication, activity selection and Huffman coding
- To understand the necessary mathematical abstraction to solve problems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1: Implementation of recursive function for tree traversal and Fibonacci
- 2: Implementation of iteration function for tree traversal and Fibonacci
- 3: Implementation of Merge Sort and Quick Sort
- 4: Implementation of a Binary Search Tree
- 5: Red-Black Tree Implementation
- 6: Heap Implementation
- 7: Fibonacci Heap Implementation
- 8: Graph Traversals
- 9: Spanning Tree Implementation
- 10: Shortest Path Algorithms (Dijkstra's algorithm, Bellman Ford Algorithm)
- 11: Implementation of Matrix Chain Multiplication
- 12: Activity Selection and Huffman Coding Implementation

HARDWARE/SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

1. 64-bit Open source Linux or its derivative
2. Open Source C++ Programming tool like G++/GCC

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** Design and implement basic and advanced data structures extensively
CO2: Design algorithms using graph structures

CO3: Design and develop efficient algorithms with minimum complexity using design techniques

CO4: Develop programs using various algorithms.

CO5: Choose appropriate data structures and algorithms, understand the ADT/libraries, and use it to design algorithms for a specific problem.

REFERENCES:

1. Lipschutz Seymour, "Data Structures Schaum's Outlines Series", Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2014.
2. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.
3. <http://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms>
4. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_structures_algorithms
5. <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/data-structures/>

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	1	-	1	1	-
2	1	-	1	2	2	1
3	1	1	1	1	2	1
4	1	2	2	2	2	1
5	1	2	3	1	3	1
Avg	1.00	1.50	1.75	1.40	2.00	1.00

CP4291

INTERNET OF THINGS

L T P C
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To Understand the Architectural Overview of IoT
- To Understand the IoT Reference Architecture and Real World Design Constraints
- To Understand the various IoT levels
- To understand the basics of cloud architecture
- To gain experience in Raspberry PI and experiment simple IoT application on it

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9+6

Internet of Things- Domain Specific IoTs - IoT and M2M-Sensors for IoT Applications–Structure of IoT– IoT Map Device- IoT System Management with NETCONF-YANG

UNIT II IoT ARCHITECTURE, GENERATIONS AND PROTOCOLS

9+6

IETF architecture for IoT - IoT reference architecture -First Generation – Description & Characteristics–Advanced Generation – Description & Characteristics–Integrated IoT Sensors –

Description & Characteristics

UNIT III IoT PROTOCOLS AND TECHNOLOGY **9+6**

SCADA and RFID Protocols - BACnet Protocol - Zigbee Architecture - 6LowPAN - CoAP - Wireless Sensor Structure - Energy Storage Module - Power Management Module - RF Module - Sensing Module

UNIT IV CLOUD ARCHITECTURE BASICS **9+6**

The Cloud types; IaaS, PaaS, SaaS.- Development environments for service development; Amazon, Azure, Google Appcloud platform in industry

UNIT V IOT PROJECTS ON RASPBERRY PI **9+6**

Building IOT with RASPBERRY PI- Creating the sensor project - Preparing Raspberry Pi - Clayster libraries - Hardware Interacting with the hardware - Interfacing the hardware- Internal representation of sensor values - Persisting data - External representation of sensor values - Exporting sensor data

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Develop an application for LED Blink and Pattern using Arduino or Raspberry Pi
2. Develop an application for LED Pattern with Push Button Control using Arduino or Raspberry Pi
3. Develop an application for LM35 Temperature Sensor to display temperature values using arduino or Raspberry Pi
4. Develop an application for Forest fire detection end node using Raspberry Pi device and sensor
5. Develop an application for home intrusion detection web application
6. Develop an application for Smart parking application using python and Django for web application

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the various concept of the IoT and their technologies

CO2: Develop the IoT application using different hardware platforms

CO3: Implement the various IoT Protocols

CO4: Understand the basic principles of cloud computing

CO5: Develop and deploy the IoT application into cloud environment

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madiseti, Internet of Things: A hands-on approach, Universities Press, 2015
2. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Florian Michahelles (Eds), Architecting the Internet of Things, Springer, 2011
3. Peter Waher, 'Learning Internet of Things', Packt Publishing, 2015
4. Ovidiu Vermesan Peter Friess, 'Internet of Things - From Research and Innovation to Market Deployment', River Publishers, 2014
5. N. Ida, Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces: A Multidisciplinary Introduction, 2nd Edition Scitech Publishers, 202014
6. Reese, G. (2009). Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud. Sebastopol, CA: O'Reilly Media, Inc. (2009)

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	1	2	1	1	3
2	3	2	1	2	3	2
3	1	1	2	1	3	3
4	2	3	2	1	2	2
5	1	2	1	2	1	1
Avg	1.60	1.80	1.60	1.40	2.00	2.20

CP4292

MULTICORE ARCHITECTURE AND PROGRAMMING

L T P C

3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the need for multi-core processors, and their architecture.
- To understand the challenges in parallel and multithreaded programming.
- To learn about the various parallel programming paradigms,
- To develop multicore programs and design parallel solutions.

UNIT I MULTICORE PROCESSORS

9

Single core to Multi-core architectures – SIMD and MIMD systems – Interconnection networks – Symmetric and Distributed Shared Memory Architectures – Cache coherence – Performance Issues – Parallel program design.

UNIT II PARALLEL PROGRAM CHALLENGES

9

Performance – Scalability – Synchronization and data sharing – Data races – Synchronization primitives (mutexes, locks, semaphores, barriers) – deadlocks and livelocks – communication between threads (condition variables, signals, message queues and pipes).

UNIT III SHARED MEMORY PROGRAMMING WITH OpenMP

9

OpenMP Execution Model – Memory Model – OpenMP Directives – Work-sharing Constructs – Library functions – Handling Data and Functional Parallelism – Handling Loops – Performance Considerations.

UNIT IV DISTRIBUTED MEMORY PROGRAMMING WITH MPI

9

MPI program execution – MPI constructs – libraries – MPI send and receive – Point-to-point and Collective communication – MPI derived datatypes – Performance evaluation

UNIT V PARALLEL PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

9

Case studies – n-Body solvers – Tree Search – OpenMP and MPI implementations and comparison.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

PRACTICALS:

1. Write a simple Program to demonstrate an OpenMP Fork-Join Parallelism.
2. Create a program that computes a simple matrix-vector multiplication $b=Ax$, either in C/C++. Use OpenMP directives to make it run in parallel.
3. Create a program that computes the sum of all the elements in an array A (C/C++) or a program that finds the largest number in an array A. Use OpenMP directives to make it run in parallel.
4. Write a simple Program demonstrating Message-Passing logic using OpenMP.
5. Implement the All-Pairs Shortest-Path Problem (Floyd's Algorithm) Using OpenMP.
6. Implement a program Parallel Random Number Generators using Monte Carlo Methods in OpenMP.
7. Write a Program to demonstrate MPI-broadcast-and-collective-communication in C.
8. Write a Program to demonstrate MPI-scatter-gather-and-all gather in C.
9. Write a Program to demonstrate MPI-send-and-receive in C.
10. Write a Program to demonstrate by performing-parallel-rank-with-MPI in C.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS**TOTAL:45+30=75 PERIODS****COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the students should be able to:

CO1: Describe multicore architectures and identify their characteristics and challenges.

CO2: Identify the issues in programming Parallel Processors.

CO3: Write programs using OpenMP and MPI.

CO4: Design parallel programming solutions to common problems.

CO5: Compare and contrast programming for serial processors and programming for parallel processors.

REFERENCES:

1. Peter S. Pacheco, "An Introduction to Parallel Programming, Morgan-Kaufman/Elsevier, 2021.
2. Darryl Gove, "Multicore Application Programming for Windows, Linux, and Oracle Solaris, Pearson, 2011 (unit 2)
3. Michael J Quinn, "Parallel programming in C with MPI and OpenMP, Tata McGraw Hill,2003.
4. Victor Alessandrini, Shared Memory Application Programming, 1st Edition, Concepts and Strategies in Multicore Application Programming, Morgan Kaufmann, 2015.
5. Yan Solihin, Fundamentals of Parallel Multicore Architecture, CRC Press, 2015.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	1	1	1	2	1	2
3	2	1	-	-	2	2
4	1	-	2	1	1	2
5	2	1	1	1	2	2

	3	1	2	1	2	3
Avg	1.80	1.00	1.50	1.25	1.60	2.20

CP4252

MACHINE LEARNING

L T P C

3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts and mathematical foundations of machine learning and types of problems tackled by machine learning
- To explore the different supervised learning techniques including ensemble methods
- To learn different aspects of unsupervised learning and reinforcement learning
- To learn the role of probabilistic methods for machine learning
- To understand the basic concepts of neural networks and deep learning

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS

9

What is Machine Learning? Need –History – Definitions – Applications - Advantages, Disadvantages & Challenges -Types of Machine Learning Problems – Mathematical Foundations - Linear Algebra & Analytical Geometry -Probability and Statistics- Bayesian Conditional Probability -Vector Calculus & Optimization - Decision Theory - Information theory

UNIT II SUPERVISED LEARNING

9

Introduction-Discriminative and Generative Models -Linear Regression - Least Squares -Under-fitting / Overfitting -Cross-Validation – Lasso Regression- Classification - Logistic Regression- Gradient Linear Models -Support Vector Machines –Kernel Methods -Instance based Methods - K-Nearest Neighbors - Tree based Methods –Decision Trees –ID3 – CART - Ensemble Methods –Random Forest - Evaluation of Classification Algorithms

UNIT III UNSUPERVISED LEARNING AND REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

9

Introduction - Clustering Algorithms -K – Means – Hierarchical Clustering - Cluster Validity - Dimensionality Reduction –Principal Component Analysis – Recommendation Systems - EM algorithm. Reinforcement Learning – Elements -Model based Learning – Temporal Difference Learning

UNIT IV PROBABILISTIC METHODS FOR LEARNING

9

Introduction -Naïve Bayes Algorithm -Maximum Likelihood -Maximum Apriori -Bayesian Belief Networks -Probabilistic Modelling of Problems -Inference in Bayesian Belief Networks – Probability Density Estimation - Sequence Models – Markov Models – Hidden Markov Models

UNIT V NEURAL NETWORKS AND DEEP LEARNING

9

Neural Networks – Biological Motivation- Perceptron – Multi-layer Perceptron – Feed Forward Network – Back Propagation-Activation and Loss Functions- Limitations of Machine Learning – Deep Learning– Convolution Neural Networks – Recurrent Neural Networks – Use cases

45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Give an example from our daily life for each type of machine learning problem

2. Study at least 3 Tools available for Machine Learning and discuss pros & cons of each
3. Take an example of a classification problem. Draw different decision trees for the example and explain the pros and cons of each decision variable at each level of the tree
4. Outline 10 machine learning applications in healthcare
5. Give 5 examples where sequential models are suitable.
6. Give at least 5 recent applications of CNN

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

30 PERIODS

1. Implement a Linear Regression with a Real Dataset (<https://www.kaggle.com/harrywang/housing>). Experiment with different features in building a model. Tune the model's hyperparameters.
2. Implement a binary classification model. That is, answers a binary question such as "Are houses in this neighborhood above a certain price?"(use data from exercise 1). Modify the classification threshold and determine how that modification influences the model. Experiment with different classification metrics to determine your model's effectiveness.
3. Classification with Nearest Neighbors. In this question, you will use the scikit-learn's KNN classifier to classify real vs. fake news headlines. The aim of this question is for you to read the scikit-learn API and get comfortable with training/validation splits. Use California Housing Dataset
4. In this exercise, you'll experiment with validation sets and test sets using the dataset. Split a training set into a smaller training set and a validation set. Analyze deltas between training set and validation set results. Test the trained model with a test set to determine whether your trained model is overfitting. Detect and fix a common training problem.
5. Implement the k-means algorithm using <https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Codon+usage> dataset
6. Implement the Naïve Bayes Classifier using <https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Gait+Classification> dataset
7. Project - (in Pairs) Your project must implement one or more machine learning algorithms and apply them to some data.
 - a. Your project may be a comparison of several existing algorithms, or it may propose a new algorithm in which case you still must compare it to at least one other approach.
 - b. You can either pick a project of your own design, or you can choose from the set of pre-defined projects.
 - c. You are free to use any third-party ideas or code that you wish as long as it is publicly available.
 - d. You must properly provide references to any work that is not your own in the write-up.
 - e. Project proposal You must turn in a brief project proposal. Your project proposal should describe the idea behind your project. You should also briefly describe software you will need to write, and papers (2-3) you plan to read.

List of Projects (datasets available)

1. Sentiment Analysis of Product Reviews
2. Stock Prediction
3. Sales Forecasting
4. Music Recommendation
5. Handwriting Digit Classification
6. Fake News Detection
7. Sports Prediction
8. Object Detection

9. Disease Prediction

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand and outline problems for each type of machine learning

CO2: Design a Decision tree and Random forest for an application

CO3: Implement Probabilistic Discriminative and Generative algorithms for an application and analyze the results.

CO4: Use a tool to implement typical Clustering algorithms for different types of applications.

CO5: Design and implement an HMM for a Sequence Model type of application and identify applications suitable for different types of Machine Learning with suitable justification.

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective", Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2nd Edition, 2014.
2. Kevin Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", MIT Press, 2012
3. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", Third Edition, Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning Series, MIT Press, 2014
4. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
5. Peter Flach, "Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data", First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
6. Shai Shalev-Shwartz and Shai Ben-David, "Understanding Machine Learning: From Theory to Algorithms", Cambridge University Press, 2015
7. Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2007.
8. Hal Daumé III, "A Course in Machine Learning", 2017 (freely available online)
9. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, "The Elements of Statistical Learning", Springer, 2009 (freely available online)
10. Aurélien Géron , Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems 2nd Edition, o'reilly, (2017)

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	2	1	3	1	1
2	2	3	1	2	1	2
3	1	1	2	1	-	2
4	2	2	-	-	-	3
5	3	3	1	1	1	3
Avg	1.80	2.20	1.25	1.75	1.00	2.20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the rationale for software development process models
- To understand why the architectural design of software is important;
- To understand the five important dimensions of dependability, namely, availability, reliability, safety, security, and resilience.
- To understand the basic notions of a web service, web service standards, and service-oriented architecture;
- To understand the different stages of testing from testing during development of a software system

UNIT I SOFTWARE PROCESS & MODELING 9

Prescriptive Process Models – Agility and Process – Scrum – XP – Kanban – DevOps – Prototype Construction – Prototype Evaluation – Prototype Evolution – Modelling – Principles – Requirements Engineering – Scenario-based Modelling – Class-based Modelling – Functional Modelling – Behavioural Modelling.

UNIT II SOFTWARE DESIGN 9

Design Concepts – Design Model – Software Architecture – Architectural Styles – Architectural Design – Component-Level Design – User Experience Design – Design for Mobility – Pattern-Based Design.

UNIT III SYSTEM DEPENDABILITY AND SECURITY 9

Dependable Systems – Dependability Properties – Sociotechnical Systems – Redundancy and Diversity – Dependable Processes – Formal Methods and Dependability – Reliability Engineering – Availability and Reliability – Reliability Requirements – Fault-tolerant Architectures – Programming for Reliability – Reliability Measurement – Safety Engineering – Safety-critical Systems – Safety Requirements – Safety Engineering Processes – Safety Cases – Security Engineering – Security and Dependability – Safety and Organizations – Security Requirements – Secure System Design – Security Testing and Assurance – Resilience Engineering – Cybersecurity – Sociotechnical Resilience – Resilient Systems Design.

UNIT IV SERVICE-ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING, SYSTEMS ENGINEERING AND REAL-TIME SOFTWARE ENGINEERING 9

Service-oriented Architecture – RESTful Services – Service Engineering – Service Composition – Systems Engineering – Sociotechnical Systems – Conceptual Design – System Procurement – System Development – System Operation and Evolution – Real-time Software Engineering – Embedded System Design – Architectural Patterns for Real-time Software – Timing Analysis – Real-time Operating Systems.

UNIT V SOFTWARE TESTING AND SOFTWARE CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT 9

Software Testing Strategy – Unit Testing – Integration Testing – Validation Testing – System Testing – Debugging – White-Box Testing – Basis Path Testing – Control Structure Testing – Black-Box Testing – Software Configuration Management (SCM) – SCM Repository – SCM Process – Configuration Management for Web and Mobile Apps.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

1. Comparatively analysing different Agile methodologies.

2. Describing the scenarios where 'Scrum' and 'Kanban' are used.
3. Mapping the data flow into suitable software architecture.
4. Developing behavioural representations for a class or component.
5. Implementing simple applications as RESTful service.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The Students will be able to

CO1:Identify appropriate process models based on the Project requirements

CO2:Understand the importance of having a good Software Architecture.

CO3:Understand the five important dimensions of dependability, namely, availability, reliability, safety, security, and resilience.

CO4:Understand the basic notions of a web service, web service standards, and service-oriented architecture;

CO5:Be familiar with various levels of Software testing

REFERENCES:

1. Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach, 9th Edition. Roger Pressman and Bruce Maxim, McGraw-Hill 2019.
2. Software Engineering, 10th Edition, Ian Somerville, Pearson Education Asia 2016.
3. Software Architecture In Practice, 3rd Edition, Len Bass, Paul Clements and Rick Kazman, Pearson India 2018
4. An integrated approach to Software Engineering, 3rd Edition, Pankaj Jalote, Narosa Publishing House, 2018
5. Fundamentals of Software Engineering, 5th Edition, Rajib Mall, PHI Learning Private Ltd, 2018

CP4211

TERM PAPER WRITING AND SEMINAR

**L T P C
0 0 2 1**

In this course, students will develop their scientific and technical reading and writing skills that they need to understand and construct research articles. A term paper requires a student to obtain information from a variety of sources (i.e., Journals, dictionaries, reference books) and then place it in logically developed ideas. The work involves the following steps:

1. Selecting a subject, narrowing the subject into a topic
2. Stating an objective.
3. Collecting the relevant bibliography (atleast 15 journal papers)
4. Preparing a working outline.
5. Studying the papers and understanding the authors contributions and critically analysing each paper.
6. Preparing a working outline
7. Linking the papers and preparing a draft of the paper.
8. Preparing conclusions based on the reading of all the papers.
9. Writing the Final Paper and giving final Presentation

Please keep a file where the work carried out by you is maintained.

Activities to be carried out

Activity	Instructions	Submission week	Evaluation
Selection of area of interest and Topic Stating an Objective	You are requested to select an area of interest, topic and state an objective	2 nd week	3 % Based on clarity of thought, current relevance and clarity in writing
Collecting Information about your area & topic	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. List 1 Special Interest Groups or professional society 2. List 2 journals 3. List 2 conferences, symposia or workshops 4. List 1 thesis title 5. List 3 web presences (mailing lists, forums, news sites) 6. List 3 authors who publish regularly in your area 7. Attach a call for papers (CFP) from your area. 	3 rd week	3% (the selected information must be area specific and of international and national standard)
Collection of Journal papers in the topic in the context of the objective – collect 20 & then filter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You have to provide a complete list of references you will be using- Based on your objective -Search various digital libraries and Google Scholar • When picking papers to read - try to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pick papers that are related to each other in some ways and/or that are in the same field so that you can write a meaningful survey out of them, • Favour papers from well-known journals and conferences, • Favour “first” or “foundational” papers in the field (as indicated in other people’s survey paper), • Favour more recent papers, • Pick a recent survey of the field so you can quickly gain an overview, • Find relationships with respect to each other and to your topic area (classification scheme/categorization) • Mark in the hard copy of papers whether complete work or section/sections of the paper are being considered 	4 th week	6% (the list of standard papers and reason for selection)
Reading and notes for first 5 papers	<p>Reading Paper Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For each paper form a Table answering the following questions: • What is the main topic of the 	5 th week	8% (the table given should indicate your understanding of the

	<p>article?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What was/were the main issue(s) the author said they want to discuss? • Why did the author claim it was important? • How does the work build on other's work, in the author's opinion? • What simplifying assumptions does the author claim to be making? • What did the author do? • How did the author claim they were going to evaluate their work and compare it to others? • What did the author say were the limitations of their research? • What did the author say were the important directions for future research? <p>Conclude with limitations/issues not addressed by the paper (from the perspective of your survey)</p>		<p>paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)</p>
Reading and notes for next 5 papers	Repeat Reading Paper Process	6 th week	8% (the table given should indicate your understanding of the paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)
Reading and notes for final 5 papers	Repeat Reading Paper Process	7 th week	8% (the table given should indicate your understanding of the paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)
Draft outline 1 and Linking papers	Prepare a draft Outline, your survey goals, along with a classification / categorization diagram	8 th week	8% (this component will be evaluated based on the linking and classification among the papers)
Abstract	Prepare a draft abstract and give a presentation	9 th week	6% (Clarity, purpose and conclusion) 6% Presentation & Viva Voce
Introduction Background	Write an introduction and background sections	10 th week	5% (clarity)

Sections of the paper	Write the sections of your paper based on the classification / categorization diagram in keeping with the goals of your survey	11 th week	10% (this component will be evaluated based on the linking and classification among the papers)
Your conclusions	Write your conclusions and future work	12 th week	5% (conclusions – clarity and your ideas)
Final Draft	Complete the final draft of your paper	13 th week	10% (formatting, English, Clarity and linking) 4% Plagiarism Check Report
Seminar	A brief 15 slides on your paper	14 th & 15 th week	10% (based on presentation and Viva-voce)

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

CP4212

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LABORATORY

L T P C

0 0 2 1

LAB OBJECTIVE:

The Software Engineering Lab has been developed by keeping in mind the following objectives:

- To impart state-of-the-art knowledge on Software Engineering and UML in an interactive manner through the Web.
- Present case studies to demonstrate practical applications of different concepts.
- Provide a scope to students where they can solve small, real-life problems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Write a Problem Statement to define a title of the project with bounded scope of project
2. Select relevant process model to define activities and related task set for assigned project
3. Prepare broad SRS (Software Requirement Specification) for the above selected projects
4. Prepare USE Cases and Draw Use Case Diagram using modelling Tool
5. Develop the activity diagram to represent flow from one activity to another for software development
6. Develop data Designs using DFD Decision Table & ER Diagram.
7. Draw class diagram, sequence diagram, Collaboration Diagram, State Transition Diagram for the assigned project
8. Write Test Cases to Validate requirements of assigned project from SRS Document
9. Evaluate Size of the project using function point metric for the assigned project
10. Estimate cost of the project using COCOMO and COCOMOII for the assigned project
11. Use CPM/PERT for scheduling the assigned project
12. Use timeline Charts or Gantt Charts to track progress of the assigned project

TOTAL:30 PERIODS

LAB OUTCOME:

CO1: Can produce the requirements and use cases the client wants for the software being Produced.

CO2: Participate in drawing up the project plan. The plan will include at least extent and work assessments of the project, the schedule, available resources, and risk management can model and specify the requirements of mid-range software and their architecture.

CO3: create and specify such a software design based on the requirement specification that the software can be implemented based on the design.

CO4: Can assess the extent and costs of a project with the help of several different assessment methods.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	3	3	3	3	3
2	2	3	3	3	2	2
3	3	1	2	2	1	2
4	2	3	1	2	-	-
Avg	2.5	2.5	2.25	2.5	2	2.34

CP4391

SECURITY PRACTICES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the core fundamentals of system and web security concepts
- To have through understanding in the security concepts related to networks
- To deploy the security essentials in IT Sector
- To be exposed to the concepts of Cyber Security and cloud security
- To perform a detailed study of Privacy and Storage security and related Issues

UNIT I SYSTEM SECURITY

9

Model of network security – Security attacks, services and mechanisms – OSI security architecture - A Cryptography primer- Intrusion detection system- Intrusion Prevention system - Security web applications- Case study: OWASP - Top 10 Web Application Security Risks.

UNIT II NETWORK SECURITY

9

Internet Security - Intranet security- Local Area Network Security - Wireless Network Security - Wireless Sensor Network Security- Cellular Network Security - Mobile security - IOT security - Case Study - Kali Linux.

UNIT III SECURITY MANAGEMENT

9

Information security essentials for IT Managers- Security Management System - Policy Driven System Management- IT Security - Online Identity and User Management System. Case study: Metasploit

UNIT IV CYBER SECURITY AND CLOUD SECURITY

9

Cyber Forensics- Disk Forensics – Network Forensics – Wireless Forensics – Database Forensics – Malware Forensics – Mobile Forensics – Email Forensics- Best security practices for automate

Cloud infrastructure management – Establishing trust in IaaS, PaaS, and SaaS Cloud types. Case study: DVWA

UNIT V PRIVACY AND STORAGE SECURITY 9

Privacy on the Internet - Privacy Enhancing Technologies - Personal privacy Policies - Detection of Conflicts in security policies- privacy and security in environment monitoring systems. Storage Area Network Security - Storage Area Network Security Devices - Risk management - Physical Security Essentials.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** Understand the core fundamentals of system security
- CO2:** Apply the security concepts to wired and wireless networks
- CO3:** Implement and Manage the security essentials in IT Sector
- CO4:** Explain the concepts of Cyber Security and Cyber forensics
- CO5:** Be aware of Privacy and Storage security Issues.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. John R. Vacca, Computer and Information Security Handbook, Third Edition, Elsevier 2017
2. Michael E. Whitman, Herbert J. Mattord, Principles of Information Security, Seventh Edition, Cengage Learning, 2022
3. Richard E. Smith, Elementary Information Security, Third Edition, Jones and Bartlett Learning, 2019
4. Mayor, K.K.Mookhey, Jacopo Cervini, Fairuzan Roslan, Kevin Beaver, Metasploit Toolkit for Penetration Testing, Exploit Development and Vulnerability Research, Syngress publications, Elsevier, 2007. ISBN : 978-1-59749-074-0
5. John Sammons, "The Basics of Digital Forensics- The Primer for Getting Started in Digital Forensics", Syngress, 2012
6. Cory Altheide and Harlan Carvey, "Digital Forensics with Open Source Tools",2011 Syngress, ISBN: 9781597495875.
7. Siani Pearson, George Yee "Privacy and Security for Cloud Computing" Computer Communications and Networks, Springer, 2013.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	2	1	1	2	1
2	2	1	3	1	1	2
3	-	-	2	3	3	3
4	2	2	1	2	1	3
5	1	-	1	1	2	3
Avg	1.50	1.67	1.60	1.60	1.80	2.40

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the foundations of Human Computer Interaction
- Understanding Interaction Styles and to become familiar with the design technologies for individuals and persons with disabilities.
- To understand the process of Evaluation of Interaction Design.
- To clarify the significance of task analysis for ubiquitous computing
- To get insight on web and mobile interaction.

UNIT I FOUNDATIONS OF HCI 9

Context of Interaction –Ergonomics - Designing Interactive systems – Understanding Users- cognition and cognitive frameworks, User Centred approaches Usability, Universal Usability, Understanding and conceptualizing interaction, Guidelines, Principles and Theories. Importance of User Interface: Definition-Importance of good design-Benefits of good design-Human-centered development and Evaluation-Human Performance models-A Brief history of screen design.

UNIT II INTERACTION STYLES 9

GUI: Popularity of graphics - The concept of direct manipulation - Graphical system - Characteristics - Web user - Interface Popularity - Characteristics and Principles of User Interface. Understanding interaction styles, Direct Navigation and Immersive environments, Fluid navigation, Expressive Human and Command Languages, Communication and Collaboration Advancing the user experience, Timely user Experience, Information search, Data Visualization Design process: Human Interaction with computers - Importance of Human Characteristics - Human Consideration - Human Interaction Speeds and Understanding Business Junctions.

UNIT III EVALUATION OF INTERACTION 9

Evaluation Techniques- assessing user experience- usability testing – Heuristic evaluation and walkthroughs, analytics predictive models. Cognitive models, Socio-organizational issues and stakeholder requirements, Communication and collaboration models

UNIT IV MODELS AND THEORIES 9

Task analysis, dialog notations and design, Models of the system, Modeling rich interaction, Ubiquitous computing

UNIT V WEB AND MOBILE INTERACTION 9

Hypertext, Multimedia and WWW, Designing for the web Direct Selection, Contextual Tools, Overlays, Inlays and Virtual Pages, Process Flow. Use Transitions-Lookup patterns-Feedback patterns Mobile apps, Mobile navigation, content and control idioms, Multi-touch gestures, Inter-app integration, Mobile web

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the basics of human computer interactions via usability engineering and cognitive modeling.

CO2: Understand the basic design paradigms, complex interaction styles.

CO3: Understand the models and theories for user interaction

CO4: Examine the evaluation of interaction designs and implementations.

CO5: Elaborate the above issues for web and mobile applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Ben Shneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, Maxine Cohen, Steven Jacobs, NiklasElmqvist, “Designing the User Interface: Strategies for Effective Human-Computer Interaction”, Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.
2. Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, G D Abowd and Russel Beale, "Human Computer Interaction", Pearson Education, Third Edition, 2004.
3. Helen Sharp Jennifer Preece Yvonne Rogers, “Interaction Design: Beyond Human-Computer Interaction”, Wiley, 5th Edition, 2019.
4. Alan Cooper,RobertReimann, David Cronin, Christopher Noessel,“About Face: The Essentials of Interaction Design”, 4th Edition, Wiley, 2014.
5. Donald A. Norman, “Design of Everyday Things”, MIT Press, 2013.
6. Wilbert O Galitz, "The Essential Guide to User Interface Design", Third Edition, Wiley India Pvt., Ltd., 2007.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	3	3	3	3	3
2	1	-	1	2	2	1
3	2	3	2	2	-	1
4	2	3	1	2	-	2
5	2	2	3	3	3	3
Avg	2	2.75	2	2.4	2.67	2

MP4251

CLOUD COMPUTING TECHNOLOGIES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To gain expertise in Virtualization, Virtual Machines and deploy practical virtualization solution
- To understand the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
- To explore the roster of AWS services and illustrate the way to make applications in AWS
- To gain knowledge in the working of Windows Azure and Storage services offered by Windows Azure
- To develop the cloud application using various programming model of Hadoop and Aneka

UNIT I VIRTUALIZATION AND VIRTUALIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE 6

Basics of Virtual Machines - Process Virtual Machines – System Virtual Machines –Emulation – Interpretation – Binary Translation - Taxonomy of Virtual Machines. Virtualization –Management Virtualization — Hardware Maximization – Architectures – Virtualization Management – Storage Virtualization – Network Virtualization- Implementation levels of virtualization – virtualization structure – virtualization of CPU, Memory and I/O devices – virtual clusters and Resource

UNIT II CLOUD PLATFORM ARCHITECTURE 12

Cloud Computing: Definition, Characteristics - Cloud deployment models: public, private, hybrid, community – Categories of cloud computing: Everything as a service: Infrastructure, platform, software- A Generic Cloud Architecture Design – Layered cloud Architectural Development – Architectural Design Challenges

UNIT III AWS CLOUD PLATFORM - IAAS 9

Amazon Web Services: AWS Infrastructure- AWS API- AWS Management Console - Setting up AWS Storage - Stretching out with Elastic Compute Cloud - Elastic Container Service for Kubernetes- AWS Developer Tools: AWS Code Commit, AWS Code Build, AWS Code Deploy, AWS Code Pipeline, AWS code Star - AWS Management Tools: Cloud Watch, AWS Auto Scaling, AWS control Tower, Cloud Formation, Cloud Trail, AWS License Manager

UNIT IV PAAS CLOUD PLATFORM 9

Windows Azure: Origin of Windows Azure, Features, The Fabric Controller – First Cloud APP in Windows Azure- Service Model and Managing Services: Definition and Configuration, Service runtime API- Windows Azure Developer Portal- Service Management API- Windows Azure Storage Characteristics-Storage Services- REST API- Blops

UNIT V PROGRAMMING MODEL 9

Introduction to Hadoop Framework - Mapreduce, Input splitting, map and reduce functions, specifying input and output parameters, configuring and running a job –Developing Map Reduce Applications - Design of Hadoop file system –Setting up Hadoop Cluster- Aneka: Cloud Application Platform, Thread Programming, Task Programming and Map-Reduce Programming in Aneka

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Employ the concepts of virtualization in the cloud computing

CO2: Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing

CO3: Develop the Cloud Application in AWS platform

CO4: Apply the concepts of Windows Azure to design Cloud Application

CO5: Develop services using various Cloud computing programming models.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Bernard Golden, Amazon Web Service for Dummies, John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
2. Raoul Alongi, AWS: The Most Complete Guide to Amazon Web Service from Beginner to Advanced Level, Amazon Asia- Pacific Holdings Private Limited, 2019.
3. Sriram Krishnan, Programming: Windows Azure, O'Reilly,2010.
4. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vacchiola, S.Thamarai Selvi, Mastering Cloud Computing , MCGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2013.
5. Danielle Ruest, Nelson Ruest, —Virtualization: A Beginner"s Guidell, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media, 2009.
6. Jim Smith, Ravi Nair , "Virtual Machines: Versatile Platforms for Systems and Processes", Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann, 2005.
7. John W.Rittinghouse and James F.Ransome, "Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management, and Security", CRC Press, 2010
8. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing, A Practical Approach", McGraw-Hill Osborne Media, 2009.

9. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", Yahoo Press, 2012.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	-	-	-	2	2	1
2	2	3	1	-	-	1
3	3	-	3	-	1	3
4	-	-	-	2	-	3
5	3	2	-	-	-	-
Avg	2.6	2.5	2	2	1.5	2

BD4151

FOUNDATIONS OF DATA SCIENCE

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To apply fundamental algorithms to process data.
- Learn to apply hypotheses and data into actionable predictions.
- Document and transfer the results and effectively communicate the findings using visualization techniques.
- To learn statistical methods and machine learning algorithms required for Data Science.
- To develop the fundamental knowledge and understand concepts to become a data science professional.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE 9

Data science process – roles, stages in data science project – working with data from files – working with relational databases – exploring data – managing data – cleaning and sampling for modeling and validation – introduction to NoSQL.

UNIT II MODELING METHODS 9

Choosing and evaluating models – mapping problems to machine learning, evaluating clustering models, validating models – cluster analysis – K-means algorithm, Naïve Bayes – Memorization Methods – Linear and logistic regression – unsupervised methods.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO R 9

Reading and getting data into R – ordered and unordered factors – arrays and matrices – lists and data frames – reading data from files – probability distributions – statistical models in R - manipulating objects – data distribution.

UNIT IV MAP REDUCE 9

Introduction – distributed file system – algorithms using map reduce, Matrix-Vector Multiplication by Map Reduce – Hadoop - Understanding the Map Reduce architecture - Writing Hadoop MapReduce Programs - Loading data into HDFS - Executing the Map phase - Shuffling and sorting - Reducing phase execution.

UNIT V DATA VISUALIZATION**9**

Documentation and deployment – producing effective presentations – Introduction to graphical analysis – plot() function – displaying multivariate data – matrix plots – multiple plots in one window - exporting graph using graphics parameters - Case studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO1: Obtain, clean/process and transform data.

CO2: Analyze and interpret data using an ethically responsible approach.

CO3: Use appropriate models of analysis, assess the quality of input, derive insight from results, and investigate potential issues.

CO4: Apply computing theory, languages and algorithms, as well as mathematical and statistical models, and the principles of optimization to appropriately formulate and use data analyses.

CO5: Formulate and use appropriate models of data analysis to solve business-related challenges.

REFERENCES:

1. Nina Zumel, John Mount, "Practical Data Science with R", Manning Publications, 2014.
2. Mark Gardener, "Beginning R - The Statistical Programming Language", John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2012.
3. W. N. Venables, D. M. Smith and the R Core Team, "An Introduction to R", 2013.
4. Tony Ojeda, Sean Patrick Murphy, Benjamin Bengfort, Abhijit Dasgupta, "Practical Data Science Cookbook", Packt Publishing Ltd., 2014.
5. Nathan Yau, "Visualize This: The FlowingData Guide to Design, Visualization, and Statistics", Wiley, 2011.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	2	3	-	2	2
2	-	-	2	3	-	-
3	1	-	-	-	3	3
4	2	1	-	3	-	-
5	1	-	3	3	-	-
Avg	1.75	1.5	2.7	3	2.5	2.5

MP4152**WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS****L T P C****3 0 0 3****COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the basic concepts in cellular communication.
- To learn the characteristics of wireless channels.
- To understand the impact of digital modulation techniques in fading.
- To get exposed to diversity techniques in wireless communication.

- To acquire knowledge in multicarrier systems.

UNIT I CELLULAR CONCEPTS 9

Frequency Reuse – Channel Assignment Strategies – Handoff Strategies – Interference and system capacity- Co-Channel Interference- Adjacent Channel Interference – Trunking and Grade of service – Improving coverage & capacity in cellular systems-Cell Splitting- Sectoring- Repeaters for Range Extension-Microcell Zone Concept.

UNIT II THE WIRELESS CHANNEL 9

Overview of wireless systems – Physical modeling for wireless channels – Time and Frequency coherence – Statistical channel models – Capacity of wireless Channel- Capacity of Flat Fading Channel – Channel Side Information at Receiver – Channel Side Information at Transmitter and Receiver –Capacity comparisons – Capacity of Frequency Selective Fading channels.

UNIT III PERFORMANCE OF DIGITAL MODULATION OVER WIRELESS CHANNELS 9

Performance of flat fading and frequency selective fading – Impact on digital modulation techniques – Outage Probability– Average Probability of Error — Combined Outage and Average Error Probability – Doppler Spread – Inter symbol Interference.

UNIT IV DIVERSITY TECHNIQUES 9

Realization of Independent Fading Paths – Receiver Diversity – Selection Combining – Threshold Combining – Maximal-Ratio Combining – Equal - Gain Combining – Capacity with Receiver diversity – Transmitter Diversity – Channel known at Transmitter – Channel unknown at Transmitter – The Alamouti Scheme– Transmit & Receive Diversity-MIMO Systems.

UNIT V MULTICARRIER MODULATION 9

Data Transmission using Multiple Carriers – Multicarrier Modulation with Overlapping Sub channels – Mitigation of Subcarrier Fading – Discrete Implementation of Multicarrier Modulation – Peak to average Power Ratio- Frequency and Timing offset.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- 1: Survey on various features of cellular networks
- 2: Study the nature of cellular networks
- 3: A comparative study on the performance of different digital modulation techniques
- 4: Perform a review of various diversity techniques in wireless communication
- 5: Presentation on design of multicarrier systems for 5G

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** Design solutions for cellular communication
- CO2:** Determine the capacity of wireless channels
- CO3:** Analyze the performance of the digital modulation techniques in fading channels
- CO4:** Apply various diversity techniques in wireless communication
- CO5:** Design multicarrier systems in wireless communication

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Theodore.S. Rappaport, "Wireless Communications: Principles and Practice", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2010.
2. Andrea Goldsmith, "Wireless Communications", Cambridge University Press, 2005.

3. David Tse and Pramod Viswanath, "Fundamentals of Wireless Communication", Wiley Series in Telecommunications, Cambridge University Press, 2005.
4. Saad Z. Asif, "5G Mobile Communications Concepts and Technologies" CRC press – 2019.
5. Keith Q. T. Zhang, "Wireless Communications: Principles, Theory and Methodology" 1st edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2016.
6. Ramjee Prasad, "OFDM for Wireless Communication Systems", Artech House, 2004.
6. Boris Lublinsky, Kevin T. Smith, Alexey Yakubovich, "Professional Hadoop Solutions", John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2013.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	-	-	2	2	3	2
2	3	2	3	-	-	-
3	2	-	-	2	3	3
4	3	3	-	2	3	3
5	2	3	3	2	3	3
Avg	2.5	2.7	2.7	2	3	2.75

SE4071

AGILE METHODOLOGIES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the fundamental principles and practices associated with each of the agile development methods
- To apply the principles and practices of agile software development on a project of interest and relevance to the student.
- To provide a good understanding of software design and a set of software technologies and APIs.
- To do a detailed examination and demonstration of Agile development and testing techniques.
- To understand Agile development and testing.

UNIT I AGILE SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

9

Basics and Fundamentals of Agile Process Methods, Values of Agile, Principles of Agile, stakeholders, Challenges . Lean Approach: Waste Management, Kaizen and Kanban, add process and products add value. Roles related to the lifecycle, differences between Agile and traditional plans, differences between Agile plans at different lifecycle phases. Testing plan links between testing, roles and key techniques, principles, understand as a means of assessing the initial status of a project/ How Agile helps to build quality

UNIT II AGILE AND SCRUM PRINCIPLES 9

Agile Manifesto, Twelve Practices of XP, Scrum Practices, Applying Scrum. Need of scrum, working of scrum, advanced Scrum Applications, Scrum and the Organization, scrum values

UNIT III AGILE PRODUCT MANAGEMENT 9

Communication, Planning, Estimation Managing the Agile approach Monitoring progress, Targeting and motivating the team, Managing business involvement, Escalating issue. Quality, Risk, Metrics and Measurements, Managing the Agile approach Monitoring progress, Targeting and motivating the team, Managing business involvement and Escalating issue

UNIT IV AGILE REQUIREMENTS AND AGILE TESTING 9

User Stories, Backlog Management. Agile Architecture: Feature Driven Development. Agile Risk Management: Risk and Quality Assurance, Agile Tools. Agile Testing Techniques, Test-Driven Development, User Acceptance Test

UNIT V AGILE REVIEW AND SCALING AGILE FOR LARGE PROJECTS 9

Agile Metrics and Measurements, The Agile approach to estimating and project variables, Agile Measurement, Agile Control: the 7 control parameters. Agile approach to Risk, The Agile approach to Configuration Management, The Atern Principles, Atern Philosophy, The rationale for using Atern, Refactoring, Continuous integration, Automated Build Tools. Scrum of Scrums, Team collaborations, Scrum, Estimate a Scrum Project, Track Scrum Projects, Communication in Scrum Projects, Best Practices to Manage Scrum.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Analyze existing problems with the team, development process and wider organization

CO2: Apply a thorough understanding of Agile principles and specific practices

CO3: Select the most appropriate way to improve results for a specific circumstance or need

CO4: Judge and craft appropriate adaptations to existing practices or processes depending upon analysis of typical problems

CO5: Evaluate likely successes and formulate plans to manage likely risks or problems

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Robert C. Martin ,Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns, and Practices Alan Apt Series (2011)
2. Succeeding with Agile : Software Development Using Scrum, Pearson (2010)
3. David J. Anderson and Eli Schragenheim, "Agile Management for Software Engineering: Applying the Theory of Constraints for Business Results, Prentice Hall, 2003.
4. Hazza and Dubinsky, "Agile Software Engineering, Series: Undergraduate Topics in Computer Science, Springer, 2009.
5. Craig Larman, "Agile and Iterative Development: A Managers Guide, Addison-Wesley, 2004.
6. Kevin C. Desouza, "Agile Information Systems: Conceptualization, Construction, and Management, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	1	3	-	2	3
2	2	-	3	3	1	3
3	3	-	-	-	3	3
4	2	-	1	2	3	3
5	1	3	-	-	2	3
Avg	2.2	2	2.3	2.5	2.2	3

CP4095

PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the mathematical foundations needed for performance evaluation of computer systems
- To understand the metrics used for performance evaluation
- To understand the analytical modeling of computer systems
- To enable the students to develop new queuing analysis for both simple and complex systems
- To appreciate the use of smart scheduling and introduce the students to analytical techniques for evaluating scheduling policies

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

9

Need for Performance Evaluation in Computer Systems – Overview of Performance Evaluation Methods – Introduction to Queuing – Probability Review – Generating Random Variables for Simulation – Sample Paths, Convergence and Averages – Little’s Law and other Operational Laws – Modification for Closed Systems.

UNIT II MARKOV CHAINS AND SIMPLE QUEUES

9

Discrete-Time Markov Chains – Ergodicity Theory – Real World Examples – Google, Aloha – Transition to Continuous-Time Markov Chain – M/M/1.

UNIT III MULTI-SERVER AND MULTI-QUEUE SYSTEMS

9

Server Farms: M/M/k and M/M/k/k – Capacity Provisioning for Server Farms – Time Reversibility and Burke’s Theorem – Networks of Queues and Jackson Product Form – Classed and Closed Networks of Queues.

UNIT IV REAL-WORLD WORKLOADS

9

Case Study of Real-world Workloads – Phase-Type Distributions and Matrix-Analytic Methods – Networks with Time-Sharing Servers – M/G/1 Queue and the Inspection Paradox – Task Assignment Policies for Server Farms.

UNIT V SMART SCHEDULING IN THE M/G/1**9**

Performance Metrics – Scheduling Non-Preemptive and Preemptive Non-Size-Based Policies - . Scheduling Non-Preemptive and Preemptive Size-Based Policies – Scheduling - SRPT and Fairness.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

CO1: Identify the need for performance evaluation and the metrics used for it

CO2: Distinguish between open and closed queuing networks

CO3: Apply Little'e law and other operational laws to open and closed systems

CO4: Use discrete-time and continuous-time Markov chains to model real world systems

CO5: Develop analytical techniques for evaluating scheduling policies

REFERENCES:

1. K. S. Trivedi, "Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queueing and Computer Science Applications", John Wiley and Sons, 2001.
2. Krishna Kant, "Introduction to Computer System Performance Evaluation", McGraw-Hill, 1992.
3. Lieven Eeckhout, "Computer Architecture Performance Evaluation Methods", Morgan and Claypool Publishers, 2010.
4. Mor Harchol - Balter, "Performance Modeling and Design of Computer Systems – Queueing Theory in Action", Cambridge University Press, 2013.
5. Paul J. Fortier and Howard E. Michel, "Computer Systems Performance Evaluation and Prediction", Elsevier, 2003.
6. Raj Jain, "The Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis: Techniques for Experimental Design, Measurement, Simulation and Modeling", Wiley-Interscience, 1991.
7. Raj Jain, "Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis: Techniques For Experimental Design Measurements Simulation and Modeling", 2nd edition, wiley, 2015

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	3	2	2	1
3	2	2	2		2	
4	1		3		3	1
5	2	2	2	1	2	
Avg	1.60	1.75	2.20	1.33	2.00	1.00

CP4001**ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEM**

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To get a comprehensive knowledge of the architecture of distributed systems.

- To understand the deadlock and shared memory issues and their solutions in distributed environments.
- To know the security issues and protection mechanisms for distributed environments.
- To get a knowledge of multiprocessor operating systems and database operating systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Architectures of Distributed Systems - System Architecture types - issues in distributed operating systems - communication networks – communication primitives. Theoretical Foundations - inherent limitations of a distributed system – lamport's logical clocks – vector clocks – causal ordering of messages – global state – cuts of a distributed computation – termination detection. Distributed Mutual Exclusion – introduction – the classification of mutual exclusion and associated algorithms – a comparative performance analysis.

UNIT II DISTRIBUTED DEADLOCK DETECTION AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT 9

Distributed Deadlock Detection -Introduction - deadlock handling strategies in distributed systems – issues in deadlock detection and resolution – control organizations for distributed deadlock detection – centralized and distributed deadlock detection algorithms –hierarchical deadlock detection algorithms. Agreement protocols – introduction-the system model, a classification of agreement problems, solutions to the Byzantine agreement problem, applications of agreement algorithms. Distributed resource management: introduction-architecture – mechanism for building distributed file systems – design issues – log structured file systems.

UNIT III DISTRIBUTED SHARED MEMORY AND SCHEDULING 9

Distributed shared memory-Architecture– algorithms for implementing DSM – memory coherence and protocols – design issues. Distributed Scheduling – introduction – issues in load distributing – components of a load distributing algorithm – stability – load distributing algorithms – performance comparison – selecting a suitable load sharing algorithm – requirements for load distributing -task migration and associated issues. Failure Recovery and Fault tolerance: introduction– basic concepts – classification of failures – backward and forward error recovery, backward error recovery- recovery in concurrent systems – consistent set of checkpoints – synchronous and asynchronous checkpointing and recovery – checkpointing for distributed database systems- recovery in replicated distributed databases.

UNIT IV DATA SECURITY 9

Protection and security -preliminaries, the access matrix model and its implementations.-safety in matrix model- advanced models of protection. Data security – cryptography: Model of cryptography, conventional cryptography- modern cryptography, private key cryptography, data encryption standard- public key cryptography – multiple encryption – authentication in distributed systems.

UNIT-V MULTIPROCESSOR AND DATABASE OPERATING SYSTEM 9

Multiprocessor operating systems - basic multiprocessor system architectures – interconnection networks for multiprocessor systems – caching – hypercube architecture. Multiprocessor Operating System - structures of multiprocessor operating system, operating system design issues- threads-process synchronization and scheduling. Database Operating systems :Introduction- requirements of a database operating system Concurrency control : theoretical aspects – introduction, database systems – a concurrency control model of database systems- the problem of concurrency control – serializability theory- distributed database systems, concurrency control algorithms – introduction, basic synchronization primitives, lock based algorithms-timestamp based algorithms,

optimistic algorithms – concurrency control algorithms: data replication.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of this course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand and explore the working of Theoretical Foundations of OS.

CO2: Analyze the working principles of Distributed Deadlock Detection and resource management

CO3: Understand the concepts of distributed shared memory and scheduling mechanisms

CO4: Understand and analyze the working of Data security

CO5: Apply the learning into multiprocessor system architectures.

REFERENCES:

1. Mukesh Singhal, Niranjana G. Shivaratri, "Advanced concepts in operating systems: Distributed, Database and multiprocessor operating systems", TMH, 2001
2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Modern operating system", PHI, 2003
3. Pradeep K. Sinha, "Distributed operating system-Concepts and design", PHI, 2003.
4. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Distributed operating system", Pearson education, 2003.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	3	2	2	1	3
2	2	2	3	2	1	-
3	1	1	-	3	2	1
4	1	1	2	1	2	2
5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avg	1.25	1.75	2.33	2.00	1.50	2.00

MU4251

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study fundamental concepts of digital image processing.
- To understand and learn image processing operations and restoration.
- To use the concepts of Feature Extraction
- To study the concepts of Image Compression.
- To expose students to current trends in the field of image segmentation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Examples of fields that use digital image processing, fundamental steps in digital image processing, components of image processing system. Digital Image Fundamentals: A simple image formation model, image sampling and quantization, basic relationships between pixels.

Image enhancement in the spatial domain: Basic gray-level transformation, histogram processing, enhancement using arithmetic and logic operators, basic spatial filtering, smoothing, and sharpening spatial filters, combining the spatial enhancement methods.

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion of Mathematical Transforms.
- Numerical problem solving using Fourier Transform.
- Numerical problem solving in Image Enhancement.
- External learning – Image Noise and its types.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Image transforms.
- Assignments on histogram specification, histogram equalization and spatial filters.
- Quizzes on noise modeling.

UNIT II IMAGE RESTORATION

9

A model of the image degradation/restoration process, noise models, restoration in the presence of noise—only spatial filtering, Wiener filtering, constrained least squares filtering, geometric transforms; Introduction to the Fourier transform and the frequency domain, estimating the degradation function. Color Image Processing: Color fundamentals, color models, pseudo color image processing, basics of full-color image processing, color transforms, smoothing and sharpening, color segmentation

Suggested Activities:

- Discussion on Image Artifacts and Blur.
- Discussion of Role of Wavelet Transforms in Filter and Analysis.
- Numerical problem solving in Wavelet Transforms.
- External learning – Image restoration algorithms.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Wavelet transforms.
- Assignment problems on order statistics and multi-resolution expansions.
- Quizzes on wavelet transforms.

UNIT III FEATURE EXTRACTION

9

Detection of discontinuities – Edge linking and Boundary detection- Thresholding- -Edge based segmentation-Region based Segmentation- matching-Advanced optimal border and surface detection- Use of motion in segmentation. Image Morphology – Boundary descriptors- Regional descriptors.

Suggested Activities:

- External learning – Feature selection and reduction.
- External learning – Image salient features.
- Assignment on numerical problems in texture computation.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Assignment problems on feature extraction and reduction.
- Quizzes on feature selection and extraction.

UNIT IV IMAGE COMPRESSION

9

Fundamentals, image compression models, error-free compression, lossy predictive coding, image compression standards Morphological Image Processing: Preliminaries, dilation, erosion, open and closing, hit or miss transformation, basic morphological algorithms

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on different image coding techniques.
- Practical – Demonstration of EXIF format for given camera.
- Practical – Implementing effects quantization, color change.
- Case study of Google's WebP image format.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Evaluation of the practical implementations.
- Assignment on image file formats

UNIT V IMAGE SEGMENTATION

9

Detection of discontinuous, edge linking and boundary detection, thresholding, region-based segmentation. Object Recognition: Patterns and patterns classes, recognition based on decision-theoretic methods, matching, optimum statistical classifiers, neural networks, structural methods – matching shape numbers, string matching.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on importance of segmentation.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Image segmentation and edge detection.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Apply knowledge of Mathematics for image processing operations

CO2: Apply techniques for image restoration.

CO3: Identify and extract salient features of images.

CO4: Apply the appropriate tools (Contemporary) for image compression and analysis.

CO5: Apply segmentation techniques and do object recognition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Digital Image Processing, Rafeal C.Gonzalez, Richard E.Woods, Second Edition, Pearson Education/PHI., 2002
2. Digital Image Processing, Sridhar S, Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2016
3. Introduction to Digital Image Processing with Matlab, Alasdair McAndrew, Thomson Course Technology, .Brooks/Cole 2004
4. Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, "Image Processing, Analysis and Machine Vision", Second Edition, Thompson Learning, 2007.
5. Digital Image Processing using Matlab, Rafeal C.Gonzalez, Richard E.Woods, Steven L. Eddins, Pearson Education.Second Edition, 2017

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	2	2	-	3	-	-
2	2	-	3	3	2	3
3	3	3	-	2	-	-
4	3	-	-	2	3	3
5	2	2	2	2	2	3
Avg	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.3	3

BD4071

HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING FOR BIG DATA

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the fundamental concepts of High Performance Computing.
- To learn the network & software infrastructure for high performance computing.
- To understand real time analytics using high performance computing.
- To learn the different ways of security perspectives and technologies used in HPC.
- To understand the emerging big data applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

The Emerging IT Trends- IOT/IOE-Apache Hadoop for big data analytics-Big data into big insights and actions – Emergence of BDA discipline – strategic implications of big data – BDA Challenges – HPC paradigms – Cluster computing – Grid Computing – Cloud computing – Heterogeneous computing – Mainframes for HPC - Supercomputing for BDA – Appliances for BDA.

UNIT II NETWORK & SOFTWARE INFRASTRUCTURE FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE BDA

9

Design of Network Infrastructure for high performance BDA – Network Virtualization – Software Defined Networking – Network Functions Virtualization – WAN optimization for transfer of big data – started with SANs- storage infrastructure requirements for storing big data – FC SAN – IP SAN – NAS – GFS – Panasas – Luster file system – Introduction to cloud storage.

UNIT III REAL TIME ANALYTICS USING HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING

9

Technologies that support Real time analytics – MOA: Massive online analysis – GPFS: General parallel file system – Client case studies – Key distinctions – Machine data analytics – operational analytics – HPC Architecture models – In Database analytics – In memory analytics

UNIT IV SECURITY AND TECHNOLOGIES

9

Security, Privacy and Trust for user – generated content: The challenges and solutions – Role of real time big data processing in the IoT – End to End Security Framework for big sensing data streams – Clustering in big data.

UNIT V EMERGING BIG DATA APPLICATIONS**9**

Deep learning Accelerators – Accelerators for clustering applications in machine learning - Accelerators for classification algorithms in machine learning – Accelerators for Big data Genome Sequencing

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Understand the basics concepts of High Performance computing systems.

CO2: Apply the concepts of network and software infrastructure for high performance computing

CO3: Use real time analytics using high performance computing.

CO4: Apply the security models and big data applications in high performance computing

CO5: Understand the emerging big data applications.

REFERENCES:

1. Pethuru Raj, Anupama Raman, Dhivya Nagaraj and Siddhartha Duggirala, "High-Performance Big-Data Analytics: Computing Systems and Approaches", Springer, 1st Edition, 2015.
2. "Big Data Management and Processing", Kuan-Ching Li , Hai Jiang, Albert Y. Zomaya, CRC Press,1st Edition,2017.
3. "High Performance Computing for Big Data: Methodologies and Applications", Chao wang ,CRC Press,1st Edition,2018
4. "High-Performance Data Mining And Big Data Analytics" , Khosrow Hassibi, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform,!st Edition,2014
5. "High performance computing: Modern systems and practices", Thomas Sterling, Matthew Anderson, Morgan Kaufmann publishers,1st Edition,2017

WEB REFERENCES:

1. <https://www.hpcwire.com/>

ONLINE RESOURCES:

1. http://hpc.fs.uni-lj.si/sites/default/files/HPC_for_dummies.pdf
2. <https://www.nics.tennessee.edu/computing-resources/what-is-hpc>

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	2	2	3	1	-	-
2	-	-	2	3	2	3
3	1	-	1	-	1	3
4	3	1	-	-	3	-
5	1	-	-	2	3	-
Avg	1.75	1.5	2	2	2.25	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of information retrieval with pertinence to modeling, query operations and indexing
- To get an understanding of machine learning techniques for text classification and clustering.
- To understand the various applications of information retrieval giving emphasis to multimedia IR, web search
- To get an understanding of machine learning techniques for text classification and clustering.
- To understand the concepts of digital libraries

UNIT I INTRODUCTION: MOTIVATION**9**

Basic Concepts – Practical Issues - Retrieval Process – Architecture - Boolean Retrieval – Retrieval Evaluation – Open-Source IR Systems–History of Web Search – Web Characteristics–The impact of the web on IR —IR Versus Web Search–Components of a Search engine.

UNIT II MODELING**9**

Taxonomy and Characterization of IR Models – Boolean Model – Vector Model - Term Weighting – Scoring and Ranking –Language Models – Set Theoretic Models - Probabilistic Models – Algebraic Models – Structured Text Retrieval Models – Models for Browsing

UNIT III INDEXING**9**

Static and Dynamic Inverted Indices – Index Construction and Index Compression. Searching - Sequential Searching and Pattern Matching. Query Operations -Query Languages – Query Processing - Relevance Feedback and Query Expansion - Automatic Local and Global Analysis – Measuring Effectiveness and Efficiency

UNIT IV EVALUATION AND PARALLEL INFORMATION RETRIEVAL**9**

Traditional Effectiveness Measures – Statistics in Evaluation – Minimizing Adjudication Effect – Nontraditional Effectiveness Measures – Measuring Efficiency – Efficiency Criteria –Queueing Theory – Query Scheduling – Parallel Information Retrieval – Parallel Query Processing – MapReduce

UNIT V SEARCHING THE WEB**9**

Searching the Web –Structure of the Web –IR and web search – Static and Dynamic Ranking – Web Crawling and Indexing – Link Analysis - XML Retrieval Multimedia IR: Models and Languages – Indexing and Searching Parallel and Distributed IR – Digital Libraries.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Build an Information Retrieval system using the available tools.

CO2: Identify and design the various components of an Information Retrieval system.

CO3: Categorize the different types of IR Models.

CO4: Apply machine learning techniques to text classification and clustering which is used for efficient Information Retrieval.

CO5: Design an efficient search engine and analyze the Web content structure.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Christopher D. Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan, Hinrich Schutze, "Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge University Press, First South Asian Edition, 2008.
2. Stefan Buttcher, Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines, The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England, 2016.
3. Ricardo Baeza – Yates, Berthier Ribeiro – Neto, "Modern Information Retrieval: The concepts and Technology behind Search (ACM Press Books), Second Edition, 2011.
4. Stefan Buttcher, Charles L. A. Clarke, Gordon V. Cormack, "Information Retrieval

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	2	2	1	3	3	2
2	1	1	1	3	2	1
3	2	1	2	3	3	3
4	1	2	2	1	2	3
5	2	2	3	3	1	3
Avg	1.60	1.60	1.80	2.60	2.20	2.40

CP4096

SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Be exposed to the software quality factors, Quality Assurance (SQA) architecture and SQA components.
- Understand the integration of SQA components into the project life cycle.
- Be familiar with the software quality infrastructure.
- Be exposed to the management components of software quality.
- Be familiar with the Quality standards, certifications and assessments

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE QUALITY & ARCHITECTURE

9

Need for Software quality – Software quality assurance (SQA) – Software quality factors- McCall's quality model – SQA system components – Pre project quality components – Development and quality plans.

UNIT II SQA COMPONENTS AND PROJECT LIFE CYCLE 9

Integrating quality activities in the project life cycle – Reviews – Software Testing – Quality of software maintenance components – Quality assurance for external participants contribution – CASE tools for software quality Management.

UNIT III SOFTWARE QUALITY INFRASTRUCTURE 9

Procedures and work instructions – Supporting quality devices - Staff training and certification - Corrective and preventive actions – Configuration management – Software change control – Configuration management audit -Documentation control.

UNIT IV SOFTWARE QUALITY MANAGEMENT & METRICS 9

Project process control – Software quality metrics – Cost of software quality – Classical quality cost model – Extended model – Application and Problems in application of Cost model

UNIT V STANDARDS, CERTIFICATIONS & ASSESSMENTS 9

Quality management standards – ISO 9001 and ISO 9000-3 –Capability Maturity Models – CMM and CMMI assessment methodologies - Bootstrap methodology – SPICE Project – SQA project process standards – Organization of Quality Assurance – Role of management in SQA – SQA units and other actors in SQA systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Utilize the concepts of SQA in software development life cycle

CO2: Demonstrate their capability to adopt quality standards.

CO3: Assess the quality of software products.

CO4: Apply the concepts in preparing the quality plan & documents.

CO5: Ensure whether the product meets company's quality standards and client's expectations and demands

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Daniel Galin, "Software Quality Assurance", Pearson Publication, 2009.
2. Alan C. Gillies, "Software Quality: Theory and Management", International Thomson Computer Press, 2011.
3. Kshirasagar Naim and Priyadarshi Tripathy, "Software Testing and Quality Assurance Theory and Practice", John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2008
4. Mordechai Ben-Menachem "Software Quality: Producing Practical Consistent Software", International Thompson Computer Press, 2014

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	3	3	3	2	3
2	2	2	2	3	2	3
3	3	1	1	2	1	3

4	2	2	2	3	2	1
5	1	1	1	3	1	2
Avg	2.20	1.80	1.80	2.80	1.60	2.40

CP4091

AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge on the functional architecture of autonomous vehicles
- To impart knowledge on Localization and mapping fundamentals
- To impart knowledge on process end effectors and robotic controls
- To learn Robot cell design, Robot Transformation and Sensors
- To learn Micro/Nano Robotic Systems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND FUNCTIONAL ARCHITECTURE 9

Functional architecture - Major functions in an autonomous vehicle system, Motion Modeling - Coordinate frames and transforms, point mass model, Vehicle modeling (kinematic and dynamic bicycle model - two-track models), Sensor Modeling - encoders, inertial sensors, GPS.

UNIT II PERCEPTION FOR AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS 9

SLAM - Localization and mapping fundamentals, LIDAR and visual SLAM, Navigation – Global path planning, Local path planning, Vehicle control - Control structures, PID control, Linear quadratic regulator, Sample controllers.

UNIT III ROBOTICS INTRODUCTION, END EFFECTORS AND CONTROL 9

Robot anatomy-Definition, law of robotics, Simple problems Specifications of Robot-Speed of Robot-Robot joints and links-Robot classifications-Architecture of robotic systems, Mechanical grippers-Slider crank mechanism, Screw type, Rotary actuators, cam type-Magnetic grippers-Vacuum grippers-Air operated grippers-Gripper force analysis-Gripper design-Simple problems-Robot controls-Point to point control, Continuous path control, Intelligent robotControl system for robot joint-Control actions-Feedback devices-Encoder, Resolver, LVDTMotion Interpolations-Adaptive control.

UNIT IV ROBOT TRANSFORMATIONS, SENSORS AND ROBOT CELL DESIGN 9

Robot kinematics-Types- 2D, 3D Transformation-Scaling, Rotation, Translation- Homogeneous coordinates, multiple transformation-Simple problems. Sensors in robot – Touch sensors-Tactile, Robot work cell design and control-Sequence control, Operator interface, Safety monitoring devices in Robot-Mobile robot working principle, actuation using MATLAB, NXT Software.

UNIT V MICRO/NANO ROBOTICS SYSTEM 9

Micro/Nano robotics system overview-Scaling effect-Top down and bottom up approach Actuators of Micro/Nano robotics system-Nano robot communication techniques-Fabrication of micro/nano grippers-Wall climbing micro robot working principles-Biomimetic robot-Swarm robot-Nano robot in targeted drug delivery system.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** Understand architecture and modeling of autonomous systems.
CO2: Employ localization mapping techniques for autonomous systems
CO3: Design solutions for autonomous systems control.
CO4: Analyze Robot Transformations, Sensors and Cell Design
CO5: Explain the working principles of Micro/Nano Robotic system

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**REFERENCES**

1. S.R. Deb, Robotics Technology and flexible automation, Tata McGraw-Hill Education.,2009
2. Mikell P Groover & Nicholas G Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N Nagel, Ashish Dutta, Industrial Robotics, Technology programming and Applications, McGraw Hill, 2012.
3. Karsten Berns, Ewald Puttkamer, Springer, Autonomous Land Vehicles: Steps towards Service Robots, 2009
4. Sebastian Thrun, Wolfram Burgard, Dieter Fox., Probabilistic robotics. MIT Press, 2005
5. Steven M. LaValle., Planning algorithms, Cambridge University Press, 2006
6. Daniel Watzenig and Martin Horn (Eds.), Automated Driving: Safer and More Efficient Future Driving, Springer, 2017
7. Markus Maurer, Autonomous driving: technical, legal and social aspects. Springer, 2016
8. Jha, Theory, Design and Applications of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles, CRC Press, 2016

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	2	3	2	3	3
2	2	1	2	3	2	2
3	1	2	2	-	1	1
4	2	1	2	2	2	-
5	3	-	-	1	-	2
Avg	1.80	1.50	2.25	2.00	2.00	2.00

CP4097**WEB ANALYTICS****L T P C
3 0 0 3****COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the Web analytics platform, and their evolution.
- To learn about the various Data Streams Data.
- To learn about the benefits of surveys and capturing of data
- To understand Common metrics of web as well as KPI related concepts.
- To learn about the various Web analytics versions.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Definition, Process, Key terms: Site references, Keywords and Key phrases; building block terms: Visit characterization terms, Content characterization terms, Conversion metrics; Categories: Offsite web, on site web; Web analytics platform, Web analytics evolution, Need for web analytics, Advantages, Limitations.

UNIT II DATA COLLECTION**9**

Click stream Data: Web logs, Web Beacons, JavaScript tags, Packet Sniffing; Outcomes Data: E-commerce, Lead generation, Brand/Advocacy and Support; Research data: Mindset, Organizational structure, Timing; Competitive Data: Panel-Based measurement, ISP-based measurement, Search Engine data.

UNIT III QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS**9**

Heuristic evaluations: Conducting a heuristic evaluation, Benefits of heuristic evaluations; Site Visits: Conducting a site visit, Benefits of site visits; Surveys: Website surveys, Post-visit surveys, creating and running a survey, Benefits of surveys. Capturing data: Web logs or JavaScript's tags, Separate data serving and data capture, Type and size of data, Innovation, Integration, Selecting optimal web analytic tool, Understanding click stream data quality, Identifying unique page definition, Using cookies, Link coding issues.

UNIT IV WEB METRICS**9**

Common metrics: Hits, Page views, Visits, Unique visitors, Unique page views, Bounce, Bounce rate, Page/visit, Average time on site, New visits; Optimization (e-commerce, non e-commerce sites): Improving bounce rates, Optimizing adwords campaigns; Real time report, Audience report, Traffic source report, Custom campaigns, Content report, Google analytics, Introduction to KPI, characteristics, Need for KPI, Perspective of KPI, Uses of KPI. Relevant Technologies: Internet & TCP/IP, Client / Server Computing, HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol), Server Log Files & Cookies, Web Bugs.

UNIT V WEB ANALYTICS 2.0**9**

Web analytics 1.0, Limitations of web analytics 1.0, Introduction to analytic 2.0, Competitive intelligence analysis : CI data sources, Toolbar data, Panel data ,ISP data, Search engine data, Hybrid data, Website traffic analysis: Comparing long term traffic trends, Analyzing competitive site overlap and opportunities. Google Analytics: Brief introduction and working, Adwords, Benchmarking, Categories of traffic: Organic traffic, Paid traffic; Google website optimizer, Implementation technology, Limitations, Performance concerns, Privacy issues.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

CO1: Understand the Web analytics platform, and their evolution.

CO2: Use the various Data Streams Data.

CO3: Know how the survey of capturing of data will benefit.

CO4: Understand Common metrics of web as well as KPI related concepts.

CO5: Apply various Web analytics versions in existence.

REFERENCES:

1. Clifton B., Advanced Web Metrics with Google Analytics, Wiley Publishing, Inc.2nd ed, 2012.

2. Kaushik A., Web Analytics 2.0, The Art of Online Accountability and Science of Customer Centricity, Wiley Publishing, Inc. 1st ed, 2010.
3. Sterne J., Web Metrics: Proven methods for measuring web site success, John Wiley and Sons, 2002

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	-	3	2	3	2
2	2	2	3	1	1	1
3	3	-	3	2	2	2
4	1	2	3	1	1	1
5	2	-	3	2	2	1
Avg	2.20	2.00	3.00	1.60	1.80	1.40

MP4091

COGNITIVE COMPUTING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To familiarize Use the Innovation Canvas to justify potentially successful products.
- To learn various ways in which to develop a product idea.
- To understand about how Big Data can play vital role in Cognitive Computing
- To know about the business applications of Cognitive Computing
- To get into all applications of Cognitive Computing

UNIT I FOUNDATION OF COGNITIVE COMPUTING

9

Foundation of Cognitive Computing: cognitive computing as a new generation, the uses of cognitive systems, system cognitive, gaining insights from data, Artificial Intelligence as the foundation of cognitive computing, understanding cognition Design Principles for Cognitive Systems: Components of a cognitive system, building the corpus, bringing data into cognitive system, machine learning, hypotheses generation and scoring, presentation, and visualization services

UNIT II NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING IN COGNITIVE SYSTEMS

9

Natural Language Processing in support of a Cognitive System: Role of NLP in a cognitive system, semantic web, Applying Natural language technologies to Business problems Representing knowledge in Taxonomies and Ontologies: Representing knowledge, Defining Taxonomies and Ontologies, knowledge representation, models for knowledge representation, implementation considerations

UNIT III BIG DATA AND COGNITIVE COMPUTING 9

Relationship between Big Data and Cognitive Computing: Dealing with human-generated data, defining big data, architectural foundation, analytical data warehouses, Hadoop, data in motion and streaming data, integration of big data with traditional data Applying Advanced Analytics to cognitive computing: Advanced analytics is on a path to cognitive computing, Key capabilities in advanced analytics, using advanced analytics to create value, Impact of open source tools on advanced analytics

UNIT IV BUSINESS IMPLICATIONS OF COGNITIVE COMPUTING 9

Preparing for change ,advantages of new disruptive models , knowledge meaning to business, difference with a cognitive systems approach , meshing data together differently, using business knowledge to plan for the future , answering business questions in new ways , building business specific solutions , making cognitive computing a reality , cognitive application changing the market The process of building a cognitive application: Emerging cognitive platform, defining the objective, defining the domain, understanding the intended users and their attributes, questions and exploring insights, training and testing

UNIT V APPLICATION OF COGNITIVE COMPUTING 9

Building a cognitive health care application: Foundations of cognitive computing for healthcare, constituents in healthcare ecosystem, learning from patterns in healthcare Data, Building on a foundation of big data analytics, cognitive applications across the health care eco system, starting with a cognitive application for healthcare, using cognitive applications to improve health and wellness, using a cognitive application to enhance the electronic medical record Using cognitive application to improve clinical teaching

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** Explain applications in Cognitive Computing.
- CO2:** Describe Natural language processor role in Cognitive computing.
- CO3:** Explain future directions of Cognitive Computing
- CO4:** Evaluate the process of taking a product to market
- CO5:** Comprehend the applications involved in this domain.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Judith H Hurwitz, Marcia Kaufman, Adrian Bowles, "Cognitive computing and Big Data Analytics", Wiley, 2015
2. Robert A. Wilson, Frank C. Keil, "The MIT Encyclopedia of the Cognitive Sciences", The MIT Press, 1999.
3. Noah D. Goodman, Joshua B. Tenenbaum, The ProbMods Contributors, "Probabilistic Models of Cognition", Second Edition, 2016, <https://probmods.org/>.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	3	2	-	2	-
2	2	-	3	1	3	-

3	1	2	-	-	3	-
4	-	-	2	2	1	1
5	2	2	1	-	1	2
Avg	1.5	2.3	2	1.5	2	1.5

AP4093

QUANTUM COMPUTING

LT P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the building blocks of Quantum computers and highlight the paradigm change between conventional computing and quantum computing
- To understand the Quantum state transformations and the algorithms
- To understand entangled quantum subsystems and properties of entangled states
- To explore the applications of quantum computing

UNIT I QUANTUM BUILDING BLOCKS 9

The Quantum Mechanics of Photon Polarization, Single-Qubit Quantum Systems, Quantum State Spaces, Entangled States, Multiple-Qubit Systems, Measurement of Multiple-Qubit States, EPR Paradox and Bell's Theorem, Bloch sphere

UNIT II QUANTUM STATE TRANSFORMATIONS 9

Unitary Transformations, Quantum Gates, Unitary Transformations as Quantum Circuits, Reversible Classical Computations to Quantum Computations, Language for Quantum Implementations.

UNIT III QUANTUM ALGORITHMS 9

Computing with Superpositions, Quantum Subroutines, Quantum Fourier Transformations, Shor's Algorithm and Generalizations, Grover's Algorithm and Generalizations

UNIT IV ENTANGLED SUBSYSTEMS AND ROBUST QUANTUM COMPUTATION 9

Quantum Subsystems, Properties of Entangled States, Quantum Error Correction, Graph states and codes, CSS Codes, Stabilizer Codes, Fault Tolerance and Robust Quantum Computing

UNIT V QUANTUM INFORMATION PROCESSING 9

Limitations of Quantum Computing, Alternatives to the Circuit Model of Quantum Computation, Quantum Protocols, Building Quantum, Computers, Simulating Quantum Systems, Bell states. Quantum teleportation. Quantum Cryptography, no cloning theorem

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Understand the basic principles of quantum computing.

CO2: Gain knowledge of the fundamental differences between conventional computing and quantum computing.

CO3: Understand several basic quantum computing algorithms.

CO4: Understand the classes of problems that can be expected to be solved well by quantum computers.

CO5: Simulate and analyze the characteristics of Quantum Computing Systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. John Gribbin, Computing with Quantum Cats: From Colossus to Qubits, 2021
2. William (Chuck) Easttom, Quantum Computing Fundamentals, 2021
3. Parag Lala, Quantum Computing, 2019
4. Eleanor Rieffel and Wolfgang Polak, QUANTUM COMPUTING A Gentle Introduction, 2011
5. Nielsen M. A., Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge University Press.2002
6. Benenti G., Casati G. and Strini G., Principles of Quantum Computation and Information, Vol. I: Basic Concepts, Vol II: Basic Tools and Special Topics, World Scientific. 2004
7. Pittenger A. O., An Introduction to Quantum Computing Algorithms 2000

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	2	3	-	1	-
2	1	2	3	-	2	-
3	-	1	3	2	3	2
4	2	-	2	2	1	3
5	3	-	1	2	3	3
Avg	1.75	1.7	2.4	2	2	2.73

BD4251

BIG DATA MINING AND ANALYTICS

**LT PC
3 0 0 3**

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the computational approaches to Modeling, Feature Extraction
- To understand the need and application of Map Reduce
- To understand the various search algorithms applicable to Big Data
- To analyze and interpret streaming data
- To learn how to handle large data sets in main memory and learn the various clustering techniques applicable to Big Data

UNIT I DATA MINING AND LARGE SCALE FILES

9

Introduction to Statistical modeling – Machine Learning – Computational approaches to modeling – Summarization – Feature Extraction – Statistical Limits on Data Mining - Distributed File Systems – Map-reduce – Algorithms using Map Reduce – Efficiency of Cluster Computing Techniques.

UNIT II SIMILAR ITEMS 9

Nearest Neighbor Search – Shingling of Documents – Similarity preserving summaries – Locality sensitive hashing for documents – Distance Measures – Theory of Locality Sensitive Functions – LSH Families – Methods for High Degree of Similarities.

UNIT III MINING DATA STREAMS 9

Stream Data Model – Sampling Data in the Stream – Filtering Streams – Counting Distance Elements in a Stream – Estimating Moments – Counting Ones in Window – Decaying Windows.

UNIT IV LINK ANALYSIS AND FREQUENT ITEMSETS 9

Page Rank –Efficient Computation - Topic Sensitive Page Rank – Link Spam – Market Basket Model – A-priori algorithm – Handling Larger Datasets in Main Memory – Limited Pass Algorithm – Counting Frequent Item sets.

UNIT V CLUSTERING 9

Introduction to Clustering Techniques – Hierarchical Clustering –Algorithms – K-Means – CURE – Clustering in Non -- Euclidean Spaces – Streams and Parallelism – Case Study: Advertising on the Web – Recommendation Systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

CO1: Design algorithms by employing Map Reduce technique for solving Big Data problems.

CO2: Design algorithms for Big Data by deciding on the apt Features set .

CO3: Design algorithms for handling petabytes of datasets

CO4: Design algorithms and propose solutions for Big Data by optimizing main memory consumption

CO5: Design solutions for problems in Big Data by suggesting appropriate clustering techniques.

REFERENCES:

1. Jure Leskovec, AnandRajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, “Mining of Massive Datasets”, Cambridge University Press, 3rd Edition, 2020.
2. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber, Jian Pei, “Data Mining Concepts and Techniques”, Morgan Kaufman Publications, Third Edition, 2012.
3. Ian H.Witten, Eibe Frank “Data Mining – Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques”, Morgan Kaufman Publications, Third Edition, 2011.
4. David Hand, HeikkiMannila and Padhraic Smyth, “Principles of Data Mining”, MIT PRESS, 2001

WEB REFERENCES:

1. https://swayam.gov.in/nd2_arp19_ap60/preview
2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/nptel_data3/html/mhrd/ict/text/106104189/lec1.pdf

ONLINE RESOURCES:

1. <https://examupdates.in/big-data-analytics/>
2. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/big_data_analytics/index.htm
3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_mining/index.htm

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	-	-	-	2	3	3
2	-	-	-	-	2	2
3	-	-	-	2	3	3
4	1	-	2	2	3	3
5	2	3	2	2	3	3
Avg	1.5	3	2	2	2.8	2.8

CP4094

MOBILE AND PERVASIVE COMPUTING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of Mobile Computing and Personal Computing
- To learn the role of cellular networks in Mobile and Pervasive Computing
- To expose to the concept of sensor and mesh networks
- To expose to the context aware and wearable computing
- To learn to develop applications in mobile and pervasive computing environment

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Differences between Mobile Communication and Mobile Computing – Contexts and Names – Functions – Applications and Services – New Applications – Making Legacy Applications Mobile Enabled – Design Considerations – Integration of Wireless and Wired Networks – Standards Bodies – Pervasive Computing – Basics and Vision – Principles of Pervasive Computing – Categories of Pervasive Devices

UNIT II 3G AND 4G CELLULAR NETWORKS

9

Migration to 3G Networks – IMT 2000 and UMTS – UMTS Architecture – User Equipment – Radio Network Subsystem – UTRAN – Node B – RNC functions – USIM – Protocol Stack – CS and PS Domains – IMS Architecture – Handover – 3.5G and 3.9G a brief discussion – 4G LAN and Cellular Networks – LTE – Control Plane – NAS and RRC – User Plane – PDCP, RLC and MAC – WiMax IEEE 802.16d/e – WiMax Internetworking with 3GPP

UNIT III SENSOR AND MESH NETWORKS

9

Sensor Networks – Role in Pervasive Computing – In Network Processing and Data Dissemination – Sensor Databases – Data Management in Wireless Mobile Environments – Wireless Mesh Networks – Architecture – Mesh Routers – Mesh Clients – Routing – Cross Layer Approach – Security Aspects of Various Layers in WMN – Applications of Sensor and Mesh networks

UNIT IV CONTEXT AWARE COMPUTING & WEARABLE COMPUTING

9

Adaptability – Mechanisms for Adaptation - Functionality and Data – Transcoding – Location Aware Computing – Location Representation – Localization Techniques – Triangulation and Scene

Analysis – Delaunay Triangulation and Voronoi graphs – Types of Context – Role of Mobile Middleware – Adaptation and Agents – Service Discovery Middleware Health BAN- Medical and Technological Requirements-Wearable Sensors-Intra-BAN communications

UNIT V APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

9

Three tier architecture - Model View Controller Architecture - Memory Management – Information Access Devices – PDAs and Smart Phones – Smart Cards and Embedded Controls – J2ME – Programming for CLDC – GUI in MIDP – Application Development ON Android and iPhone

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Design a basic architecture for a pervasive computing environment

CO2: Design and allocate the resources on the 3G-4G wireless networks

CO3: Analyze the role of sensors in Wireless networks

CO4: Work out the routing in mesh network

CO5: Deploy the location and context information for application development

CO6: Develop mobile computing applications based on the paradigm of context aware computing and wearable computing

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Asoke K Talukder, Hasan Ahmed, Roopa R Yavagal, “Mobile Computing: Technology, Applications and Service Creation”, 2nd ed, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
2. Reto Meier, “Professional Android 2 Application Development”, Wrox Wiley,2010.
3. Pei Zheng and Lionel M Li, ‘Smart Phone & Next Generation Mobile Computing’, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2006.
4. Frank Adelstein, ‘Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing’, TMH, 2005
5. Jochen Burthardt et al, ‘Pervasive Computing: Technology and Architecture of Mobile Internet Applications’, Pearson Education, 2003
6. Feng Zhao and Leonidas Guibas, ‘Wireless Sensor Networks’, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2004
7. Uwe Hansmaan et al, ‘Principles of Mobile Computing’, Springer, 2nd edition,2006
8. Reto Meier, “Professional Android 2 Application Development”, Wrox Wiley,2010.
9. Mohammad s. Obaidat et al, “Pervasive Computing and Networking” ,John wiley, 2011
10. Stefan Poslad, “Ubiquitous Computing: Smart Devices, Environments and Interactions”, Wiley, 2009
11. Frank Adelstein Sandeep K. S. Gupta Golden G. Richard III Loren Schwiebert “Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing, “, McGraw-Hill, 2005

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	3	1	3	1	3
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	1	3	1	1	2	2
4	1	2	2	2	1	1

5	2		2	1	2	2
Avg	1.80	2.50	1.60	1.80	1.60	2.00

MP4094

WEB SERVICES AND API DESIGN

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basics of Web service.
- To become familiar with the Web Services building blocks
- To learn to work with RESTful web services.
- To implement the RESTful web services.
- To understand resource oriented Architecture.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WEB SERVICE 9

Overview – Web service-Architecture – Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA), Architecting Web Services: Web Services Technology Stack, Logical Architectural View, Deployment Architectural View, and Process Architectural View.

UNIT II WEB SERVICE BUILDING BLOCKS 9

Introduction to SOAP: SOAP Syntax- Sending SOAP Messages - SOAP Implementations - Introduction to WSDL: WSDL Syntax - SOAP Binding - WSDL Implementations - Introduction to UDDI: The UDDI API - Implementations - The Future of UDDI

UNIT III RESTFUL WEB SERVICES 9

Programmable Web - HTTP: Documents in Envelopes - Method Information - Scoping Information - The Competing Architectures - Technologies on the Programmable Web -Leftover Terminology - Writing Web Service Clients: The Sample Application - Making the Request: HTTP Libraries - Processing the Response: XML Parsers - JSON Parsers: Handling Serialized Data - Clients Made Easy with WADL.

UNIT IV IMPLEMENTATION OF RESTFUL WEB SERVICES 9

Introducing the Simple Storage Service - Object-Oriented Design of S3 - Resources - HTTP Response Codes Resource- URIs - Addressability - Statelessness - Representations - Links and Connectedness - The Uniform Interface – Spring Web Services – Spring MVC Components - Spring Web Flow - A Service Implementation using Spring Data REST.

UNIT V RESOURCE ORIENTED ARCHITECTURE 9

Resource- URIs - Addressability - Statelessness - Representations - Links and Connectedness - The Uniform Interface- Designing Read-Only Resource-Oriented Services : Resource Design - Turning Requirements Into Read-Only Resources - Figure Out the Data Set- Split the Data Set into Resources- Name the Resources - Design Representation- Link the Resources to Each Other- The HTTP Response

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Explain how to write XML documents.

CO2: Apply the web service building blocks such as SOAP, WSDL and UDDI

CO3: Describe the RESTful web services.

CO4: Implement the RESTful web service with Spring Boot MVC

CO5: Discuss Resource-oriented Architecture.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Leonard Richardson and Sam Ruby, RESTful Web Services, O’Reilly Media, 2007
2. McGovern, et al., "Java Web Services Architecture", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers,2005.
3. Lindsay Bassett, Introduction to JavaScript Object Notation, O’Reilly Media, 2015
4. Craig Walls, “Spring in Action, Fifth Edition”, Manning Publications, 2018
5. Raja CSP Raman, Ludovic Dewailly, “Building A RESTful Web Service with Spring 5”, Packt Publishing, 2018.
6. Bogunuva Mohanram Balachandar, “Restful Java Web Services, Third Edition: A pragmatic guide to designing and building RESTful APIs using Java”, Ingram short title, 3rd Edition, 2017.
7. Mario-Leander Reimer, “Building RESTful Web Services with Java EE 8: Create modern RESTful web services with the Java EE 8 API”, Packt publishing, 2018.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	3	3	-	-	-
2	1	-	3	3	1	2
3	-	3	3	-	-	-
4	1	-	2	3	1	2
5	1	-	1	-	1	-
Avg	1	3	2.4	3	1	2

CP4092

DATA VISUALIZATION TECHNIQUES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop skills to both design and critique visualizations.
- To introduce visual perception and core skills for visual analysis.
- To understand technological advancements of data visualization
- To understand various data visualization techniques
- To understand the methodologies used to visualize large data sets

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND DATA FOUNDATION

9

Basics - Relationship between Visualization and Other Fields -The Visualization Process - Pseudo code Conventions - The Scatter plot. Data Foundation - Types of Data - Structure within and between Records - Data Preprocessing - Data Sets

UNIT II FOUNDATIONS FOR VISUALIZATION 9

Visualization stages - Semiology of Graphical Symbols - The Eight Visual Variables – Historical Perspective - Taxonomies - Experimental Semiotics based on Perception Gibson's Affordance theory – A Model of Perceptual Processing.

UNIT III VISUALIZATION TECHNIQUES 9

Spatial Data: One-Dimensional Data - Two-Dimensional Data – Three Dimensional Data - Dynamic Data - Combining Techniques. Geospatial Data : Visualizing Spatial Data - Visualization of Point Data -Visualization of Line Data - Visualization of Area Data – Other Issues in Geospatial Data Visualization Multivariate Data : Point-Based Techniques - LineBased Techniques - Region-Based Techniques - Combinations of Techniques – Trees Displaying Hierarchical Structures – Graphics and Networks- Displaying Arbitrary Graphs/Networks.

UNIT IV INTERACTION CONCEPTS AND TECHNIQUES 9

Text and Document Visualization: Introduction - Levels of Text Representations - The Vector Space Model - Single Document Visualizations -Document Collection Visualizations – Extended Text Visualizations Interaction Concepts: Interaction Operators - Interaction Operands and Spaces - A Unified Framework. Interaction Techniques: Screen Space - Object-Space –Data Space - Attribute Space- Data Structure Space - Visualization Structure – Animating Transformations - Interaction Control.

UNIT V RESEARCH DIRECTIONS IN VISUALIZATIONS 9

Steps in designing Visualizations – Problems in designing effective Visualizations- Issues of Data. Issues of Cognition, Perception, and Reasoning. Issues of System Design Evaluation , Hardware and Applications

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Visualize the objects in different dimensions.

CO2: Design and process the data for Visualization.

CO3:Apply the visualization techniques in physical sciences, computer science, applied mathematics and medical sciences.

CO4: Apply the virtualization techniques for research projects.

CO5: Identify appropriate data visualization techniques given particular requirements imposed by the data.

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Matthew Ward, Georges Grinstein and Daniel Keim, "Interactive Data Visualization Foundations, Techniques, Applications", 2010.
2. Colin Ware, "Information Visualization Perception for Design", 4th edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2021.
3. Robert Spence "Information visualization – Design for interaction", Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2007.
4. Alexandru C. Telea, "Data Visualization: Principles and Practice," A. K. Peters Ltd, 2008.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	1	2	2	1	2
2	2	1	2	3	2	2
3	1	-	2	2	1	1
4	3	1	3	3	2	2
5	2	1	3	2	1	1
Avg	2.20	1.00	2.40	2.40	1.40	1.60

IF4091

COMPILER OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the optimization techniques used in compiler design.
- To be aware of the various computer architectures that support parallelism.
- To become familiar with the theoretical background needed for code optimization.
- To understand the techniques used for identifying parallelism in a sequential program.
- To learn the various optimization algorithms.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Language Processors - The Structure of a Compiler – The Evolution of Programming Languages- The Science of Building a Compiler – Applications of Compiler Technology Programming Language Basics - The Lexical Analyzer Generator -Parser Generator - Overview of Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs - Optimization of Basic Blocks - Principle Sources of Optimization.

UNIT II INSTRUCTION-LEVEL PARALLELISM

9

Processor Architectures – Code-Scheduling Constraints – Basic-Block Scheduling –Global Code Scheduling – Advanced code motion techniques – Interaction with Dynamic Schedulers- Software Pipelining.

UNIT III OPTIMISING FOR PARALLELISM AND LOCALITY-THEORY

9

Basic Concepts – Matrix-Multiply: An Example - Iteration Spaces - Affine Array Indexes – Data Reuse- Array data dependence Analysis.

UNIT IV OPTIMISING FOR PARALLELISM AND LOCALITY – APPLICATION

9

Finding Synchronisation - Free Parallelism – Synchronisation Between Parallel Loops – Pipelining – Locality Optimizations – Other Uses of Affine Transforms.

UNIT V INTERPROCEDURAL ANALYSIS

9

Basic Concepts – Need for Interprocedural Analysis – A Logical Representation of Data Flow – A

Simple Pointer-Analysis Algorithm – Context Insensitive Interprocedural Analysis - Context-Sensitive Pointer-Analysis - Datalog Implementation by Binary Decision Diagrams.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** Design and implement techniques used for optimization by a compiler.
- CO2:** Modify the existing architecture that supports parallelism.
- CO3:** Modify the existing data structures of an open source optimising compiler.
- CO4:** Design and implement new data structures and algorithms for code optimization.
- CO5:** Critically analyse different data structures and algorithms used in the building of an optimising compiler.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Alfred V. Aho, Monica S.Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D.Ullman, “Compilers:Principles, Techniques and Tools”, Second Edition, Pearson Education,2008.
2. Randy Allen, Ken Kennedy, “Optimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures: A Dependence-based Approach”, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2002.
3. Steven S. Muchnick, “Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation”,Morgan Kaufmann Publishers - Elsevier Science, India, 2007
4. John Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey Ullman, “Introduction To Automata Theory Languages, and Computation”, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
5. Torbengidius Mogensen, “Basics of Compiler Design”, Springer, 2011.
6. Charles N, Ron K Cytron, Richard J LeBlanc Jr., “Crafting a Compiler”, Pearson Education, 2010.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	2	2	2	3	2	2
2	-	-	3	3	-	3
3	3	-	3	3	-	3
4	3	3	3	3	-	-
5	-	3	3	3	3	-
Avg	2.6	2.6	2.8	3	2.5	2.6

CP4002

FORMAL MODELS OF SOFTWARE SYSTEMS

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the goals, complexity of software systems, the role of Specification activities and qualities to control complexity.
- To understand the fundamentals of abstraction and formal systems
- To learn fundamentals of logic reasoning- Propositional Logic, temporal logic and apply to

- models systems
- To understand formal specification models based on set theory, calculus and algebra and apply to a case study
- To learn Z, Object Z and B Specification languages with case studies.

UNIT I SPECIFICATION FUNDAMENTALS 9

Role of Specification- Software Complexity - Size, Structural, Environmental, Application, domain, Communication Complexity, How to Control Complexity. Software specification, Specification Activities-Integrating Formal Methods into the Software Lifecycle. Specification Qualities- Process Quality Attributes of Formal Specification Languages, Model of Process Quality, Product Quality and Utility, Conformance to Stated Goals Quality Dimensions and Quality Model.

UNIT II FORMAL METHODS 9

Abstraction- Fundamental Abstractions in Computing. Abstractions for Software Construction. Formalism Fundamentals - Formal Systems, Formalization Process in Software Engineering Components of a Formal System- Syntax, Semantics, and Inference Mechanism. Properties of Formal Systems - Consistency. Automata-Deterministic Finite Accepters, State Machine Modeling Nondeterministic Finite Accepters, Finite State Transducers Extended Finite State Machine. Case Study—Elevator Control. Classification of C Methods-Property-Oriented Specification Methods, Model-Based Specification Techniques.

UNIT III LOGIC 9

Propositional Logic - Reasoning Based on Adopting a Premise, Inference Based on Natural Deduction. Predicate Logic - Syntax and Semantics, Policy Language Specification, knowledge Representation Axiomatic Specification. Temporal Logic -. Temporal Logic for Specification and Verification, Temporal Abstraction Propositional Temporal Logic (PTL), First Order Temporal Logic (FOTL). Formal Verification, Verification of Simple FOTL, Model Checking, Program Graphs, Transition Systems.

UNIT IV SPECIFICATION MODELS 9

Mathematical Abstractions for Model-Based Specifications-Formal Specification Based on Set Theory, Relations and Functions. Property-Oriented Specifications- Algebraic Specification, Properties of Algebraic Specifications, Reasoning, Structured Specifications. Case Study—A Multiple Window Environment: requirements, Modeling Formal Specifications. Calculus of Communicating Systems: Specific Calculus for Concurrency. Operational Semantics of Agents, Simulation and Equivalence, Derivation Trees, Labeled Transition Systems.

UNIT V FORMAL LANGUAGES 9

The Z Notation, abstractions in Z, Representational Abstraction, Types, Relations and Functions, Sequences, Bags. Free Types-Schemas, Operational Abstraction -Operations Schema Decorators, Generic Functions, Proving Properties from Z specifications, Consistency of Operations. Additional Features in Z. Case Study: An Automated Billing System. The Object-Z Specification Language- Basic Structure of an Object-Z, Specification. Parameterized Class, Object-Oriented, composition of Operations-Parallel Communication Operator, Nondeterministic Choice Operator, and Environment Enrichment. The B-Method -Abstract Machine Notation (AMN), Structure of a B Specification, arrays, statements. Structured Specifications, Case Study- A Ticketing System in a Parking.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the complexity of software systems, the need for formal specifications activities and qualities to control complexity.

CO2: Gain knowledge on fundamentals of abstraction and formal systems

CO3: Learn the fundamentals of logic reasoning- Propositional Logic, temporal logic and apply to models systems

CO4: Develop formal specification models based on set theory, calculus and algebra and apply to a typical case study

CO5: Have working knowledge on Z, Object Z and B Specification languages with case studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Mathematical Logic for computer science ,second edition, M.Ben-Ari ,Springer,2012.
2. Logic in Computer Science- modeling and reasoning about systems, 2 nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2004.
3. Specification of Software Systems, V.S. Alagar, K. Periyasamy, David Grises and Fred B Schneider, Springer –Verlag London, 2011
4. The ways Z: Practical programming with formal methods, Jonathan Jacky, Cambridge University Press,1996.
5. Using Z-Specification Refinement and Proof,Jim Woodcock and Jim Devies Prentice Hall, 1996
6. Markus Roggenbach ,Antonio Cerone, Bernd-Holger Schlingloff, Gerardo Schneider , Siraj Ahmed Shaikh, Formal Methods for Software Engineering: Languages, Methods, Application Domains (Texts in Theoretical Computer Science. An EATCS Series) 1st ed. 2022 Edition

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	1	3	-	2	3
2	2	1	-	2	1	3
3	3	1	2	3	2	3
4	-	2	2	-	1	3
5	2	2	-	3	3	3
Avg	2.00	1.40	2.33	2.67	1.80	3.00

AP4094

ROBOTICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To Introduce the concepts of Robotic systems
- To understand the concepts of Instrumentation and control related to Robotics
- To understand the kinematics and dynamics of robotics
- To explore robotics in Industrial applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ROBOTICS 9

Robotics -History - Classification and Structure of Robotic Systems - Basic components -Degrees of freedom - Robot joints coordinates- Reference frames - workspace- Robot languages- Robotic sensors- proximity and range sensors, ultrasonic sensor, touch and slip sensor.

UNIT II ROBOT KINEMATICS AND DYNAMICS 9

Kinematic Modelling: Translation and Rotation Representation, Coordinate transformation, DH parameters, Forward and inverse kinematics, Jacobian, Dynamic Modelling: Forward and inverse dynamics, Equations of motion using Euler-Lagrange formulation, Newton Euler formulation.

UNIT III ROBOTICS CONTROL 9

Control of robot manipulator - state equations - constant solutions -linear feedback systems, single-axis PID control - PD gravity control -computed torque control, variable structure control and impedance control.

UNIT IV ROBOT INTELLIGENCE AND TASK PLANNING 9

Artificial Intelligence - techniques - search problem reduction - predicate logic means and end analysis -problem solving -robot learning - task planning - basic problems in task planning - AI in robotics and Knowledge Based Expert System in robotics

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL ROBOTICS 9

Robot cell design and control - cell layouts - multiple robots and machine interference - work cell design - work cell control - interlocks – error detection deduction and recovery - work cell controller - robot cycle time analysis. Safety in robotics, Applications of robot and future scope.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

- CO1:** Describe the fundamentals of robotics
- CO2:** Understand the concept of kinematics and dynamics in robotics.
- CO3:** Discuss the robot control techniques
- CO4:** Explain the basis of intelligence in robotics and task planning
- CO5:** Discuss the industrial applications of robotics

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCE:

1. John J. Craig, 'Introduction to Robotics (Mechanics and Control)', Addison-Wesley, 2nd Edition, 2004.
2. Richard D. Klafter, Thomas A. Chmielewski, Michael Negin, 'Robotics Engineering: An Integrated Approach', PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
3. K.S.Fu, R.C.Gonzalez and C.S.G.Lee, 'Robotics Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence', Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Reprint,2008.
4. Reza N.Jazar, 'Theory of Applied Robotics Kinematics, Dynamics and Control', Springer, 1st Indian Reprint, 2010.
5. Mikell. P. Groover, Michell Weis, Roger. N. Nagel, Nicolous G.Odrey, 'Industrial Robotics Technology, Programming and Applications ', McGraw Hill, Int 2012.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	3	3	-	2	-
2	1	2	3	2	1	1
3	1	2	-	3	3	2
4	2	-	3	-	2	-
5	1	-	-	3	3	3
Avg	1.2	2.3	3	2.7	2.2	2

ML4291

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

L T P C
2 0 2 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand basics of linguistics, probability and statistics
- To study statistical approaches to NLP and understand sequence labeling
- To outline different parsing techniques associated with NLP
- To explore semantics of words and semantic role labeling of sentences
- To understand discourse analysis, question answering and chatbots

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 6

Natural Language Processing – Components - Basics of Linguistics and Probability and Statistics – Words-Tokenization-Morphology-Finite State Automata

UNIT II STATISTICAL NLP AND SEQUENCE LABELING 6

N-grams and Language models –Smoothing -Text classification- Naïve Bayes classifier – Evaluation - Vector Semantics – TF-IDF - Word2Vec- Evaluating Vector Models -Sequence Labeling – Part of Speech – Part of Speech Tagging -Named Entities –Named Entity Tagging

UNIT III CONTEXTUAL EMBEDDING 6

Constituency –Context Free Grammar –Lexicalized Grammars- CKY Parsing – Earley's algorithm-Evaluating Parsers -Partial Parsing – Dependency Relations- Dependency Parsing - Transition Based - Graph Based

UNIT IV COMPUTATIONAL SEMANTICS 6

Word Senses and WordNet – Word Sense Disambiguation – Semantic Role Labeling – Proposition Bank- FrameNet- Selectional Restrictions - Information Extraction - Template Filling

UNIT V DISCOURSE ANALYSIS AND SPEECH PROCESSING 6

Discourse Coherence – Discourse Structure Parsing – Centering and Entity Based Coherence – Question Answering –Factoid Question Answering – Classical QA Models – Chatbots and Dialogue systems – Frame-based Dialogue Systems – Dialogue–State Architecture

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Probability and Statistics for NLP Problems
2. Carry out Morphological Tagging and Part-of-Speech Tagging for a sample text
3. Design a Finite State Automata for more Grammatical Categories
4. Problems associated with Vector Space Model
5. Hand Simulate the working of a HMM model
6. Examples for different types of work sense disambiguation
7. Give the design of a Chatbot

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

PERIODS : 30

1. Download nltk and packages. Use it to print the tokens in a document and the sentences from it.
2. Include custom stop words and remove them and all stop words from a given document using nltk or spaCY package
3. Implement a stemmer and a lemmatizer program.
4. Implement a simple Part-of-Speech Tagger
5. Write a program to calculate TFIDF of documents and find the cosine similarity between any two documents.
6. Use nltk to implement a dependency parser.
7. Implement a semantic language processor that uses WordNet for semantic tagging.
8. Project - (in Pairs) Your project must use NLP concepts and apply them to some data.
 - a. Your project may be a comparison of several existing systems, or it may propose a new system in which case you still must compare it to at least one other approach.
 - b. You are free to use any third-party ideas or code that you wish as long as it is publicly available.
 - c. You must properly provide references to any work that is not your own in the write-up.
 - d. Project proposal You must turn in a brief project proposal. Your project proposal should describe the idea behind your project. You should also briefly describe software you will need to write, and papers (2-3) you plan to read.

List of Possible Projects

1. Sentiment Analysis of Product Reviews
2. Information extraction from News articles
3. Customer support bot
4. Language identifier
5. Media Monitor
6. Paraphrase Detector
7. Identification of Toxic Comment
8. Spam Mail Identification

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand basics of linguistics, probability and statistics associated with NLP

CO2: Implement a Part-of-Speech Tagger

CO3: Design and implement a sequence labeling problem for a given domain

CO4: Implement semantic processing tasks and simple document indexing and searching system using the concepts of NLP

CO5: Implement a simple chatbot using dialogue system concepts

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H.Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech Recognition" (Prentice Hall Series in Artificial Intelligence), 2020
2. Jacob Eisenstein. "Natural Language Processing ", MIT Press, 2019
3. Samuel Burns "Natural Language Processing: A Quick Introduction to NLP with Python and NLTK, 2019
4. Christopher Manning, "Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing", MIT Press, 2009.
5. Nitin Indurkha,Fred J. Damerau, "Handbook of Natural Language Processing", Second edition, Chapman & Hall/CRC: Machine Learning & Pattern Recognition, Hardcover,2010
6. Deepti Chopra, Nisheeth Joshi, "Mastering Natural Language Processing with Python", Packt Publishing Limited, 2016
7. Mohamed Zakaria Kurdi "Natural Language Processing and Computational Linguistics: Speech, Morphology and Syntax (Cognitive Science)", ISTE Ltd., 2016
8. Atefeh Farzindar,Diana Inkpen, "Natural Language Processing for Social Media (Synthesis Lectures on Human Language Technologies)", Morgan and Claypool Life Sciences, 2015

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	-	2	3	1	1	-
2	2	2	2	3	-	3
3	3	-	3	3	-	3
4	1	-	2	3	-	3
5	1	-	2	3	-	3
Avg	1.75	2	2.4	2.6	1	3

IF4093

GPU COMPUTING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of GPU architectures
- To understand CPU GPU Program Partitioning
- To write programs for massively parallel processors
- To understand the issues in mapping algorithms for GPUs
- To introduce different GPU programming models

UNIT I	GPU ARCHITECTURE	9
Evolution of GPU architectures - Understanding Parallelism with GPU –Typical GPU Architecture - CUDA Hardware Overview - Threads, Blocks, Grids, Warps, Scheduling - Memory Handling with CUDA: Shared Memory, Global Memory, Constant Memory and Texture Memory.		
UNIT II	CUDA PROGRAMMING	9
Using CUDA - Multi GPU - Multi GPU Solutions - Optimizing CUDA Applications: Problem Decomposition, Memory Considerations, Transfers, Thread Usage, Resource Contentions.		
UNIT III	PROGRAMMING ISSUES	9
Common Problems: CUDA Error Handling, Parallel Programming Issues, Synchronization, Algorithmic Issues, Finding and Avoiding Errors.		
UNIT IV	OPENCL BASICS	9
OpenCL Standard – Kernels – Host Device Interaction – Execution Environment – Memory Model – Basic OpenCL Examples.		
UNIT V	ALGORITHMS ON GPU	9
Parallel Patterns: Convolution, Prefix Sum, Sparse Matrix - Matrix Multiplication - Programming Heterogeneous Cluster.		

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Debugging Lab
2. Performance Lab
3. Launching Nsight
4. Running Performance Analysis
5. Understanding Metrics
6. NVIDIA Visual Profiler
7. Matrix Transpose Optimization
8. Reduction Optimization

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Describe GPU Architecture

CO2: Write programs using CUDA, identify issues and debug them

CO3: Implement efficient algorithms in GPUs for common application kernels, such as matrix multiplication

CO4: Write simple programs using OpenCL

CO5: Identify efficient parallel programming patterns to solve problems

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Shane Cook, CUDA Programming: “A Developer's Guide to Parallel Computing with GPUs (Applications of GPU Computing), First Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2012.
2. David R. Kaeli, Perhaad Mistry, Dana Schaa, Dong Ping Zhang, “Heterogeneous computing with OpenCL, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kauffman, 2015.
3. Nicholas Wilt, “CUDA Handbook: A Comprehensive Guide to GPU Programming, Addison - Wesley, 2013.
4. Jason Sanders, Edward Kandrot, “CUDA by Example: An Introduction to General Purpose

- GPU Programming, Addison - Wesley, 2010.
5. David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, Programming Massively Parallel Processors - A Hands-on Approach, Third Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2016.
 6. http://www.nvidia.com/object/cuda_home_new.html
 7. <http://www.openCL.org>

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	2	-	-	-
3	-	-	3	-	3	3
4	-	2	-	3	2	-
5	-	-	-	2	-	3
Avg	3	2	2.5	2.5	2.5	3

IF4073

DEVOPS AND MICROSERVICES

L T P C
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basic concepts and terminology of DevOps
- To gain knowledge on Devops platform
- To understand building and deployment of code
- To be familiar with DevOps automation tools
- To learn basics of MLOps

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9+6

Software Engineering - traditional and Agile process models - DevOps -Definition - Practices - DevOps life cycle process - need for DevOps –Barriers

UNIT II DEVOPS PLATFORM AND SERVICES

9+6

Cloud as a platform - IaaS, PaaS, SaaS - Virtualization - Containers –Supporting Multiple Data Centers - Operation Services - Hardware provisioning- software Provisioning - IT services - SLA - capacity planning - security - Service Transition - Service Operation Concepts.

UNIT III BUILDING , TESTING AND DEPLOYMENT

9+6

Microservices architecture - coordination model - building and testing - Deployment pipeline - Development and Pre-commit Testing -Build and Integration Testing - continuous integration - monitoring - security - Resources to Be Protected - Identity Management

UNIT IV DEVOPS AUTOMATION TOOLS

9+6

Infrastructure Automation- Configuration Management - Deployment Automation - Performance Management - Log Management -Monitoring.

UNIT V MLOPS**9+6**

MLOps - Definition - Challenges -Developing Models - Deploying to production - Model Governance - Real world examples

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Creating a new Git repository, cloning existing repository, Checking changes into a Git repository, Pushing changes to a Git remote, Creating a Git branch
2. Installing Docker container on windows/Linux, issuing docker commands
3. Building Docker Images for Python Application
4. Setting up Docker and Maven in Jenkins and First Pipeline Run
5. Running Unit Tests and Integration Tests in Jenkins Pipelines

COURSE OUTCOMES:**CO1:** Implement modern software Engineering process**CO2:** work with DevOps platform**CO3:** build, test and deploy code**CO4:** Explore DevOps tools**CO5:** Correlate MLOps concepts with real time examples**TOTAL:75 PERIODS****REFERENCES**

1. Len Bass, Ingo Weber and Liming Zhu, —"DevOps: A Software Architect's Perspective", Pearson Education, 2016
2. Joakim Verona - "Practical DevOps" - Packet Publishing , 2016
3. Viktor Farcic -"The DevOps 2.1 Toolkit: Docker Swarm" - Packet Publishing, 2017
4. Mark Treveil, and the Dataiku Team-"Introducing MLOps" - O'Reilly Media- 2020

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	2	1	2	3	-
2	3	2	-	--	3	-
3	3	2	2	3	2	3
4	3	2	1	2	3	-
5	3	2	2	1	2	3
Avg	3	2	1.5	2	2.6	3

MP4292**MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT****L T P C****3 0 2 4****COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To facilitate students to understand android SDK
- To help students to gain basic understanding of Android application development

CO4: Utilize rapid prototyping techniques to design and develop sophisticated mobile interfaces
CO5: Create interactive applications in android using databases with multiple activities including audio, video and notifications and deploy them in marketplace

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Lauren Darcey and Shane Conder, "Android Wireless Application Development", Pearson Education, 2nd ed. (2011)
2. Google Developer Training, "Android Developer Fundamentals Course – Concept Reference", Google Developer Training Team, 2017.
3. Prasanth Kumar Pattnaik,Rajib Mall,"Fundamentals of Mobile Computing",PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd,New Delhi-2012
4. Reto Meier, "Professional Android 2 Application Development", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2010
5. Mark L Murphy, "Beginning Android", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2009
6. Dawn Griffiths and David Griffiths, "Head First Android Development", 1st Edition, O'Reilly SPD Publishers, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-9352131341
7. Erik Hellman, "Android Programming – Pushing the Limits", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2014. ISBN-13: 978-8126547197.
8. Bill Phillips, Chris Stewart and Kristin Marsicano, "Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide", 4th Edition, Big Nerd Ranch Guides, 2019. ISBN-13: 978-0134706054

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	2	-	3	3	-
2	3	1	1	3	-	2
3	3	2	3	3	3	1
4	3	1	1	2	-	3
5	3	2	2	3	3	3
Avg	3	1.6	1.75	2.8	3	2.25

IF4071

DEEP LEARNING

**L T P C
3 0 2 4**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Develop and Train Deep Neural Networks.
- Develop a CNN, R-CNN, Fast R-CNN, Faster-R-CNN, Mask-RCNN for detection and recognition
- Build and train RNNs, work with NLP and Word Embeddings
- The internal structure of LSTM and GRU and the differences between them
- The Auto Encoders for Image Processing

UNIT I DEEP LEARNING CONCEPTS**6**

Fundamentals about Deep Learning. Perception Learning Algorithms. Probabilistic modelling. Early Neural Networks. How Deep Learning different from Machine Learning. Scalars. Vectors. Matrixes, Higher Dimensional Tensors. Manipulating Tensors. Vector Data. Time Series Data. Image Data. Video Data.

UNIT II NEURAL NETWORKS**9**

About Neural Network. Building Blocks of Neural Network. Optimizers. Activation Functions. Loss Functions. Data Pre-processing for neural networks, Feature Engineering. Overfitting and Underfitting. Hyperparameters.

UNIT III CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK**10**

About CNN. Linear Time Invariant. Image Processing Filtering. Building a convolutional neural network. Input Layers, Convolution Layers. Pooling Layers. Dense Layers. Backpropagation Through the Convolutional Layer. Filters and Feature Maps. Backpropagation Through the Pooling Layers. Dropout Layers and Regularization. Batch Normalization. Various Activation Functions. Various Optimizers. LeNet, AlexNet, VGG16, ResNet. Transfer Learning with Image Data. Transfer Learning using Inception Oxford VGG Model, Google Inception Model, Microsoft ResNet Model. R-CNN, Fast R-CNN, Faster R-CNN, Mask-RCNN, YOLO

UNIT VI NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING USING RNN**10**

About NLP & its Toolkits. Language Modeling . Vector Space Model (VSM). Continuous Bag of Words (CBOW). Skip-Gram Model for Word Embedding. Part of Speech (PoS) Global Co-occurrence Statistics–based Word Vectors. Transfer Learning. Word2Vec. Global Vectors for Word Representation GloVe. Backpropagation Through Time. Bidirectional RNNs (BRNN) . Long Short Term Memory (LSTM). Bi-directional LSTM. Sequence-to-Sequence Models (Seq2Seq). Gated recurrent unit GRU.

UNIT V DEEP REINFORCEMENT & UNSUPERVISED LEARNING**10**

About Deep Reinforcement Learning. Q-Learning. Deep Q-Network (DQN). Policy Gradient Methods. Actor-Critic Algorithm. About Autoencoding. Convolutional Auto Encoding. Variational Auto Encoding. Generative Adversarial Networks. Autoencoders for Feature Extraction. Auto Encoders for Classification. Denoising Autoencoders. Sparse Autoencoders

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**30**

1. Feature Selection from Video and Image Data
2. Image and video recognition
3. Image Colorization
4. Aspect Oriented Topic Detection & Sentiment Analysis
5. Object Detection using Autoencoder

COURSE OUTCOMES:**CO1:** Feature Extraction from Image and Video Data**CO2:** Implement Image Segmentation and Instance Segmentation in Images**CO3:** Implement image recognition and image classification using a pretrained network (Transfer Learning)**CO4:** Traffic Information analysis using Twitter Data**CO5:** Autoencoder for Classification & Feature Extraction

REFERENCES

1. Deep Learning A Practitioner's Approach Josh Patterson and Adam Gibson O'Reilly Media, Inc.2017
2. Learn Keras for Deep Neural Networks, Jojo Moolayil, Apress,2018
3. Deep Learning Projects Using TensorFlow 2, Vinita Silaparasetty, Apress, 2020
4. Deep Learning with Python, FRANÇOIS CHOLLET, MANNING SHELTER ISLAND,2017
5. Pro Deep Learning with TensorFlow, Santanu Pattanayak, Apress,2017

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	2	2	-	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	3	3	2
3	2	2	2	3	2	3
4	2	2	1	3	3	3
5	2	2	-	3	2	2
Avg	2	2	1.6	3	2.6	2.6

CP4072

BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIESL T P C
3 0 2 4**COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- This course is intended to study the basics of Blockchain technology.
- During this course the learner will explore various aspects of Blockchain technology like application in various domains.
- By implementing, learners will have idea about private and public Blockchain, and smart contract.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION OF CRYPTOGRAPHY AND BLOCKCHAIN**9**

Introduction to Blockchain, Blockchain Technology Mechanisms & Networks, Blockchain Origins, Objective of Blockchain, Blockchain Challenges, Transactions and Blocks, P2P Systems, Keys as Identity, Digital Signatures, Hashing, and public key cryptosystems, private vs. public Blockchain.

UNIT II BITCOIN AND CRYPTOCURRENCY**9**

Introduction to Bitcoin, The Bitcoin Network, The Bitcoin Mining Process, Mining Developments, Bitcoin Wallets, Decentralization and Hard Forks, Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM), Merkle Tree, Double-Spend Problem, Blockchain and Digital Currency, Transactional Blocks, Impact of Blockchain Technology on Cryptocurrency.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO ETHEREUM**9**

Introduction to Ethereum, Consensus Mechanisms, Metamask Setup, Ethereum Accounts, , Transactions, Receiving Ethers, Smart Contracts.

UNIT-IV INTRODUCTION TO HYPERLEDGER AND SOLIDITY PROGRAMMING 10

Introduction to Hyperledger, Distributed Ledger Technology & its Challenges, Hyperledger & Distributed Ledger Technology, Hyperledger Fabric, Hyperledger Composer. Solidity - Language of Smart Contracts, Installing Solidity & Ethereum Wallet, Basics of Solidity, Layout of a Solidity Source File & Structure of Smart Contracts, General Value Types.

UNIT V BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATIONS 8

Internet of Things, Medical Record Management System, Domain Name Service and Future of Blockchain, Alt Coins.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Create a Simple Blockchain in any suitable programming language.
2. Use Geth to Implement Private Ethereum Block Chain.
3. Build Hyperledger Fabric Client Application.
4. Build Hyperledger Fabric with Smart Contract.
5. Create Case study of Block Chain being used in illegal activities in real world.
6. Using Python Libraries to develop Block Chain Application.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

SUPPLEMENTARY RESOURCES:

- NPTEL online course : <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104220/#>
- Udemy: <https://www.udemy.com/course/build-your-blockchain-az/>
- EDUXLABS Online training :<https://eduxlabs.com/courses/blockchain-technology-training/?tab=tab-curriculum>

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of this course, student will be able to

CO1: Understand and explore the working of Blockchain technology

CO2: Analyze the working of Smart Contracts

CO3: Understand and analyze the working of Hyperledger

CO4: Apply the learning of solidity to build de-centralized apps on Ethereum

CO5: Develop applications on Blockchain

REFERENCES:

1. Imran Bashir, "Mastering Blockchain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization, and Smart Contracts Explained", Second Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018.
2. Narayanan, J. Bonneau, E. Felten, A. Miller, S. Goldfeder, "Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction" Princeton University Press, 2016
3. Antonopoulos, Mastering Bitcoin, O'Reilly Publishing, 2014. .
4. Antonopoulos and G. Wood, "Mastering Ethereum: Building Smart Contracts and Dapps", O'Reilly Publishing, 2018.
5. D. Drescher, Blockchain Basics. Apress, 2017.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	2	1	3	2	2	3
2	2	1	2	3	2	2
3	2	1	3	1	2	1
4	2	1	2	3	2	2
5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Avg	2.00	1.00	2.50	2.25	2.00	2.00

SE4073

EMBEDDED SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

L T P C

3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the architecture of embedded processor, microcontroller, and peripheral devices.
- To interface memory and peripherals with embedded systems.
- To study the embedded network environment.
- To understand challenges in Real time operating systems.
- To study, analyse and design applications on embedded systems.

UNIT I EMBEDDED PROCESSORS

9+6

Embedded Computers – Characteristics of Embedded Computing Applications – Challenges in Embedded Computing System Design – Embedded System Design Process- Formalism for System Design – Structural Description – Behavioural Description – ARM Processor – Intel ATOM Processor.

UNIT II EMBEDDED COMPUTING PLATFORM

9+6

CPU Bus Configuration – Memory Devices and Interfacing – Input/Output Devices and Interfacing – System Design – Development and Debugging – Emulator – Simulator – JTAG Design Example – Alarm Clock – Analysis and Optimization of Performance – Power and Program Size.

UNIT III EMBEDDED NETWORK ENVIRONMENT

9+6

Distributed Embedded Architecture – Hardware And Software Architectures – Networks for Embedded Systems – I2C – CAN Bus – SHARC Link Supports – Ethernet – Myrinet – Internet – Network-based Design – Communication Analysis – System Performance Analysis – Hardware Platform Design – Allocation and Scheduling – Design Example – Elevator Controller.

UNIT IV REAL-TIME CHARACTERISTICS

9+6

Clock Driven Approach – Weighted Round Robin Approach – Priority Driven Approach – Dynamic versus Static Systems – Effective Release Times and Deadlines – Optimality of the Earliest Deadline First (EDF) Algorithm – Challenges in Validating Timing Constraints in Priority Driven Systems – Off-Line versus On-Line Scheduling.

UNIT V SYSTEM DESIGN TECHNIQUES

9+6

Design Methodologies – Requirement Analysis – Specification – System Analysis and Architecture Design – Quality Assurance – Design Examples – Telephone PBX – Ink jet printer – Personal Digital Assistants – Set-Top Boxes.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Study of ARM evaluation system
2. Interfacing ADC and DAC.
3. Interfacing LED and PWM.
4. Interfacing real time clock and serial port.
5. Interfacing keyboard and LCD.
6. Interfacing EPROM and interrupt.
7. Principles of Mailbox.
8. Interrupt performance characteristics of ARM and FPGA.
9. Flashing of LEDs.
10. Interfacing stepper motor and temperature sensor.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand different architectures of embedded processor, microcontroller and peripheral devices. Interface memory and peripherals with embedded systems.

CO2: Interface memory and peripherals with embedded systems.

CO3: Work with embedded network environment.

CO4: Understand challenges in Real time operating systems.

CO5: Design and analyse applications on embedded systems.

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Adrian McEwen, Hakim Cassimally, "Designing the Internet of Things" Wiley Publication, First edition, 2013
2. Andrew N Sloss, D. Symes, C. Wright, Arm system developers guide, Morgan Kaufman/Elsevier, 2006.
3. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madiseti, " Internet of Things: A Hands-on-Approach" VPT First Edition, 2014
4. C. M. Krishna and K. G. Shin, "Real-Time Systems , McGraw-Hill, 1997
5. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis, "Embedded System Design: A Unified Hardware/Software Introduction, John Wiley & Sons.1999
6. Jane.W.S. Liu, "Real-Time systems, Pearson Education Asia,2000
7. Michael J. Pont, "Embedded C, Pearson Education, 2007.
8. Muhammad Ali Mazidi , SarmadNaimi , SepehrNaimi, "The AVR Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C" Pearson Education, First edition, 2014
9. Steve Heath, "Embedded System Design, Elsevier, 2005
10. Wayne Wolf, "Computers as Components:Principles of Embedded Computer System Design, Elsevier, 2006.

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	2	-	3	2	-	-
2	-	-	-	3	3	2
3	-	1	2	1	2	2
4	2	2	-	-	3	-
5	3	3	1	-	1	-
Avg	1.3	2	2	2	2.25	2

IF4291

FULL STACK WEB APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

L T P C
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Develop TypeScript Application
- Develop Single Page Application (SPA)
- Able to communicate with a server over the HTTP protocol
- Learning all the tools need to start building applications with Node.js
- Implement the Full Stack Development using MEAN Stack

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS & TYPESCRIPT LANGUAGE

10

Server-Side Web Applications. Client-Side Web Applications. Single Page Application. About TypeScript. Creating TypeScript Projects. TypeScript Data Types. Variables. Expression and Operators. Functions. OOP in Typescript. Interfaces. Generics. Modules. Enums. Decorators. Enums. Iterators. Generators.

UNIT II ANGULAR

10

About Angular. Angular CLI. Creating an Angular Project. Components. Components Interaction. Dynamic Components. Angular Elements. Angular Forms. Template Driven Forms. Property, Style, Class and Event Binding. Two way Bindings. Reactive Forms. Form Group. Form Controls. About Angular Router. Router Configuration. Router State. Navigation Pages. Router Link. Query Parameters. URL matching. Matching Strategies. Services. Dependency Injection. HttpClient. Read Data from the Server. CRUD Operations. Http Header Operations. Intercepting requests and responses.

UNIT III NODE.js

10

About Node.js. Configuring Node.js environment. Node Package Manager NPM. Modules. Asynchronous Programming. Call Stack and Event Loop. Callback functions. Callback errors. Abstracting callbacks. Chaining callbacks. File System. Synchronous vs. asynchronous I/O. Path and directory operations. File Handle. File Synchronous API. File Asynchronous API. File Callback API. Timers. Scheduling Timers. Timers Promises API. Node.js Events. Event Emitter. Event Target and Event API. Buffers. Buffers and TypedArrays. Buffers and iteration. Using buffers for binary data. Flowing vs. non-flowing streams. JSON.

UNIT IV EXPRESS.Js**7**

Express.js. How Express.js Works. Configuring Express.js App Settings. Defining Routes. Starting the App. Express.js Application Structure. Configuration, Settings. Middleware. body-parser. cookie-parser. express-session. response-time. Template Engine. Jade. EJS. Parameters. Routing. router.route(path). Router Class. Request Object. Response Object. Error Handling. RESTful.

UNIT V MONGODB**8**

Introduction to MongoDB. Documents. Collections. Subcollections. Database. Data Types. Dates. Arrays. Embedded Documents. CRUD Operations. Batch Insert. Insert Validation. Querying The Documents. Cursors. Indexing. Unique Indexes. Sparse Indexes. Special Index and Collection Types. Full-Text Indexes. Geospatial Indexing. Aggregation framework.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**30**

1. Accessing the Weather API from Angular
2. Accessing the Stock Market API from Angular
3. Call the Web Services of Express.js From Angular
4. Read the data in Node.js from MongoDB
5. CRUD operation in MongoDB using Angular

COURSE OUTCOMES:**CO1:** Develop basic programming skills using Javascript**CO2:** Implement a front-end web application using Angular.**CO3:** Will be able to create modules to organise the server**CO4:** Build RESTful APIs with Node, Express and MongoDB with confidence.**CO5:** Will learn to Store complex, relational data in MongoDB using Mongoose**TOTAL : 45 + 30=75 PERIODS****REFERENCES**

1. Adam Freeman, Essential TypeScript, Apress, 2019
2. Mark Clow, Angular Projects, Apress, 2018
3. Alex R. Young, Marc Harter, Node.js in Practice, Manning Publication, 2014
4. Pro Express.js, Azat Mardan, Apress, 2015
5. MongoDB in Action, Kyle Banker, Peter Bakkum, Shaun Verch, Douglas Garrett, Tim Hawkins, Manning Publication, Second edition, 2016

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	-	-	2	3	3	3
2	-	-	2	3	3	3
3	2	-	1	-	3	3

4	2	-	2	-	3	3
5	3	3	-	-	3	3
Avg	2.33	3	1.75	3	3	3

CP4071

BIO INFORMATICS

L T P C
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Exposed to the need for Bioinformatics technologies
- Be familiar with the modeling techniques
- Learn microarray analysis
- Exposed to Pattern Matching and Visualization
- To know about Microarray Analysis

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Need for Bioinformatics technologies – Overview of Bioinformatics technologies
Structural bioinformatics – Data format and processing – Secondary resources and applications –
Role of Structural bioinformatics – Biological Data Integration System.

UNIT II DATAWAREHOUSING AND DATAMINING IN BIOINFORMATICS

9

Bioinformatics data – Data warehousing architecture – data quality – Biomedical data analysis –
DNA data analysis – Protein data analysis – Machine learning – Neural network architecture
and applications in bioinformatics.

UNIT III MODELING FOR BIOINFORMATICS

9

Hidden Markov modeling for biological data analysis – Sequence identification –
Sequence classification – multiple alignment generation – Comparative modeling –Protein
modeling – genomic modeling – Probabilistic modeling – Bayesian networks – Boolean networks –
Molecular modeling – Computer programs for molecular modeling.

UNIT IV PATTERN MATCHING AND VISUALIZATION

9

Gene regulation – motif recognition – motif detection – strategies for motif detection – Visualization
– Fractal analysis – DNA walk models – one dimension – two dimension – higher dimension –
Game representation of biological sequences – DNA, Protein, Amino acid sequences.

UNIT V MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

9

Microarray technology for genome expression study – image analysis for data extraction –
preprocessing – segmentation – gridding – spot extraction – normalization, filtering – cluster
analysis – gene network analysis – Compared Evaluation of Scientific Data Management Systems
– Cost Matrix – Evaluation model – Benchmark – Tradeoffs.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Manipulating DNA strings
2. Use Protein Data Bank to visualize and Analyze the Proteins from protein database
3. Explore the Human Genome with the SciPy Stack

4. Hidden Markov Model for Biological Sequence
5. Molecular Modeling using MMTK package
6. Sequence Alignment using Biopython, Pairwise and multiple sequence alignment using ClustalW and BLAST
7. Simple generation and manipulation of genome graphs
8. DNA data handling using Biopython
9. Chaos Game Representation of a genetic sequence
10. Visualize the microarray data using Heatmap

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the different Data formats

CO2: Develop machine learning algorithms.

CO3: Develop models for biological data.

CO4: Apply pattern matching techniques to bioinformatics data – protein data genomic data.

CO5: Apply micro array technology for genomic expression study.

TOTAL: 45 +30=75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Yi-Ping Phoebe Chen (Ed), "Bioinformatics Technologies", First Indian Reprint, Springer Verlag, 2007.
2. Bryan Bergeron, "Bio Informatics Computing", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
3. Arthur M Lesk, "Introduction to Bioinformatics", Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2019

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	1	1	-	-	-	3
2	1	1	2	2	1	2
3	1	2	1	1	3	3
4	1	2	2	2	2	2
5	1	2	1	-	2	3
Avg	1.00	1.60	1.50	1.67	2.00	2.60

MP4291

CYBER PHYSICAL SYSTEMS

**L T P C
3 0 2 4**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn about the principles of cyber-physical systems
- To familiarize with the basic requirements of CPS.
- To know about CPS models
- To facilitate the students to understand the CPS foundations
- To make the students explore the applications and platforms.
- To provide introduction to practical aspects of cyber physical systems.
- To equip students with essential tools to implement CPS.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CYBER-PHYSICAL SYSTEMS 6

Cyber-Physical Systems(CPS)-Emergence of CPS, Key Features of Cyber-Physical Systems,, CPS Drivers-Synchronous Model : Reactive Components, Properties of Components, Composing Components, Designs- Asynchronous Model of CPS: Processes, Design Primitives, Coordination Protocols

UNIT II CPS - REQUIREMENTS 12

Safety Specifications: Specifications, Verifying Invariants, Enumerative Search, Symbolic Search-Liveness Requirements: Temporal Logic, Model Checking, Proving Liveness

UNIT III CPS MODELS 9

Dynamical Systems: Continuous, Linear Systems-Time Models, Linear Systems, Designing Controllers, Analysis Techniques- Timed Model: Processes, Protocols, Automata- Hybrid Dynamical Models

UNIT IV CPS FOUNDATIONS 9

Symbolic Synthesis for CPS- Security in CPS-Synchronization of CPS-Real-Time Scheduling for CPS

UNIT V APPLICATIONS AND PLATFORMS 9

Medical CPS- CPS Built on Wireless Sensor Networks- CyberSim User Interface- iClebo Kobuki - iRobot Create- myRIO- Cybersim- Matlab toolboxes - Simulink.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS (30)

1. Installation of Xilinx SDK, LABVIEW, MatLab and Cybersim
2. Installation of, myRIO iRobot Create Wiring, Kobuki Wiring
3. CPS DDesign with the iRobot Create
4. CPS Design with the Kobuki.
5. Write a program in MATLAB to implement open loop system stability.
6. Write a program in MATLAB to implement timed automation.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Explain the core principles behind CPS

CO2: Discuss the requirements of CPS.

CO3: Explain the various models of CPS.

CO4: Describe the foundations of CPS.

CO5: Use the various platforms to implement the CPS.

TOTAL: 45+30=75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Raj Rajkumar, Dionisio De Niz , and Mark Klein, Cyber-Physical Systems, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2016
2. Rajeev Alur, Principles of Cyber-Physical Systems, MIT Press, 2015.
3. Lee, Edward Ashford, and Sanjit Arunkumar Seshia. Introduction to embedded systems: A cyber physical systems approach. 2nd Edition, 2017
4. André Platzer, Logical Analysis of Hybrid Systems: Proving Theorems for Complex

Dynamics., Springer, 2010. 426 pages,ISBN 978-3-642-14508-7.

5. Jean J. Labrosse, Embedded Systems Building Blocks: Complete and Ready-To-Use Modules in C, The publisher, Paul Temme, 2011.
6. Jensen, Jeff, Lee, Edward, A Seshia, Sanjit, An Introductory Lab in Embedded and Cyber-Physical Systems, <http://leeseshia.org/lab>, 2014.
7. documentation | KOBUKI (yujinrobot.com)

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	3	3	-	1	-
2	2	2	2	-	1	--
3	-	-	3	1	-	1
4	-	-	3	1	-	1
5	2	-	2	3	3	3
Avg	2.3	2.5	2.6	1.7	1.7	1.7

MU4291

MIXED REALITY

L T P C
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study about Fundamental Concept and Components of Virtual Reality
- To study about Interactive Techniques in Virtual Reality
- To study about Visual Computation in Virtual Reality
- To study about Augmented and Mixed Reality and Its Applications
- To know about I/O Interfaces and its functions.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO VIRTUAL REALITY

9

Introduction, Fundamental Concept and Components of Virtual Reality. Primary Features and Present Development on Virtual Reality. Computer graphics, Real time computer graphics, Flight Simulation, Virtual environment requirement, benefits of virtual reality, Historical development of VR, Scientific Landmark 3D Computer Graphics: Introduction, The Virtual world space, positioning the virtual observer, the perspective projection, human vision, stereo perspective projection, 3D clipping, Colour theory, Simple 3D modelling, Illumination models, Reflection models, Shading algorithms, Radiosity, Hidden Surface Removal, Realism Stereographic image.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on uses of MR applications.
- Videos – Experience the virtual reality effect.
- Assignment on comparison of VR with traditional multimedia applications.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Applications of MR.
- Quizzes on the displayed video and the special effects

UNIT II INTERACTIVE TECHNIQUES IN VIRTUAL REALITY 9

Introduction, from 2D to 3D, 3D spaces curves, 3D boundary representation Geometrical Transformations: Introduction, Frames of reference, Modeling transformations, Instances, Picking, Flying, Scaling the VE, Collision detection Generic VR system: Introduction, Virtual environment, Computer environment, VR technology, Model of interaction, VR Systems.

Suggested Activities:

- Flipped classroom on modeling three dimensional objects.
- External learning – Collision detection algorithms.
- Practical – Creating three dimensional models.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Three dimensional modeling techniques.
- Brainstorming session on collision detection algorithms.
- Demonstration of three dimensional scene creation.

UNIT III VISUAL COMPUTATION IN VIRTUAL REALITY 9

Animating the Virtual Environment: Introduction, The dynamics of numbers, Linear and Nonlinear interpolation, the animation of objects, linear and non-linear translation, shape & object inbetweening, free from deformation, particle system. Physical Simulation: Introduction, Objects falling in a gravitational field, Rotating wheels, Elastic collisions, projectiles, simple pendulum, springs, Flight dynamics of an aircraft.

Suggested Activities:

- External learning – Different types of programming toolkits and Learn different types of available VR applications.
- Practical – Create VR scenes using any toolkit and develop applications.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – VR tool comparison.
- Brainstorming session on tools and technologies used in VR.
- Demonstration of the created VR applications.

UNIT IV AUGMENTED AND MIXED REALITY 9

Taxonomy, technology and features of augmented reality, difference between AR and VR, Challenges with AR, AR systems and functionality, Augmented reality methods, visualization techniques for augmented reality, wireless displays in educational augmented reality applications, mobile projection interfaces, marker-less tracking for augmented reality, enhancing interactivity in AR environments, evaluating AR systems

Suggested Activities:

- External learning - AR Systems

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Brainstorming session different AR systems and environments.

UNIT V I/O INTERFACE IN VR & APPLICATION OF VR 9

Human factors: Introduction, the eye, the ear, the somatic senses. VR Hardware: Introduction, sensor hardware, Head-coupled displays, Acoustic hardware, Integrated VR systems. VR Software: Introduction, Modeling virtual world, Physical simulation, VR toolkits, Introduction to

VRML, Input -- Tracker, Sensor, Digitalglobe, Movement Capture, Video-based Input, 3D Menus & 3DScanner etc. Output -- Visual /Auditory / Haptic Devices. VR Technology in Film & TV Production. VR Technology in Physical Exercises and Games. Demonstration of Digital Entertainment by VR.

Suggested Activities:

- External learning – Different types of sensing and tracking devices for creating mixed reality environments.
- Practical – Create MR scenes using any toolkit and develop applications.

Suggested Evaluation Methods:

- Tutorial – Mobile Interface Design.
- Brainstorming session on wearable computing devices and games design.
- Demonstration and evaluation of the developed MR application.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

PRACTICALS:

1. Study of tools like Unity, Maya, 3DS MAX, AR toolkit, Vuforia and Blender.
2. Use the primitive objects and apply various projection methods by handling the camera.
3. Download objects from asset stores and apply various lighting and shading effects.
4. Model three dimensional objects using various modeling techniques and apply textures over them.
5. Create three dimensional realistic scenes and develop simple virtual reality enabled mobile applications which have limited interactivity.
6. Add audio and text special effects to the developed application.
7. Develop VR enabled applications using motion trackers and sensors incorporating full haptic interactivity.
8. Develop AR enabled applications with interactivity like E learning environment, Virtual walkthroughs and visualization of historic places.
9. Develop MR enabled simple applications like human anatomy visualization, DNA/RNA structure visualization and surgery simulation.
10. Develop simple MR enabled gaming applications.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the Fundamental Concept and Components of Virtual Reality

CO2: Able to know the Interactive Techniques in Virtual Reality

CO3: Can know about Visual Computation in Virtual Reality

CO4: Able to know the concepts of Augmented and Mixed Reality and Its Applications

CO5: Know about I/O Interfaces and its functions.

TOTAL:45+30=75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Burdea, G. C. and P. Coffet. Virtual Reality Technology, Second Edition. Wiley-IEEE Press, 2003/2006.
2. Alan B. Craig, Understanding Augmented Reality, Concepts and Applications, Morgan Kaufmann, First Edition 2013.
3. Alan Craig, William Sherman and Jeffrey Will, Developing Virtual Reality Applications, Foundations of Effective Design, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.
4. John Vince, "Virtual Reality Systems ", Pearson Education Asia, 2007.
5. Adams, "Visualizations of Virtual Reality", Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.
6. Grigore C. Burdea, Philippe Coiffet , "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley Inter Science, 2nd

Edition, 2006.

7. William R. Sherman, Alan B. Craig, "Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design", Morgan Kaufmann, 2008

CO-PO Mapping

CO	POs					
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1	3	1	3	1	-	-
2	3	-	3	-	1	-
3	3	1	-	-	1	-
4	-	-	-	-	1	-
5	-	1	3	-	-	2
Avg	3	1	3	1	1	2

AUDIT COURSES

AX4091

ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

L T P C
2 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Teach how to improve writing skills and level of readability
- Tell about what to write in each section
- Summarize the skills needed when writing a Title
- Infer the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- Ensure the quality of paper at very first-time submission

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

6

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

UNIT II PRESENTATION SKILLS

6

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction

UNIT III TITLE WRITING SKILLS

6

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check

UNIT IV RESULT WRITING SKILLS

6

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions

UNIT V VERIFICATION SKILLS**6**

Useful phrases, checking Plagiarism, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- CO1 –Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability
- CO2 – Learn about what to write in each section
- CO3 – Understand the skills needed when writing a Title
- CO4 – Understand the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- CO5 – Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

REFERENCES:

1. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
2. Day R How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 2006
3. Goldbort R Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 2006
4. Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's
5. book 1998.

AX4092**DISASTER MANAGEMENT****L T P C
2 0 0 0****COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Summarize basics of disaster
- Explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- Illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- Describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- Develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**6**

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard And Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

UNIT II REPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZARDS**6**

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

UNIT III DISASTER PRONE AREAS IN INDIA**6**

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods and Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

UNIT IV DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT 6

Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

UNIT V RISK ASSESSMENT 6

Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to summarize basics of disaster

CO2: Ability to explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.

CO3: Ability to illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.

CO4: Ability to describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.

CO5: Ability to develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

REFERENCES:

1. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,2009.
2. NishithaRai, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company,2007.
3. Sahni, Pradeep Et.Al. ," Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall OfIndia, New Delhi,2001.

AX4093

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

L T P C

2 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional
- Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution 1917 And its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

UNIT II PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Preamble, Salient Features

UNIT III CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT IV ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT V LOCAL ADMINISTRATION

District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Panchayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy(Different departments), Village level:Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT VI ELECTION COMMISSION

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party[CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

SUGGESTED READING

1. The Constitution of India,1950(Bare Act),Government Publication.
2. Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution,1st Edition, 2015.
3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., LexisNexis,2014.
4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, LexisNexis, 2015.

AX4094

நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்

**L T P C
2 0 0 0**

UNIT I

சங்க இலக்கியம்

6

1. தமிழின் துவக்க நூல் தொல்காப்பியம்
- எழுத்து, சொல், பொருள்
2. அகநானூறு (82)

- இயற்கை இன்னிசை அரங்கம்
- 3. குறிஞ்சிப் பாட்டின் மலர்க்காட்சி
- 4. புறநானூறு (95,195)
 - போரை நிறுத்திய ஔவையார்

UNIT II அறநெறித் தமிழ் 6

1. அறநெறி வகுத்த திருவள்ளுவர்
 - அறம் வலியுறுத்தல், அன்புடைமை, ஒப்புறவு அறிதல், ஈகை, புகழ்
2. பிற அறநூல்கள் - இலக்கிய மருந்து
 - ஏலாதி, சிறுபஞ்சமூலம், திரிகடுகம், ஆசாரக்கோவை (தூய்மையை வலியுறுத்தும் நூல்)

UNIT III இரட்டைக் காப்பியங்கள் 6

1. கண்ணகியின் புரட்சி
 - சிலப்பதிகார வழக்குரை காதை
2. சமூகசேவை இலக்கியம் மணிமேகலை
 - சிறைக்கோட்டம் அறக்கோட்டமாகிய காதை

UNIT IV அருள்நெறித் தமிழ் 6

1. சிறுபாணாற்றுப்படை
 - பாரி முல்லைக்குத் தேர் கொடுத்தது, பேகன் மயிலுக்குப் போர்வை கொடுத்தது, அதியமான் ஔவைக்கு நெல்லிக்கனி கொடுத்தது, அரசர் பண்புகள்
2. நற்றிணை
 - அன்னைக்குரிய புன்னை சிறப்பு
3. திருமந்திரம் (617, 618)
 - இயமம் நியமம் விதிகள்
4. தர்மச்சாலையை நிறுவிய வள்ளலார்
5. புறநானூறு
 - சிறுவனே வள்ளலானான்
6. அகநானூறு (4) - வண்டு
 நற்றிணை (11) - நண்டு
 கலித்தொகை (11) - யானை, புறா
 ஐந்திணை 50 (27) - மான்
 ஆகியவை பற்றிய செய்திகள்

UNIT V நவீன தமிழ் இலக்கியம் 6

1. உரைநடைத் தமிழ்,
 - தமிழின் முதல் புதினம்,
 - தமிழின் முதல் சிறுகதை,
 - கட்டுரை இலக்கியம்,
 - பயண இலக்கியம்,

- நாடகம்,
- 2. நாட்டு விடுதலை போராட்டமும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
- 3. சமுதாய விடுதலையும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
- 4. பெண் விடுதலையும் விளிம்பு நிலையினரின் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
- 5. அறிவியல் தமிழ்,
- 6. இணையத்தில் தமிழ்,
- 7. சுற்றுச்சூழல் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியம்.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

தமிழ் இலக்கிய வெளியீடுகள் / புத்தகங்கள்

1. தமிழ் இணைய கல்விக்கழகம் (Tamil Virtual University)
- www.tamilvu.org
2. தமிழ் விக்கிப்பீடியா (Tamil Wikipedia)
-https://ta.wikipedia.org
3. தர்மபுர ஆதீன வெளியீடு
4. வாழ்வியல் களஞ்சியம்
- தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்
5. தமிழ்கலைக் களஞ்சியம்
- தமிழ் வளர்ச்சித் துறை (thamilvalarchithurai.com)
6. அறிவியல் களஞ்சியம்
- தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்

OCE431

INTEGRATED WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

**LT P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVE

- Students will be introduced to the concepts and principles of IWRM, which is inclusive of the economics, public-private partnership, water & health, water & food security and legal & regulatory settings.

UNIT I

CONTEXT FOR IWRM

9

Water as a global issue: key challenges – Definition of IWRM within the broader context of development – Key elements of IWRM - Principles – Paradigm shift in water management - Complexity of the IWRM process – UN World Water Assessment - SDGs.

UNIT II

WATER ECONOMICS

9

Economic view of water issues: economic characteristics of water good and services – Non-market monetary valuation methods – Water economic instruments – Private sector involvement in water resources management: PPP objectives, PPP models, PPP processes, PPP experiences through case studies.

UNIT III

LEGAL AND REGULATORY SETTINGS

9

Basic notion of law and governance: principles of international and national law in the area of water management - Understanding UN law on non-navigable uses of international water courses –

International law for groundwater management – World Water Forums – Global Water Partnerships - Development of IWRM in line with legal and regulatory framework.

UNIT IV WATER AND HEALTH WITHIN THE IWRM CONTEXT 9

Links between water and health: options to include water management interventions for health – Health protection and promotion in the context of IWRM – Global burden of Diseases - Health impact assessment of water resources development projects – Case studies.

UNIT V AGRICULTURE IN THE CONCEPT OF IWRM 9

Water for food production: ‘blue’ versus ‘green’ water debate – Water foot print - Virtual water trade for achieving global water and food security -- Irrigation efficiencies, irrigation methods - current water pricing policy– scope to relook pricing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

- On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to

CO1 Describe the context and principles of IWRM; Compare the conventional and integrated ways of water management.

CO2 Select the best economic option among the alternatives; illustrate the pros and cons of PPP through case studies.

CO3 Apply law and governance in the context of IWRM.

CO4 Discuss the linkages between water-health; develop a HIA framework.

CO5 Analyse how the virtual water concept pave way to alternate policy options.

REFERENCES:

1. Cech Thomas V., Principles of water resources: history, development, management and policy. John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York. 2003.
2. Mollinga .P. etal “ Integrated Water Resources Management”, Water in South Asia Volume I, Sage Publications, 2006.
3. Technical Advisory Committee, Integrated Water Resources management, Technical Advisory Committee Background Paper No: 4. Global water partnership, Stockholm, Sweden. 2002.
4. Technical Advisory Committee, Dublin principles for water as reflected in comparative assessment of institutional and legal arrangements for Integrated Water Resources Management, Technical Advisory Committee Background paper No: 3. Global water partnership, Stockholm, Sweden. 1999.
5. Technical Advisory Committee, Effective Water Governance”. Technical Advisory Committee Background paper No: 7. Global water partnership, Stockholm, Sweden, 2003.

OCE432

WATER, SANITATION AND HEALTH

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the accelerating health impacts due to the present managerial aspects and initiatives in water and sanitation and health sectors in the developing scenario

4. Sen, Amartya 1997. On Economic Inequality. Enlarged edition, with annex by James Foster and Amartya Sen, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1997.
5. Intersectoral Water Allocation Planning and Management, 2000, World Bank Publishers www. Amazon.com
6. Third World Network.org (www.twn.org).

OCE433

PRINCIPLES OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge on environmental, social and economic dimensions of sustainability and the principles evolved through landmark events so as to develop an action mindset for sustainable development.

UNIT I SUSTAINABILITY AND DEVELOPMENT CHALLENGES 9

Definition of sustainability – environmental, economical and social dimensions of sustainability - sustainable development models – strong and weak sustainability – defining development-millennium development goals – mindsets for sustainability: earthly, analytical, precautionary, action and collaborative– syndromes of global change: utilisation syndromes, development syndromes, and sink syndromes – core problems and cross cutting Issues of the 21 century - global, regional and local environmental issues – social insecurity - resource degradation –climate change – desertification.

UNIT II PRINCIPLES AND FRAME WORK 9

History and emergence of the concept of sustainable development - our common future - Stockholm to Rio plus 20– Rio Principles of sustainable development – Agenda 21 natural step-peoples earth charter – business charter for sustainable development –UN Global Compact - Role of civil society, business and government – United Nations’ 2030 Agenda for sustainable development – 17 sustainable development goals and targets, indicators and intervention areas

UNIT III SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND WELLBEING 9

The Unjust World and inequities - Quality of Life - Poverty, Population and Pollution - Combating Poverty - - Demographic dynamics of sustainability - Strategies to end Rural and Urban Poverty and Hunger – Sustainable Livelihood Framework- Health, Education and Empowerment of Women, Children, Youth, Indigenous People, Non-Governmental Organizations, Local Authorities and Industry for Prevention, Precaution , Preservation and Public participation.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABLE SOCIO-ECONOMIC SYSTEMS 10

Sustainable Development Goals and Linkage to Sustainable Consumption and Production – Investing in Natural Capital- Agriculture, Forests, Fisheries - Food security and nutrition and sustainable agriculture- Water and sanitation - Biodiversity conservation and Ecosystem integrity – Ecotourism - Sustainable Cities – Sustainable Habitats- Green Buildings - Sustainable Transportation — Sustainable Mining - Sustainable Energy– Climate Change –Mitigation and Adaptation - Safeguarding Marine Resources - Financial Resources and Mechanisms

UNIT V ASSESSING PROGRESS AND WAY FORWARD

8

Nature of sustainable development strategies and current practice- Sustainability in global, regional and national context –Approaches to measuring and analysing sustainability– limitations of GDP- Ecological Footprint- Human Development Index- Human Development Report – National initiatives for Sustainable Development - Hurdles to Sustainability - Science and Technology for sustainable development –Performance indicators of sustainability and Assessment mechanism – Inclusive Green Growth and Green Economy – National Sustainable Development Strategy Planning and National Status of Sustainable Development Goals

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to
- CO1 Explain and evaluate current challenges to sustainability, including modern world social, environmental, and economic structures and crises.
 - CO2 Identify and critically analyze the social environmental, and economic dimensions of sustainability in terms of UN Sustainable development goals
 - CO3 Develop a fair understanding of the social, economic and ecological linkage of Human well being, production and consumption
 - CO4 Evaluate sustainability issues and solutions using a holistic approach that focuses on connections between complex human and natural systems.
 - CO5 Integrate knowledge from multiple sources and perspectives to understand environmental limits governing human societies and economies and social justice dimensions of sustainability.

REFERENCES:

1. Tom Theis and Jonathan Tomkin, Sustainability: A Comprehensive Foundation, Rice University, Houston, Texas, 2012
2. A guide to SDG interactions:from science to implementation, International Council for Science, Paris,2017
3. Karel Mulder, Sustainable Development for Engineers - A Handbook and Resource Guide, Rouledge Taylor and Francis, 2017.
4. The New Global Frontier - Urbanization, Poverty and Environmentin the 21st Century - *George Martine,Gordon McGranahan,Mark Montgomery and Rogelio Fernández-Castilla*, IIED and UNFPA, Earthscan, UK, 2008
5. Nolberto Munier, Introduction to Sustainability: Road to a Better Future, Springer, 2006
6. Barry Dalal Clayton and Stephen Bass, Sustainable Development Strategies- a resource book”, Earthscan Publications Ltd, London, 2002.

OCE434

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students to understand environmental clearance, its legal requirements and to provide knowledge on overall methodology of EIA, prediction tools and models, environmental management plan and case studies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Historical development of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA). Environmental Clearance- EIA in project cycle. legal and regulatory aspects in India – types and limitations of EIA –EIA process- screening – scoping - terms of reference in EIA- setting – analysis – mitigation. Cross sectoral

issues –public hearing in EIA- EIA consultant accreditation.

UNIT II IMPACT IDENTIFICATION AND PREDICTION 10

Matrices – networks – checklists – cost benefit analysis – analysis of alternatives – expert systems in EIA. prediction tools for EIA – mathematical modeling for impact prediction – assessment of impacts – air – water – soil – noise – biological — cumulative impact assessment

UNIT III SOCIO-ECONOMIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT 8

Socio-economic impact assessment - relationship between social impacts and change in community and institutional arrangements. factors and methodologies- individual and family level impacts. communities in transition-rehabilitation

UNIT IV EIA DOCUMENTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN 9

Environmental management plan - preparation, implementation and review – mitigation and rehabilitation plans – policy and guidelines for planning and monitoring programmes – post project audit – documentation of EIA findings – ethical and quality aspects of environmental impact assessment

UNIT V CASE STUDIES 9

Mining, power plants, cement plants, highways, petroleum refining industry, storage & handling of hazardous chemicals, common hazardous waste facilities, CETPs, CMSWMF, building and construction projects

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- On completion of the course, the student is expected to be able to

CO1	Understand need for environmental clearance, its legal procedure, need of EIA, its types, stakeholders and their roles
CO2	Understand various impact identification methodologies, prediction techniques and model of impacts on various environments
CO3	Understand relationship between social impacts and change in community due to development activities and rehabilitation methods
CO4	Document the EIA findings and prepare environmental management and monitoring plan
CO5	Identify, predict and assess impacts of similar projects based on case studies

REFERENCES:

1. EIA Notification 2006 including recent amendments, by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India
2. Sectoral Guidelines under EIA Notification by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India
3. Canter, L.W., Environmental Impact Assessment, McGraw Hill, New York. 1996
4. Lawrence, D.P., Environmental Impact Assessment – Practical solutions to recurrent problems, Wiley-Interscience, New Jersey. 2003
5. Lee N. and George C. 2000. Environmental Assessment in Developing and Transitional Countries. Chichester: Willey

6. World Bank –Source book on EIA ,1999
7. Sam Mannan, Lees' Loss Prevention in the Process Industries, Hazard Identification Assessment and Control, 4th Edition, Butterworth Heineman, 2012.

OME431 VIBRATION AND NOISE CONTROL STRATEGIES L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To appreciate the basic concepts of vibration in damped and undamped systems
- To appreciate the basic concepts of noise, its effect on hearing and related terminology
- To use the instruments for measuring and analyzing the vibration levels in a body
- To use the instruments for measuring and analyzing the noise levels in a system
- To learn the standards of vibration and noise levels and their control techniques

UNIT- I BASICS OF VIBRATION 9

Introduction – Sources and causes of Vibration-Mathematical Models - Displacement, velocity and Acceleration - Classification of vibration: free and forced vibration, undamped and damped vibration, linear and non-linear vibration - Single Degree Freedom Systems - Vibration isolation - Determination of natural frequencies

UNIT- II BASICS OF NOISE 9

Introduction - Anatomy of human ear - Mechanism of hearing - Amplitude, frequency, wavelength and sound pressure level - Relationship between sound power, sound intensity and sound pressure level - Addition, subtraction and averaging decibel levels - sound spectra -Types of sound fields - Octave band analysis - Loudness.

UNIT- III INSTRUMENTATION FOR VIBRATION MEASUREMENT 9

Experimental Methods in Vibration Analysis.- Vibration Measuring Instruments - Selection of Sensors - Accelerometer Mountings - Vibration Exciters - Mechanical, Hydraulic, Electromagnetic and Electrodynamics – Frequency Measuring Instruments -. System Identification from Frequency Response -Testing for resonance and mode shapes

UNIT- IV INSTRUMENTATION FOR NOISE MEASUREMENT AND ANALYSIS 9

Microphones - Weighting networks - Sound Level meters, its classes and calibration - Noise measurements using sound level meters - Data Loggers - Sound exposure meters - Recording of noise - Spectrum analyser - Intensity meters - Energy density sensors - Sound source localization.

UNIT- V METHODS OF VIBRATION CONTROL, SOURCES OF NOISE AND ITS CONTROL 9

Specification of Vibration Limits – Vibration severity standards - Vibration as condition Monitoring Tool – Case Studies - Vibration Isolation methods - Dynamic Vibration Absorber – Need for Balancing - Static and Dynamic Balancing machines – Field balancing - Major sources of noise - Noise survey techniques – Measurement technique for vehicular noise - Road vehicles Noise standard – Noise due to construction equipment and domestic appliances – Industrial noise sources and its strategies – Noise control at the source – Noise control along the path – Acoustic Barriers – Noise control at the receiver -- Sound transmission through barriers – Noise reduction Vs Transmission loss - Enclosures

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

1. apply the basic concepts of vibration in damped and undamped systems
2. apply the basic concepts of noise and to understand its effects on systems
3. select the instruments required for vibration measurement and its analysis
4. select the instruments required for noise measurement and its analysis.
5. recognize the noise sources and to control the vibration levels in a body and to control noise under different strategies.

REFERENCES:

1. Singiresu S. Rao, "Mechanical Vibrations", Pearson Education Incorporated, 2017.
2. Graham Kelly. Sand Shashidhar K. Kudari, "Mechanical Vibrations", Tata McGraw –Hill Publishing Com. Ltd., 2007.
3. Ramamurti. V, "Mechanical Vibration Practice with Basic Theory", Narosa Publishing House, 2000.
4. William T. Thomson, "Theory of Vibration with Applications", Taylor & Francis, 2003.
5. G.K. Grover, "Mechanical Vibrations", Nem Chand and Bros.,Roorkee, 2014.
6. A.G. Ambekar, "Mechanical Vibrations and Noise Engineering", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2014.
7. David A. Bies and Colin H. Hansen, "Engineering Noise Control – Theory and Practice", Spon Press, London and New York, 2009.

OME432 ENERGY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT IN DOMESTIC SECTORS

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COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the present energy scenario and the need for energy conservation.
- To understand the different measures for energy conservation in utilities.
- Acquaint students with principle theories, materials, and construction techniques to create energy efficient buildings.
- To identify the energy demand and bridge the gap with suitable technology for sustainable habitat
- To get familiar with the energy technology, current status of research and find the ways to optimize a system as per the user requirement

UNIT I ENERGY SCENARIO 9

Primary energy resources - Sectorial energy consumption (domestic, industrial and other sectors), Energy pricing, Energy conservation and its importance, Energy Conservation Act-2001 and its features – Energy star rating.

UNIT II HEATING, VENTILLATION & AIR CONDITIONING 9

Basics of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning – COP / EER / SEC Evaluation – SPV system design & optimization for Solar Refrigeration.

UNIT III LIGHTING, COMPUTER, TV 9
 Specification of Luminaries – Types – Efficacy – Selection & Application – Time Sensors – Occupancy Sensors – Energy conservation measures in computer – Television – Electronic devices.

UNIT IV ENERGY EFFICIENT BUILDINGS 9
 Conventional versus Energy efficient buildings – Landscape design – Envelope heat loss and heat gain – Passive cooling and heating – Renewable sources integration.

UNIT V ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES 9
 Necessity & types of energy storage – Thermal energy storage – Battery energy storage, charging and discharging– Hydrogen energy storage & Super capacitors – energy density and safety issues – Applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand technical aspects of energy conservation scenario.
2. Energy audit in any type for domestic buildings and suggest the conservation measures.
3. Perform building load estimates and design the energy efficient landscape system.
4. Gain knowledge to utilize an appliance/device sustainably.
5. Understand the status and current technological advancement in energy storage field.

REFERENCES:

1. Yogi Goswami, Frank Kreith, Energy Efficiency and Renewable energy Handbook, CRC Press, 2016
2. ASHRAE Handbook 2020 – HVAC Systems & Equipment
3. Paolo Bertoldi, Andrea Ricci, Anibal de Almeida, Energy Efficiency in Household Appliances and Lighting, Conference proceedings, Springer, 2001
4. David A. Bainbridge, Ken Haggard, Kenneth L. Haggard, Passive Solar Architecture: Heating, Cooling, Ventilation, Daylighting, and More Using Natural Flows, Chelsea Green Publishing, 2011.
5. Guide book for National Certification Examination for Energy Managers and Energy Auditors (Could be downloaded from www.energymanagertraining.com)
6. Ibrahim Dincer and Mark A. Rosen, Thermal Energy Storage Systems and Applications, John Wiley & Sons 2002.
7. Robert Huggins, Energy Storage: Fundamentals, Materials and Applications, 2nd edition, Springer, 2015
8. Ru-shiliu, Leizhang, Xueliang sun, Electrochemical technologies for energy storage and conversion, Wiley publications, 2012.

OME433 ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9
 Need - Development - Rapid Prototyping Rapid Tooling – Rapid Manufacturing – Additive Manufacturing. AM Process Chain- Classification – Benefits.

UNIT II DESIGN FOR ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

9

CAD Model Preparation - Part Orientation and Support Structure Generation - Model Slicing - Tool Path Generation Customized Design and Fabrication - Case Studies.

UNIT III VAT POLYMERIZATION

9

Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA)- Materials -Process -Advantages Limitations- Applications. Digital Light Processing (DLP) - Materials – Process - Advantages - Applications. Multi Jet Modelling (MJM) - Principles - Process - Materials - Advantages and Limitations.

UNIT IV MATERIAL EXTRUSION AND SHEET LAMINATION

9

Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM)- Process-Materials - Applications and Limitations. Sheet Lamination Process: Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM)- Basic Principle- Mechanism: Gluing or Adhesive Bonding – Thermal Bonding- Materials- Application and Limitation - Bio-Additive Manufacturing Computer Aided Tissue Engineering (CATE) – Case studies

POWDER BASED PROCESS

Selective Laser Sintering (SLS): Process –Mechanism– Typical Materials and Application- Multi Jet Fusion - Basic Principle-- Materials- Application and Limitation - Three Dimensional Printing - Materials -Process - Benefits and Limitations. Selective Laser Melting (SLM) and Electron Beam Melting (EBM): Materials – Process - Advantages and Applications. Beam Deposition Process: Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS)- Process -Material Delivery - Process Parameters - Materials -Benefits -Applications.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES AND OPPORTUNITIES ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING PROCESSES

9

Education and training - Automobile- pattern and mould - tooling - Building Printing-Bio Printing - medical implants -development of surgical tools Food Printing -Printing Electronics. Business Opportunities and Future Directions - Intellectual Property.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Andreas Gebhardt and Jan-Steffen Hötter “Additive Manufacturing: 3D Printing for Prototyping and Manufacturing”, Hanser publications, United States, 2015, ISBN: 978-1- 56990-582-1.
2. Ian Gibson, David W. Rosen and Brent Stucker “Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing”, 2nd edition, Springer., United States, 2015, ISBN13: 978-1493921126.
3. Amit Bandyopadhyay and Susmita Bose, “Additive Manufacturing”, 1st Edition, CRC Press., United States, 2015, ISBN-13: 978-1482223590
4. Andreas Gebhardt, “Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Manufacturing”, Hanser Gardner Publication, Cincinnati., Ohio, 2011, ISBN :9783446425521.
5. Chua C.K., Leong K.F., and Lim C.S., “Rapid prototyping: Principles and applications”, Third edition, World Scientific Publishers, 2010.

UNIT I NEED FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES 9

History and need for electric and hybrid vehicles, social and environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles, impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies, comparison of diesel, petrol, electric and hybrid vehicles, limitations, technical challenges

UNIT II ELECTRIC VEHICLE ARCHITECTURE 9

Electric vehicle types, layout and power delivery, performance – traction motor characteristics, tractive effort, transmission requirements, vehicle performance, energy consumption, Concepts of hybrid electric drive train, architecture of series and parallel hybrid electric drive train, merits and demerits, mild and full hybrids, plug-in hybrid electric vehicles and range extended hybrid electric vehicles, Fuel cell vehicles.

UNIT III ENERGY STORAGE 9

Batteries – types – lead acid batteries, nickel based batteries, and lithium based batteries, electrochemical reactions, thermodynamic voltage, specific energy, specific power, energy efficiency, Battery modeling and equivalent circuit, battery charging and types, battery cooling, Ultra-capacitors, Flywheel technology, Hydrogen fuel cell, Thermal Management of the PEM fuel cell

UNIT IV ELECTRIC DRIVES AND CONTROL 9

Types of electric motors – working principle of AC and DC motors, advantages and limitations, DC motor drives and control, Induction motor drives and control, PMSM and brushless DC motor - drives and control , AC and Switch reluctance motor drives and control – Drive system efficiency – Inverters – DC and AC motor speed controllers

UNIT V DESIGN OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES 9

Materials and types of production, Chassis skate board design, motor sizing, power pack sizing, component matching, Ideal gear box – Gear ratio, torque–speed characteristics, Dynamic equation of vehicle motion, Maximum tractive effort – Power train tractive effort Acceleration performance, rated vehicle velocity – maximum gradability, Brake performance, Electronic control system, safety and challenges in electric vehicles. Case study of Nissan leaf, Toyota Prius, tesla model 3, and Renault Zoe cars.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**REFERENCES:**

1. Iqbal Hussein, Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, 2nd edition CRC Press, 2011.
2. Mehrdad Ehsani, Yimi Gao, Sebastian E. Gay, Ali Emadi, Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, CRC Press, 2004.
3. James Larminie, John Lowry, Electric Vehicle Technology Explained - Wiley, 2003.
4. Ehsani, M, "Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design", CRC Press, 2005

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main learning objective of this course is to prepare the students for:

- Applying the principles of generic development process; and understanding the organization structure for new product design and development.
- Identifying opportunity and planning for new product design and development.
- Conducting customer need analysis; and setting product specification for new product design and development.
- Generating, selecting, and testing the concepts for new product design and development.
- Applying the principles of Industrial design and prototype for new product design and development.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PRODUCT DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT 9

Introduction – Characteristics of Successful Product Development – People involved in Product Design and Development – Duration and Cost of Product Development – The Challenges of Product Development – The Product Development Process – Concept Development: The Front-End Process – Adapting the Generic Product Development Process – Product Development Process Flows – Product Development Organizations.

UNIT II OPPORTUNITY IDENTIFICATION & PRODUCT PLANNING 9

Opportunity Identification: Definition – Types of Opportunities – Tournament Structure of Opportunity Identification – Effective Opportunity Tournaments – Opportunity Identification Process – Product Planning: Four types of Product Development Projects – The Process of Product Planning.

UNIT III IDENTIFYING CUSTOMER NEEDS & PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS 9

Identifying Customer Needs: The Importance of Latent Needs – The Process of Identifying Customer Needs. Product Specifications: Definition – Time of Specifications Establishment – Establishing Target Specifications – Setting the Final Specifications

UNIT IV CONCEPT GENERATION, SELECTION & TESTING 9

Concept Generation: Activity of Concept Generation – Structured Approach – Five step method of Concept Generation. Concept Selection: Methodology – Concept Screening and Concepts Scoring. Concept testing: Seven Step activities of concept testing.

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL DESIGN & PROTOTYPING 9

Industrial Design: Need and Impact–Industrial Design Process. Prototyping – Principles of Prototyping – Prototyping Technologies – Planning for Prototypes.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Apply the principles of generic development process; and understand the organization structure for new product design and development.
- Identify opportunity and plan for new product design and development.

- Conduct customer need analysis; and set product specification for new product design and development.
- Generate, select, and test the concepts for new product design and development.
- Apply the principles of Industrial design and prototype for design and develop new products.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Ulrich K.T., Eppinger S. D. and Anita Goyal, “Product Design and Development “McGraw-Hill Education; 7 edition, 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. Belz A., 36-Hour Course: “Product Development” McGraw-Hill, 2010.
2. Rosenthal S., “Effective Product Design and Development”, Business One Orwin, Homewood, 1992, ISBN1-55623-603-4.
3. Pugh.S, “Total Design Integrated Methods for Successful Product Engineering”, Addison Wesley Publishing, 1991, ISBN0-202-41639-5.
4. Chitale, A. K. and Gupta, R. C., Product Design and Manufacturing, PHI Learning, 2013.
5. Jamnia, A., Introduction to Product Design and Development for Engineers, CRC Press, 2018.

OBA431

SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT

**LT P C
3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide students with fundamental knowledge of the notion of corporate sustainability.
- To determine how organizations impacts on the environment and socio-technical systems, the relationship between social and environmental performance and competitiveness, the approaches and methods.

UNIT I MANAGEMENT OF SUSTAINABILITY 9

Management of sustainability -rationale and political trends: An introduction to sustainability management, International and European policies on sustainable development, theoretical pillars in sustainability management studies.

UNIT II CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY 9

Corporate sustainability parameter, corporate sustainability institutional framework, integration of sustainability into strategic planning and regular business practices, fundamentals of stakeholder engagement.

UNIT III SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT: STRATEGIES AND APPROACHES 9

Corporate sustainability management and competitiveness: Sustainability-oriented corporate strategies, markets and competitiveness, Green Management between theory and practice, Sustainable Consumption and Green Marketing strategies, Environmental regulation and strategic

postures; Green Management approaches and tools; Green engineering: clean technologies and innovation processes; Sustainable Supply Chain Management and Procurement.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABILITY AND INNOVATION 9

Socio-technical transitions and sustainability, Sustainable entrepreneurship, Sustainable pioneers in green market niches, Smart communities and smart specializations.

UNIT V SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT OF RESOURCES, COMMODITIES AND COMMONS 9

Energy management, Water management, Waste management, Wild Life Conservation, Emerging trends in sustainable management, Case Studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: An understanding of sustainability management as an approach to aid in evaluating and minimizing environmental impacts while achieving the expected social impact.
CO2: An understanding of corporate sustainability and responsible Business Practices
CO3: Knowledge and skills to understand, to measure and interpret sustainability performances.
CO4: Knowledge of innovative practices in sustainable business and community management
CO5: Deep understanding of sustainable management of resources and commodities

REFERENCES:

1. Daddi, T., Iraldo, F., Testa, Environmental Certification for Organizations and Products: Management, 2015
2. Christian N. Madu, Handbook of Sustainability Management 2012
3. Petra Molthan-Hill, The Business Student's Guide to Sustainable Management: Principles and Practice, 2014
4. Margaret Robertson, Sustainability Principles and Practice, 2014
5. Peter Rogers, An Introduction to Sustainable Development, 2006

**OBA432 MICRO AND SMALL BUSINESS MANAGEMENT L T P C
3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize students with the theory and practice of small business management.
- To learn the legal issues faced by small business and how they impact operations.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SMALL BUSINESS 9

Creation, Innovation, entrepreneurship and small business - Defining Small Business –Role of Owner – Manager – government policy towards small business sector –elements of entrepreneurship –evolution of entrepreneurship –Types of Entrepreneurship – social, civic, corporate - Business life cycle - barriers and triggers to new venture creation – process to assist start ups – small business and family business.

UNIT II SCREENING THE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY AND FORMULATING THE BUSINESS PLAN 9

Concepts of opportunity recognition; Key factors leading to new venture failure; New venture screening process; Applying new venture screening process to the early stage small firm Role

planning in small business – importance of strategy formulation – management skills for small business creation and development.

UNIT III BUILDING THE RIGHT TEAM AND MARKETING STRATEGY 9

Management and Leadership – employee assessments – Tuckman’s stages of group development - The entrepreneurial process model - Delegation and team building - Comparison of HR management in small and large firms - Importance of coaching and how to apply a coaching model.

Marketing within the small business - success strategies for small business marketing - customer delight and business generating systems, - market research, - assessing market performance- sales management and strategy - the marketing mix and marketing strategy.

UNIT IV FINANCING SMALL BUSINESS 9

Main sources of entrepreneurial capital; Nature of ‘bootstrap’ financing - Difference between cash and profit - Nature of bank financing and equity financing - Funding-equity gap for small firms. Importance of working capital cycle - Calculation of break-even point - Power of gross profit margin- Pricing for profit - Credit policy issues and relating these to cash flow management and profitability.

UNIT V VALUING SMALL BUSINESS AND CRISIS MANAGEMENT 9

Causes of small business failure - Danger signals of impending trouble - Characteristics of poorly performing firms - Turnaround strategies - Concept of business valuation - Different valuation measurements - Nature of goodwill and how to measure it - Advantages and disadvantages of buying an established small firm - Process of preparing a business for sale.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

- CO1. Familiarise the students with the concept of small business
- CO2. In depth knowledge on small business opportunities and challenges
- CO3. Ability to devise plans for small business by building the right skills and marketing strategies
- CO4. Identify the funding source for small start ups
- CO5. Business evaluation for buying and selling of small firms

REFERENCES

1. Hankinson,A.(2000). “The key factors in the profile of small firm owner-managers that influence business performance. The South Coast Small Firms Survey, 1997-2000.” Industrial and Commercial Training 32(3):94-98.
2. Parker,R.(2000). “Small is not necessarily beautiful: An evaluation of policy support for small and medium-sized enterprise in Australia.” Australian Journal of Political Science 35(2):239-253.
3. Journal articles on SME’s.

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- To understand intellectual property rights and its valuation.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Intellectual property rights - Introduction, Basic concepts, Patents, Copyrights, Trademarks, Trade Secrets, Geographic Indicators; Nature of Intellectual Property, Technological Research, Inventions and Innovations, History - the way from WTO to WIPO, TRIPS.

UNIT II PROCESS**9**

New Developments in IPR, Procedure for grant of Patents, TM, GIs, Patenting under Patent Cooperation Treaty, Administration of Patent system in India, Patenting in foreign countries.

UNIT III STATUTES**9**

International Treaties and conventions on IPRs, The TRIPs Agreement, PCT Agreement, The Patent Act of India, Patent Amendment Act (2005), Design Act, Trademark Act, Geographical Indication Act, Bayh- Dole Act and Issues of Academic Entrepreneurship.

UNIT IV STRATEGIES IN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY**9**

Strategies for investing in R&D, Patent Information and databases, IPR strength in India, Traditional Knowledge, Case studies.

UNIT V MODELS**9**

The technologies Know-how, concept of ownership, Significance of IP in Value Creation, IP Valuation and IP Valuation Models, Application of Real Option Model in Strategic Decision Making, Transfer and Licensing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1: Understanding of intellectual property and appreciation of the need to protect it
 CO2: Awareness about the process of patenting
 CO3: Understanding of the statutes related to IPR
 CO4: Ability to apply strategies to protect intellectual property
 CO5: Ability to apply models for making strategic decisions related to IPR

REFERENCES

1. Sople Vinod, Managing Intellectual Property by (Prentice hall of India Pvt.Ltd), 2006.
2. Intellectual Property rights and copyrights, EssEss Publications.
3. Primer, R. Anita Rao and Bhanoji Rao, Intellectual Property Rights, Lastain Book company. Edited by Derek Bosworth and Elizabeth Webster, The Management of Intellectual Property, Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd., 2006.
4. WIPO Intellectual Property Hand book.

COURSE OBJECTIVE

➤ To help students develop knowledge and competence in ethical management and decision making in organizational contexts.

UNIT I ETHICS AND SOCIETY**9**

Ethical Management- Definition, Motivation, Advantages-Practical implications of ethical management. Managerial ethics, professional ethics, and social Responsibility-Role of culture and society's expectations- Individual and organizational responsibility to society and the community.

UNIT II ETHICAL DECISION MAKING AND MANAGEMENT IN A CRISIS**9**

Managing in an ethical crisis, the nature of a crisis, ethics in crisis management, discuss case studies, analyze real-world scenarios, develop ethical management skills, knowledge, and competencies. Proactive crisis management.

UNIT III STAKEHOLDERS IN ETHICAL MANAGEMENT**9**

Stakeholders in ethical management, identifying internal and external stakeholders, nature of stakeholders, ethical management of various kinds of stakeholders: customers (product and service issues), employees (leadership, fairness, justice, diversity) suppliers, collaborators, business, community, the natural environment (the sustainability imperative, green management, Contemporary issues).

UNIT IV INDIVIDUAL VARIABLES IN ETHICAL MANAGEMENT**9**

Understanding individual variables in ethics, managerial ethics, concepts in ethical psychology-ethical awareness, ethical courage, ethical judgment, ethical foundations, ethical emotions/intuitions/intensity. Utilization of these concepts and competencies for ethical decision-making and management.

UNIT V PRACTICAL FIELD-GUIDE, TECHNIQUES AND SKILLS**9**

Ethical management in practice, development of techniques and skills, navigating challenges and dilemmas, resolving issues and preventing unethical management proactively. Role modelling and creating a culture of ethical management and human flourishing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1: Role modelling and influencing the ethical and cultural context.
- CO2: Respond to ethical crises and proactively address potential crises situations.
- CO3: Understand and implement stakeholder management decisions.
- CO4: Develop the ability, knowledge, and skills for ethical management.
- CO5: Develop practical skills to navigate, resolve and thrive in management situations

REFERENCES

1. Brad Agle, Aaron Miller, Bill O' Rourke, The Business Ethics Field Guide: the essential companion to leading your career and your company, 2016.
2. Steiner & Steiner, Business, Government & Society: A managerial Perspective, 2011.
3. Lawrence & Weber, Business and Society: Stakeholders, Ethics, Public Policy, 2020.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To study about **Internet of Things** technologies and its role in real time applications.
- To introduce the infrastructure required for IoT
- To familiarize the accessories and communication techniques for IoT.
- To provide insight about the embedded processor and sensors required for IoT
- To familiarize the different platforms and Attributes for IoT

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET OF THINGS**9**

Overview, Hardware and software requirements for IOT, Sensor and actuators, Technology drivers, Business drivers, Typical IoT applications, Trends and implications.

UNIT II IOT ARCHITECTURE**9**

IoT reference model and architecture -Node Structure - Sensing, Processing, Communication, Powering, Networking - Topologies, Layer/Stack architecture, IoT standards, Cloud computing for IoT, Bluetooth, Bluetooth Low Energy beacons.

UNIT III PROTOCOLS AND WIRELESS TECHNOLOGIES FOR IOT**9****PROTOCOLS:**

NFC, SCADA and RFID, Zigbee MIPI, M-PHY, UniPro, SPMI, SPI, M-PCIe GSM, CDMA, LTE, GPRS, small cell.

Wireless technologies for IoT: WiFi (IEEE 802.11), Bluetooth/Bluetooth Smart, ZigBee/ZigBee Smart, UWB (IEEE 802.15.4), 6LoWPAN, Proprietary systems-Recent trends.

UNIT IV IOT PROCESSORS**9**

Services/Attributes: Big-Data Analytics for IOT, Dependability, Interoperability, Security, Maintainability.

Embedded processors for IOT :Introduction to Python programming -Building IOT with RASPBERRY PI and Arduino.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES**9**

Industrial IoT, Home Automation, smart cities, Smart Grid, connected vehicles, electric vehicle charging, Environment, Agriculture, Productivity Applications, IOT Defense

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course, the students will have the ability to

CO1: Analyze the concepts of IoT and its present developments.

CO2: Compare and contrast different platforms and infrastructures available for IoT

CO3: Explain different protocols and communication technologies used in IoT

CO4: Analyze the big data analytic and programming of IoT

CO5: Implement IoT solutions for smart applications

REFERENCES:

1. ArshdeepBahga and VijaiMadiseti : A Hands-on Approach "Internet of Things",Universities Press 2015.
2. Oliver Hersent , David Boswarthick and Omar Elloumi " The Internet of Things", Wiley,2016.

3. Samuel Greengard, "The Internet of Things", The MIT press, 2015.
4. Adrian McEwen and Hakim Cassimally "Designing the Internet of Things" Wiley, 2014.
5. Jean- Philippe Vasseur, Adam Dunkels, "Interconnecting Smart Objects with IP: The Next Internet" Morgan Kuffmann Publishers, 2010.
6. Adrian McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, "Designing the Internet of Things", John Wiley and sons, 2014.
7. Lingyang Song/DusitNiyato/ Zhu Han/ Ekram Hossain," Wireless Device-to-Device Communications and Networks, CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS, 2015.
8. OvidiuVermesan and Peter Friess (Editors), "Internet of Things: Converging Technologies for Smart Environments and Integrated Ecosystems", River Publishers Series in Communication, 2013.
9. Vijay Madiseti , ArshdeepBahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands on-Approach)", 2014.
10. Zach Shelby, Carsten Bormann, "6LoWPAN: The Wireless Embedded Internet", John Wiley and sons, 2009.
11. Lars T.Berger and Krzysztof Iniewski, "Smart Grid applications, communications and security", Wiley, 2015.
12. JanakaEkanayake, KithsiriLiyanage, Jianzhong Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama and Nick Jenkins, " Smart Grid Technology and Applications", Wiley, 2015.
13. UpenaDalal,"Wireless Communications & Networks,Oxford,2015.

ET4072

MACHINE LEARNING AND DEEP LEARNING

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course is aimed at

- Understanding about the learning problem and algorithms
- Providing insight about neural networks
- Introducing the machine learning fundamentals and significance
- Enabling the students to acquire knowledge about pattern recognition.
- Motivating the students to apply deep learning algorithms for solving real life problems.

UNIT I LEARNING PROBLEMS AND ALGORITHMS

9

Various paradigms of learning problems, Supervised, Semi-supervised and Unsupervised algorithms

UNIT II NEURAL NETWORKS

9

Differences between Biological and Artificial Neural Networks - Typical Architecture, Common Activation Functions, Multi-layer neural network, Linear Separability, Hebb Net, Perceptron, Adaline, Standard Back propagation Training Algorithms for Pattern Association - Hebb rule and Delta rule, Hetero associative, Auto associative, Kohonen Self Organising Maps, Examples of Feature Maps, Learning Vector Quantization, Gradient descent, Boltzmann Machine Learning.

UNIT III MACHINE LEARNING – FUNDAMENTALS & FEATURE SELECTIONS & CLASSIFICATIONS

9

Classifying Samples: The confusion matrix, Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1- Score, the curse of dimensionality, training, testing, validation, cross validation, overfitting, under-fitting the data, early stopping, regularization, bias and variance. Feature Selection, normalization, dimensionality

reduction, Classifiers: KNN, SVM, Decision trees, Naïve Bayes, Binary classification, multi class classification, clustering.

UNIT IV DEEP LEARNING: CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORKS 9

Feed forward networks, Activation functions, back propagation in CNN, optimizers, batch normalization, convolution layers, pooling layers, fully connected layers, dropout, Examples of CNNs.

UNIT V DEEP LEARNING: RNNs, AUTOENCODERS AND GANS 9

State, Structure of RNN Cell, LSTM and GRU, Time distributed layers, Generating Text, Autoencoders: Convolutional Autoencoders, Denoising autoencoders, Variational autoencoders, GANs: The discriminator, generator, DCGANs

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO):

At the end of the course the student will be able to

CO1 : Illustrate the categorization of machine learning algorithms.

CO2: Compare and contrast the types of neural network architectures, activation functions

CO3: Acquaint with the pattern association using neural networks

CO4: Elaborate various terminologies related with pattern recognition and architectures of convolutional neural networks

CO5: Construct different feature selection and classification techniques and advanced neural network architectures such as RNN, Autoencoders, and GANs.

REFERENCES:

1. J. S. R. Jang, C. T. Sun, E. Mizutani, Neuro Fuzzy and Soft Computing - A Computational Approach to Learning and Machine Intelligence, 2012, PHI learning
2. Deep Learning, Ian Good fellow, YoshuaBengio and Aaron Courville, MIT Press, ISBN: 9780262035613, 2016.
3. The Elements of Statistical Learning. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani and Jerome Friedman. Second Edition. 2009.
4. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Christopher Bishop. Springer. 2006.
5. Understanding Machine Learning. Shai Shalev-Shwartz and Shai Ben-David. Cambridge University Press. 2017.

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

PX4012

RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGY

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge on

- Different types of renewable energy technologies
- Standalone operation, grid connected operation of renewable energy systems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Classification of energy sources – Co2 Emission - Features of Renewable energy - Renewable energy scenario in India -Environmental aspects of electric energy conversion: impacts of renewable energy generation on environment Per Capital Consumption - CO₂ Emission - importance of renewable energy sources, Potentials – Achievements– Applications.

UNIT II SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAICS 9

Solar Energy: Sun and Earth-Basic Characteristics of solar radiation- angle of sunrays on solar collector-Estimating Solar Radiation Empirically - Equivalent circuit of PV Cell- Photovoltaic cell-characteristics: P-V and I-V curve of cell-Impact of Temperature and Insolation on I-V characteristics-Shading Impacts on I-V characteristics-Bypass diode -Blocking diode.

UNIT III PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM DESIGN 9

Block diagram of solar photo voltaic system : Line commutated converters (inversion mode) - Boost and buck-boost converters - selection of inverter, battery sizing, array sizing - PV systems classification- standalone PV systems - Grid tied and grid interactive inverters- grid connection issues.

UNIT IV WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEMS 9

Origin of Winds: Global and Local Winds- Aerodynamics of Wind turbine-Derivation of Betz's limit-Power available in wind-Classification of wind turbine: Horizontal Axis wind turbine and Vertical axis wind turbine- Aerodynamic Efficiency-Tip Speed-Tip Speed Ratio-Solidity-Blade Count-Power curve of wind turbine - Configurations of wind energy conversion systems: Type A, Type B, Type C and Type D Configurations- Grid connection Issues - Grid integrated SCIG and PMSG based WECS.

UNIT V OTHER RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES 9

Qualitative study of different renewable energy resources: ocean, Biomass, Hydrogen energy systems, Fuel cells, Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC), Tidal and wave energy, Geothermal Energy Resources.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

After completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- CO1: Demonstrate the need for renewable energy sources.
- CO2: Develop a stand-alone photo voltaic system and implement a maximum power point tracking in the PV system.
- CO3: Design a stand-alone and Grid connected PV system.
- CO4: Analyze the different configurations of the wind energy conversion systems.
- CO5: Realize the basic of various available renewable energy sources

REFERENCES:

1. S.N.Bhadra, D. Kastha, & S. Banerjee "Wind Electrical Systems", Oxford University Press, 2009.
2. Rai. G.D, "Non conventional energy sources", Khanna publishes, 1993.
3. Rai. G.D," Solar energy utilization", Khanna publishes, 1993.
4. Chetan Singh Solanki, "Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications", PHI Learning Private Limited, 2012.
5. John Twideu and Tony Weir, "Renewal Energy Resources" BSP Publications, 2006
6. Gray, L. Johnson, "Wind energy system", prentice hall of India, 1995.
7. B.H.Khan, " Non-conventional Energy sources", , McGraw-hill, 2nd Edition, 2009.
8. Fang Lin Luo Hong Ye, " Renewable Energy systems", Taylor & Francis Group,2013.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To Study about Smart Grid technologies, different smart meters and advanced metering infrastructure.
- To know about the function of smart grid.
- To familiarize the power quality management issues in Smart Grid.
- To familiarize the high performance computing for Smart Grid applications
- To get familiarized with the communication networks for Smart Grid applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SMART GRID 9

Evolution of Electric Grid, Concept, Definitions and Need for Smart Grid, Smart grid drivers, functions, opportunities, challenges and benefits, Difference between conventional & Smart Grid, Comparison of Micro grid and Smart grid, Present development & International policies in Smart Grid, Smart Grid Initiative for Power Distribution Utility in India – Case Study.

UNIT II SMART GRID TECHNOLOGIES 9

Technology Drivers, Smart Integration of energy resources, Smart substations, Substation Automation, Feeder Automation, Transmission systems: EMS, FACTS and HVDC, Wide area monitoring, Protection and control, Distribution systems: DMS, Volt/Var control, Fault Detection, Isolation and service restoration, Outage management, High-Efficiency Distribution Transformers, Phase Shifting Transformers, Plug in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV) – Grid to Vehicle and Vehicle to Grid charging concepts.

UNIT III SMART METERS AND ADVANCED METERING INFRASTRUCTURE 9

Introduction to Smart Meters, Advanced Metering infrastructure (AMI) drivers and benefits, AMI protocols, standards and initiatives, AMI needs in the smart grid, Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU) & their application for monitoring & protection. Demand side management and demand response programs, Demand pricing and Time of Use, Real Time Pricing, Peak Time Pricing.

UNIT IV POWER QUALITY MANAGEMENT IN SMART GRID 9

Power Quality & EMC in Smart Grid, Power Quality issues of Grid connected Renewable Energy Sources, Power Quality Conditioners for Smart Grid, Web based Power Quality monitoring, Power Quality Audit.

Unit V HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING FOR SMART GRID APPLICATIONS 9

Architecture and Standards -Local Area Network (LAN), House Area Network (HAN), Wide Area Network (WAN), Broadband over Power line (BPL), PLC, Zigbee, GSM, IP based Protocols, Basics of Web Service and CLOUD Computing, Cyber Security for Smart Grid.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOME:**

Students able to

CO1: Relate with the smart resources, smart meters and other smart devices.

CO2: Explain the function of Smart Grid.

CO3: Experiment the issues of Power Quality in Smart Grid.

CO4: Analyze the performance of Smart Grid.

CO5: Recommend suitable communication networks for smart grid applications

REFERENCES

1. Stuart Borlase 'Smart Grid: Infrastructure, Technology and Solutions', CRC Press 2012.
2. JanakaEkanayake, Nick Jenkins, KithsiriLiyanage, Jianzhong Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, 'Smart Grid: Technology and Applications', Wiley, 2012.
3. Mini S. Thomas, John D McDonald, 'Power System SCADA and Smart Grids', CRC Press, 2015
4. Kenneth C.Budka, Jayant G. Deshpande, Marina Thottan, 'Communication Networks for Smart Grids', Springer, 2014
5. SMART GRID Fundamentals of Design and Analysis, James Momoh, IEEE press, A John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Publication.

DS4015

BIG DATA ANALYTICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of big data analytics
- To understand the search methods and visualization
- To learn mining data streams
- To learn frameworks
- To gain knowledge on R language

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA

9

Introduction to Big Data Platform – Challenges of Conventional Systems - Intelligent data analysis –Nature of Data - Analytic Processes and Tools - Analysis Vs Reporting - Modern Data Analytic Tools- Statistical Concepts: Sampling Distributions - Re-Sampling - Statistical Inference - Prediction Error.

UNIT II SEARCH METHODS AND VISUALIZATION

9

Search by simulated Annealing – Stochastic, Adaptive search by Evaluation – Evaluation Strategies –Genetic Algorithm – Genetic Programming – Visualization – Classification of Visual Data Analysis Techniques – Data Types – Visualization Techniques – Interaction techniques – Specific Visual data analysis Techniques

UNIT III MINING DATA STREAMS

9

Introduction To Streams Concepts – Stream Data Model and Architecture - Stream Computing - Sampling Data in a Stream – Filtering Streams – Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream – Estimating Moments – Counting Oneness in a Window – Decaying Window - Real time Analytics Platform(RTAP) Applications - Case Studies - Real Time Sentiment Analysis, Stock Market Predictions

UNIT IV FRAMEWORKS

9

MapReduce – Hadoop, Hive, MapR – Sharding – NoSQL Databases - S3 - Hadoop Distributed File Systems – Case Study- Preventing Private Information Inference Attacks on Social Networks- Grand Challenge: Applying Regulatory Science and Big Data to Improve Medical Device Innovation

UNIT V R LANGUAGE**9**

Overview, Programming structures: Control statements -Operators -Functions -Environment and scope issues -Recursion -Replacement functions, R data structures: Vectors -Matrices and arrays - Lists -Data frames -Classes, Input/output, String manipulations

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:understand the basics of big data analytics

CO2: Ability to use Hadoop, Map Reduce Framework.

CO3: Ability to identify the areas for applying big data analytics for increasing the business outcome.

CO4:gain knowledge on R language

CO5: Contextually integrate and correlate large amounts of information to gain faster insights.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS**REFERENCE:**

1. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, Intelligent Data Analysis, Springer, 2007.
2. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, Mining of Massive Datasets, Cambridge University Press, 3rd edition 2020.
3. Norman Matloff, The Art of R Programming: A Tour of Statistical Software Design, No Starch Press, USA, 2011.
4. Bill Franks, Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced Analytics, John Wiley & sons, 2012.
5. Glenn J. Myatt, Making Sense of Data, John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

NC4201 INTERNET OF THINGS AND CLOUD**L T P C
3 0 0 3****COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand Smart Objects and IoT Architectures
- To learn about various IOT-related protocols
- To build simple IoT Systems using Arduino and Raspberry Pi.
- To understand data analytics and cloud in the context of IoT
- To develop IoT infrastructure for popular applications

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF IoT**9**

Introduction to IoT – IoT definition – Characteristics – IoT Complete Architectural Stack – IoT enabling Technologies – IoT Challenges. Sensors and Hardware for IoT – Hardware Platforms – Arduino, Raspberry Pi, Node MCU. A Case study with any one of the boards and data acquisition from sensors.

UNIT II PROTOCOLS FOR IoT**9**

Infrastructure protocol (IPV4/V6/RPL), Identification (URIs), Transport (Wifi, Lifi, BLE), Discovery, Data Protocols, Device Management Protocols. – A Case Study with MQTT/CoAP usage-IoT privacy, security and vulnerability solutions.

UNIT III CASE STUDIES/INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS**9**

Case studies with architectural analysis: IoT applications – Smart City – Smart Water – Smart Agriculture – Smart Energy – Smart Healthcare – Smart Transportation – Smart Retail – Smart waste management.

UNIT IV CLOUD COMPUTING INTRODUCTION**9**

Introduction to Cloud Computing - Service Model – Deployment Model- Virtualization Concepts – Cloud Platforms – Amazon AWS – Microsoft Azure – Google APIs.

UNIT V IoT AND CLOUD**9**

IoT and the Cloud - Role of Cloud Computing in IoT - AWS Components - S3 – Lambda - AWS IoT Core -Connecting a web application to AWS IoT using MQTT- AWS IoT Examples. Security Concerns, Risk Issues, and Legal Aspects of Cloud Computing- Cloud Data Security

TOTAL:45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the various concept of the IoT and their technologies..

CO2: Develop IoT application using different hardware platforms

CO3: Implement the various IoT Protocols

CO4: Understand the basic principles of cloud computing.

CO5: Develop and deploy the IoT application into cloud environment

REFERENCES

1. "The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases", by Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman ,CRC Press, 2017
2. Adrian McEwen, Designing the Internet of Things, Wiley,2013.
3. EMC Education Services, "Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data", Wiley publishers, 2015.
4. Simon Walkowiak, "Big Data Analytics with R" PackT Publishers, 2016
5. Bart Baesens, "Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications", Wiley Publishers, 2015.

MX4073**MEDICAL ROBOTICS****L T P C****3 0 0 3****COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To explain the basic concepts of robots and types of robots
- To discuss the designing procedure of manipulators, actuators and grippers
- To impart knowledge on various types of sensors and power sources
- To explore various applications of Robots in Medicine
- To impart knowledge on wearable robots

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ROBOTICS**9**

Introduction to Robotics, Overview of robot subsystems, Degrees of freedom, configurations and concept of workspace, Dynamic Stabilization

Sensors and Actuators

Sensors and controllers, Internal and external sensors, position, velocity and acceleration sensors, Proximity sensors, force sensors Pneumatic and hydraulic actuators, Stepper motor control circuits, End effectors, Various types of Grippers, PD and PID feedback actuator models

UNIT II MANIPULATORS & BASIC KINEMATICS**9**

Construction of Manipulators, Manipulator Dynamic and Force Control, Electronic and pneumatic manipulator, Forward Kinematic Problems, Inverse Kinematic Problems, Solutions of Inverse

Kinematic problems

Navigation and Treatment Planning

Variable speed arrangements, Path determination – Machinery vision, Ranging – Laser – Acoustic, Magnetic, fiber optic and Tactile sensor

UNIT III SURGICAL ROBOTS 9

Da Vinci Surgical System, Image guided robotic systems for focal ultrasound based surgical applications, System concept for robotic Tele-surgical system for off-pump, CABG surgery, Urologic applications, Cardiac surgery, Neuro-surgery, Pediatric and General Surgery, Gynecologic Surgery, General Surgery and Nanorobotics. Case Study

UNIT IV REHABILITATION AND ASSISTIVE ROBOTS 9

Pediatric Rehabilitation, Robotic Therapy for the Upper Extremity and Walking, Clinical-Based Gait Rehabilitation Robots, Motion Correlation and Tracking, Motion Prediction, Motion Replication. Portable Robot for Tele rehabilitation, Robotic Exoskeletons – Design considerations, Hybrid assistive limb. Case Study

UNIT V WEARABLE ROBOTS 9

Augmented Reality, Kinematics and Dynamics for Wearable Robots, Wearable Robot technology, Sensors, Actuators, Portable Energy Storage, Human–robot cognitive interaction (cHRI), Human–robot physical interaction (pHRI), Wearable Robotic Communication - case study

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Describe the configuration, applications of robots and the concept of grippers and actuators

CO2: Explain the functions of manipulators and basic kinematics

CO3: Describe the application of robots in various surgeries

CO4: Design and analyze the robotic systems for rehabilitation

CO5: Design the wearable robots

REFERENCES

1. Nagrath and Mittal, "Robotics and Control", Tata McGraw Hill, First edition, 2003
2. Spong and Vidhyasagar, "Robot Dynamics and Control", John Wiley and Sons, First edition, 2008
3. Fu.K.S, Gonzalez. R.C., Lee, C.S.G, "Robotics, control", sensing, Vision and Intelligence, Tata McGraw Hill International, First edition, 2008
4. Bruno Siciliano, Oussama Khatib, Springer Handbook of Robotics, 1st Edition, Springer, 2008
5. Shane (S.Q.) Xie, Advanced Robotics for Medical Rehabilitation - Current State of the Art and Recent Advances, Springer, 2016
6. Sashi S Kommu, Rehabilitation Robotics, I-Tech Education and Publishing, 2007
7. Jose L. Pons, Wearable Robots: Biomechatronic Exoskeletons, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, England, 2008
8. Howie Choset, Kevin Lynch, Seth Hutchinson, "Principles of Robot Motion: Theory, Algorithms, and Implementations", Prentice Hall of India, First edition, 2005
9. Philippe Coiffet, Michel Chirouze, "An Introduction to Robot Technology", Tata McGraw Hill, First Edition, 1983
10. Jacob Rosen, Blake Hannaford & Richard M Satava, "Surgical Robotics: System Applications & Visions", Springer 2011

11. Jocelyn Troccaz, Medical Robotics, Wiley, 2012
12. Achim Schweikard, Floris Ernst, Medical Robotics, Springer, 2015

VE4202

EMBEDDED AUTOMATION

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn about the process involved in the design and development of real-time embedded system
- To develop the embedded C programming skills on 8-bit microcontroller
- To study about the interfacing mechanism of peripheral devices with 8-bit microcontrollers
- To learn about the tools, firmware related to microcontroller programming
- To build a home automation system

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED C PROGRAMMING 9

C Overview and Program Structure - C Types, Operators and Expressions - C Control Flow - C Functions and Program Structures - C Pointers And Arrays - FIFO and LIFO - C Structures - Development Tools

UNIT - II AVR MICROCONTROLLER 9

ATMEGA 16 Architecture - Nonvolatile and Data Memories - Port System - Peripheral Features : Time Base, Timing Subsystem, Pulse Width Modulation, USART, SPI, Two Wire Serial Interface, ADC, Interrupts - Physical and Operating Parameters

UNIT – III HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE INTERFACING WITH 8-BIT SERIES CONTROLLERS 9

Lights and Switches - Stack Operation - Implementing Combinational Logic - Expanding I/O - Interfacing Analog To Digital Convertors - Interfacing Digital To Analog Convertors - LED Displays : Seven Segment Displays, Dot Matrix Displays - LCD Displays - Driving Relays - Stepper Motor Interface - Serial EEPROM - Real Time Clock - Accessing Constants Table - Arbitrary Waveform Generation - Communication Links - System Development Tools

UNIT – IV VISION SYSTEM 9

Fundamentals of Image Processing - Filtering - Morphological Operations - Feature Detection and Matching - Blurring and Sharpening - Segmentation - Thresholding - Contours - Advanced Contour Properties - Gradient - Canny Edge Detector - Object Detection - Background Subtraction

UNIT – V HOME AUTOMATION 9

Home Automation - Requirements - Water Level Notifier - Electric Guard Dog - Tweeting Bird Feeder - Package Delivery Detector - Web Enabled Light Switch - Curtain Automation - Android Door Lock - Voice Controlled Home Automation - Smart Lighting - Smart Mailbox - Electricity Usage Monitor - Proximity Garage Door Opener - Vision Based Authentic Entry System

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to

CO1: analyze the 8-bit series microcontroller architecture, features and pin details

- CO2:** write embedded C programs for embedded system application
CO3: design and develop real time systems using AVR microcontrollers
CO4: design and develop the systems based on vision mechanism
CO5: design and develop a real time home automation system

REFERENCES:

1. Dhananjay V. Gadre, "Programming and Customizing the AVR Microcontroller", McGraw-Hill, 2001.
2. Joe Pardue, "C Programming for Microcontrollers ", Smiley Micros, 2005.
3. Steven F. Barrett, Daniel J. Pack, "ATMEL AVR Microcontroller Primer : Programming and Interfacing", Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2012
4. Mike Riley, "Programming Your Home - Automate With Arduino, Android and Your Computer", the Pragmatic Programmers, Llc, 2012.
5. Richard Szeliski, "Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications", Springer, 2011.
6. Kevin P. Murphy, "Machine Learning - a Probabilistic Perspective", the MIT Press Cambridge, Massachusetts, London, 2012.

CX4016	ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
UNIT I	INTRODUCTION				9
Valuing the Environment: Concepts, Valuing the Environment: Methods, Property Rights, Externalities, and Environmental Problems					
UNIT II	CONCEPT OF SUSTAINABILITY				9
Sustainable Development: Defining the Concept, the Population Problem, Natural Resource Economics: An Overview, Energy, Water, Agriculture					
UNIT III	SIGNIFICANCE OF BIODIVERSITY				9
Biodiversity, Forest Habitat, Commercially Valuable Species, Stationary - Source Local Air Pollution, Acid Rain and Atmospheric Modification, Transportation					
UNIT IV	POLLUTION IMPACTS				9
Water Pollution, Solid Waste and Recycling, Toxic Substances and Hazardous Wastes, Global Warming.					
UNIT V	ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS				9
Development, Poverty, and the Environment, Visions of the Future, Environmental economics and policy by Tom Tietenberg, Environmental Economics					
					TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Andrew Hoffman, Competitive Environmental Strategy - A Guide for the Changing Business Landscape, Island Press.
2. Stephen Doven, Environment and Sustainability Policy: Creation, Implementation, Evaluation, the Federation Press, 2005
3. Robert Brinkmann., Introduction to Sustainability, Wiley-Blackwell., 2016
4. Niko Roorda., Fundamentals of Sustainable Development, 3rd Edn, Routledge, 2020
5. Bhavik R Bakshi., Sustainable Engineering: Principles and Practice, Cambridge University Press, 2019

TX4092

TEXTILE REINFORCED COMPOSITES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I REINFORCEMENTS 9

Introduction – composites –classification and application; reinforcements- fibres and its properties; preparation of reinforced materials and quality evaluation; preforms for various composites

UNIT II MATRICES 9

Preparation, chemistry, properties and applications of thermoplastic and thermoset resins; mechanism of interaction of matrices and reinforcements; optimization of matrices

UNIT III COMPOSITE MANUFACTURING 9

Classification; methods of composites manufacturing for both thermoplastics and thermosets- Hand layup, Filament Winding, Resin transfer moulding, prepregs and autoclave moulding, pultrusion, vacuum impregnation methods, compression moulding; post processing of composites and composite design requirements

UNIT IV TESTING 9

Fibre volume and weight fraction, specific gravity of composites, tensile, flexural, impact, compression, inter laminar shear stress and fatigue properties of thermoset and thermoplastic composites.

UNIT V MECHANICS 9

Micro mechanics, macro mechanics of single layer, macro mechanics of laminate, classical lamination theory, failure theories and prediction of inter laminar stresses using at ware

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. BorZ.Jang, "Advanced Polymer composites", ASM International, USA, 1994.
2. Carlsson L.A. and Pipes R.B., "Experimental Characterization of advanced composite Materials", Second Edition, CRC Press, New Jersey, 1996.
3. George Lubin and Stanley T. Peters, "Handbook of Composites", Springer Publications, 1998.
4. Mel. M. Schwartz, "Composite Materials", Vol. 1 & 2, Prentice Hall PTR, New Jersey, 1997.
5. Richard M. Christensen, "Mechanics of composite materials", Dover Publications, 2005.
6. Sanjay K. Mazumdar, "Composites Manufacturing: Materials, Product, and Process Engineering", CRC Press, 2001

NT4002

NANOCOMPOSITE MATERIALS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I BASICS OF NANOCOMPOSITES 9

Nomenclature, Properties, features and processing of nanocomposites. Sample Preparation and Characterization of Structure and Physical properties. Designing, stability and mechanical properties and applications of super hard nanocomposites.

UNIT II METAL BASED NANOCOMPOSITES 9

Metal-metal nanocomposites, some simple preparation techniques and their properties. Metal-

Oxide or Metal-Ceramic composites, Different aspects of their preparation techniques and their final properties and functionality. Fractal based glass-metal nanocomposites, its designing and fractal dimension analysis. Core-Shell structured nanocomposites

UNIT III POLYMER BASED NANOCOMPOSITES 9

Preparation and characterization of diblock Copolymer based nanocomposites; Polymer Carbon nanotubes based composites, their mechanical properties, and industrial possibilities.

UNIT IV NANOCOMPOSITE FROM BIOMATERIALS 9

Natural nanocomposite systems - spider silk, bones, shells; organic-inorganic nanocomposite formation through self-assembly. Biomimetic synthesis of nanocomposites material; Use of synthetic nanocomposites for bone, teeth replacement.

UNIT V NANOCOMPOSITE TECHNOLOGY 9

Nanocomposite membrane structures- Preparation and applications. Nanotechnology in Textiles and Cosmetics-Nano-fillers embedded polypropylene fibers – Soil repellence, Lotus effect - Nano finishing in textiles (UV resistant, anti-bacterial, hydrophilic, self-cleaning, flame retardant finishes), Sun-screen dispersions for UV protection using titanium oxide – Colour cosmetics. Nanotechnology in Food Technology - Nanopackaging for enhanced shelf life - Smart/Intelligent packaging.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Introduction to Nanocomposite Materials. Properties, Processing, Characterization- Thomas E. Twardowski. 2007. DEStech Publications. USA.
2. Nanocomposites Science and Technology - P. M. Ajayan, L.S. Schadler, P. V.Braun 2006.
3. Physical Properties of Carbon Nanotubes- R. Saito 1998.
4. Carbon Nanotubes (Carbon , Vol 33) - M. Endo, S. Iijima, M.S. Dresselhaus 1997.
5. The search for novel, superhard materials- Stan Vepřek (Review Article) JVST A, 1999
6. Nanometer versus micrometer-sized particles-Christian Brosseau, Jamal BeN Youssef, Philippe Talbot, Anne-Marie Konn, (Review Article) J. Appl. Phys, Vol 93, 2003
7. Diblock Copolymer, - Aviram (Review Article), Nature, 2002
8. Bikramjit Basu, Kantesh Balani Advanced Structural Ceramics, A John Wiley & Sons, Inc.,
9. P. Brown and K. Stevens, Nanofibers and Nanotechnology in Textiles, Woodhead publication, London, 2006

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

BY4016

IPR, BIOSAFETY AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

UNIT I IPR 9

Intellectual property rights – Origin of the patent regime – Early patents act & Indian pharmaceutical industry – Types of patents – Patent Requirements – Application preparation filing and prosecution – Patentable subject matter – Industrial design, Protection of GMO's IP as a factor in R&D, IP's of relevance to biotechnology and few case studies.

UNIT II AGREEMENTS, TREATIES AND PATENT FILING PROCEDURES 9

History of GATT Agreement – Madrid Agreement – Hague Agreement – WIPO Treaties – Budapest Treaty – PCT – Ordinary – PCT – Conventional – Divisional and Patent of Addition – Specifications – Provisional and complete – Forms and fees Invention in context of “prior art” –

Patent databases – Searching International Databases – Country-wise patent searches (USPTO, espacenet(EPO) – PATENT Scope (WIPO) – IPO, etc National & PCT filing procedure – Time frame and cost – Status of the patent applications filed – Precautions while patenting – disclosure/non-disclosure – Financial assistance for patenting – Introduction to existing schemes Patent licensing and agreement Patent infringement – Meaning, scope, litigation, case studies

UNIT III BIOSAFETY

9

Introduction – Historical Background – Introduction to Biological Safety Cabinets – Primary Containment for Biohazards – Biosafety Levels – Biosafety Levels of Specific Microorganisms – Recommended Biosafety Levels for Infectious Agents and Infected Animals – Biosafety guidelines – Government of India.

UNIT IV GENETICALLY MODIFIED ORGANISMS

9

Definition of GMOs & LMOs – Roles of Institutional Biosafety Committee – RCGM – GEAC etc. for GMO applications in food and agriculture – Environmental release of GMOs – Risk Analysis – Risk Assessment – Risk management and communication – Overview of National Regulations and relevant International Agreements including Cartagena Protocol.

UNIT V ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

9

Introduction – Entrepreneurship Concept – Entrepreneurship as a career – Entrepreneurial personality – Characteristics of successful Entrepreneur – Factors affecting entrepreneurial growth – Entrepreneurial Motivation – Competencies – Mobility – Entrepreneurship Development Programmes (EDP) - Launching Of Small Enterprise - Definition, Characteristics – Relationship between small and large units – Opportunities for an Entrepreneurial career – Role of small enterprise in economic development – Problems of small scale industries – Institutional finance to entrepreneurs - Institutional support to entrepreneurs.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Bouchoux, D.E., "Intellectual Property: The Law of Trademarks, Copyrights, Patents, and Trade Secrets for the Paralegal", 3rd Edition, Delmar Cengage Learning, 2008.
2. Fleming, D.O. and Hunt, D.L., "Biological Safety: Principles and Practices", 4th Edition, American Society for Microbiology, 2006.
3. Irish, V., "Intellectual Property Rights for Engineers", 2nd Edition, The Institution of Engineering and Technology, 2005.
4. Mueller, M.J., "Patent Law", 3rd Edition, Wolters Kluwer Law & Business, 2009.
5. Young, T., "Genetically Modified Organisms and Biosafety: A Background Paper for Decision- Makers and Others to Assist in Consideration of GMO Issues" 1st Edition, World Conservation Union, 2004.
6. S.S Khanka, "Entrepreneurial Development", S.Chand & Company LTD, New Delhi, 2007.



Principal

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PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs):

1. To enable graduates to pursue research, or have a successful career in academia or industries associated with Computer Science and Engineering, or as entrepreneurs.
2. To provide students with strong foundational concepts and also advanced techniques and tools in order to enable them to build solutions or systems of varying complexity.
3. To prepare students to critically analyze existing literature in an area of specialization and ethically develop innovative and research oriented methodologies to solve the problems identified.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES (PSOs):

1. To analyze, design and develop computing solutions by applying foundational concepts of computer science and engineering.
2. To apply software engineering principles and practices for developing quality software for scientific and business applications.
3. To adapt to emerging information and communication technologies (ICT) to innovate ideas and solutions to existing/novel problems.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

1. **Engineering knowledge:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
2. **Problem analysis:** Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
3. **Design/development of solutions:** Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
5. **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
6. **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.


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Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

7. **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
8. **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
9. **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
12. **Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

MAPPING OF PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES:

A broad relation between the programme objective and the outcomes is given in the following table

Programme Educational Objectives	Programme Outcomes											
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
1	3	3	3	3	3	1	3		3	1	2	3
2	3	2	3	3	3		3	1	2	3	3	2
3	1	3	2	3	2	3	3	3				1

Contribution

1: Reasonable

2: Significant

3: Strong

MAPPING OF PROGRAM SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

A broad relation between the Program Specific Objectives and the outcomes is given in the following table

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES	PROGRAMME OUTCOMES											
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
1	3	1	2	3	3	1			1	1	2	1
2	3	3	3	3	3	2	1		1		3	
3	1	2	3	3	3	2	1	1		2		

Contribution

1: Reasonable

2: Significant

3: Strong

**M.E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
SEMESTER COURSE WISE PO MAPPING**

	SUBJECTS	Programme Outcomes												
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	
I Y E A R	SEMESTER I	Applied Probability and Statistics	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1
		Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3
		Advanced Computer Architecture	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
		Operating System Internals	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
		Advanced Software Engineering	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
		Machine Learning Techniques	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	2	1	2
		Data Structures Laboratory	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	2	1
	SEMESTER II	Network Design and Technologies	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	3	1	1	2
		Security Practices	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2
		Internet of Things	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	2
		Big Data Analytics	3	3	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2
		Professional Elective –I												
		Advanced Data bases	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2
		Principles of Programming Languages	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	2
		Image Processing and Analysis	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	2
		Web Engineering	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	2
		Cloud Computing Technologies	3	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	2
		Professional Elective II												
Real Time Systems		3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	

II Y E A R		Mobile and Pervasive Computing	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2		
		Parallel Programming Paradigms	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2		
		Information Retrieval Techniques	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2		
		Software Architectures and Design	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	2		
			Big Data Computing Laboratory	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	2	1	2	2	
			Term Paper Writing and Seminar	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	1	2	2	
	SEMESTER III	Professional Elective –III														
		Performance Analysis of Computer Systems	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	
		Language Technologies	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	
		Computer Vision	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	
		Speech Processing and Synthesis	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	
		Software Quality Assurance and Testing	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	2	
		Professional Elective –IV														
		Formal Models of Software Systems	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	
Embedded Software Development		3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2		
Social Network Analysis		3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2		
Bio-Inspired Computing		3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2		
Compiler Optimization Techniques		3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2		
SEMESTER IV	Professional Elective v															
	Data Visualization Techniques	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2		
	Reconfigurable Computing	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2		
	Mobile Application Development	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2		
	Bio Informatics	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2		
	Information Storage Management	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	2		
	Project Work Phase – I	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	1		
	Project Work Phase – II	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	1		

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CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	MA5160	Applied Probability and Statistics	FC	4	4	0	0	4
2.	CP5151	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	PC	4	4	0	0	4
3.	CP5152	Advanced Computer Architecture	PC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CP5153	Operating System Internals	PC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CP5154	Advanced Software Engineering	PC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	CP5191	Machine Learning Techniques	PC	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	CP5161	Data Structures Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
TOTAL				24	20	0	4	22

SEMESTER II

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	CP5201	Network Design and Technologies	PC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CP5291	Security Practices	PC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CP5292	Internet of Things	PC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CP5293	Big Data Analytics	PC	3	3	0	0	3
5.		Professional Elective –I	PE	3	3	0	0	3
6.		Professional Elective –II	PE	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	CP5261	Data Analytics Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
8.	CP5281	Term Paper Writing and Seminar	EEC	2	0	0	2	1
TOTAL				24	18	0	6	21

SEMESTER III

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.		Professional Elective –III	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.		Professional Elective –IV	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.		Professional Elective –V	PE	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICALS								
4.	CP5311	Project Work Phase – I	EEC	12	0	0	12	6
TOTAL				21	9	0	12	15

SEMESTER IV

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
PRACTICALS								
1.	CP5411	Project Work Phase – II	EEC	24	0	0	24	12
TOTAL				24	0	0	24	12

TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS:70

FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	MA5160	Applied Probability and Statistics	FC	4	4	0	0	4

PROFESSIONAL CORE (PC)

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CP5151	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	PC	4	4	0	0	4
2.	CP5152	Advanced Computer Architecture	PC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CP5153	Operating System Internals	PC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CP5154	Advanced Software Engineering	PC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CP5191	Machine Learning Techniques	PC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	CP5161	Data Structures Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
7.	CP5201	Network Design and Technologies	PC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	CP5291	Security Practices	PC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	CP5292	Internet of Things	PC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	CP5293	Big Data Analytics	PC	3	3	0	0	3
11.	CP5261	Data Analytics Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSE (EEC)

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CP5281	Term Paper and Seminar	EEC	2	0	0	2	1
2.	CP5311	Project Work Phase – I	EEC	12	0	0	12	6
3.	CP5411	Project Work Phase – II	EEC	24	0	0	24	12

**LIST OF ELECTIVES
II SEMESTER
ELECTIVE I**

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	IF5191	Advanced Databases	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CP5001	Principles of Programming Languages	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CP5071	Image Processing and Analysis	PE	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CP5091	Web Engineering	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CP5092	Cloud Computing Technologies	PE	3	3	0	0	3

**II SEMESTER
ELECTIVE II**

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	MP5291	Real Time Systems	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CP5093	Mobile and Pervasive Computing	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CP5002	Parallel Programming Paradigms	PE	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CP5094	Information Retrieval Techniques	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CP5072	Software Architectures and Design	PE	3	3	0	0	3

**SEMESTER III
ELECTIVE III**

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CP5003	Performance Analysis of Computer Systems	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CP5004	Language Technologies	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CP5095	Computer Vision	PE	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CP5096	Speech Processing and Synthesis	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CP5005	Software Quality Assurance and Testing	PE	3	3	0	0	3

**SEMESTER III
ELECTIVE IV**

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CP5006	Formal models of software systems	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CP5073	Embedded Software Development	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CP5074	Social Network Analysis	PE	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CP5007	Bio-inspired Computing	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CP5008	Compiler Optimization Techniques	PE	3	3	0	0	3

**SEMESTER III
ELECTIVE V**

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CP5009	Data Visualization Techniques	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CP5010	Reconfigurable Computing	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CP5097	Mobile Application Development	PE	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CP5075	Bio Informatics	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CP5076	Information Storage Management	PE	3	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

This course is designed to provide the solid foundation on topics in applied probability and various statistical methods which form the basis for many other areas in the mathematical sciences including statistics, modern optimization methods and risk modeling. It is framed to address the issues and the principles of estimation theory, testing of hypothesis and multivariate analysis.

UNIT I PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES 12

Probability – Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Baye’s theorem - Random variables - Probability function – Moments – Moment generating functions and their properties – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential, Gamma and Normal distributions – Function of a random variable.

UNIT II TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES 12

Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Functions of two dimensional random variables – Regression curve – Correlation.

UNIT III ESTIMATION THEORY 12

Unbiased estimators – Method of moments – Maximum likelihood estimation - Curve fitting by principle of least squares – Regression lines.

UNIT IV TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS 12

Sampling distributions – Type I and Type II errors – Small and large samples – Tests based on Normal, t, Chi square and F distributions for testing of mean, variance and proportions – Tests for independence of attributes and goodness of fit.

UNIT V MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS 12

Random vectors and matrices – Mean vectors and covariance matrices – Multivariate normal density and its properties – Principal components - Population principal components – Principal components from standardized variables

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

After completing this course, students should demonstrate competency in the following topics:

- Basic probability axioms and rules and the moments of discrete and continuous random variables.
- Consistency, efficiency and unbiasedness of estimators, method of maximum likelihood estimation and Central Limit Theorem.
- Use statistical tests in testing hypotheses on data.
- Perform exploratory analysis of multivariate data, such as multivariate normal density, calculating descriptive statistics, testing for multivariate normality.

The students should have the ability to use the appropriate and relevant, fundamental and applied mathematical and statistical knowledge, methodologies and modern computational tools.

REFERENCES:

1. Devore, J. L., "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", 8th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2014.
2. Dallas E. Johnson, "Applied Multivariate Methods for Data Analysis", Thomson and Duxbury press, 1998.
3. Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V.K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan and Sons, New Delhi, 2001.
4. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers ", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.
5. Richard A. Johnson and Dean W. Wichern, "Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2002.

CP5151

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

L T P C

4 0 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the usage of algorithms in computing.
- To learn and use hierarchical data structures and its operations
- To learn the usage of graphs and its applications.
- To select and design data structures and algorithms that is appropriate for problems.
- To study about NP Completeness of problems.

UNIT I ROLE OF ALGORITHMS IN COMPUTING

12

Algorithms – Algorithms as a Technology- Insertion Sort – Analyzing Algorithms – Designing Algorithms- Growth of Functions: Asymptotic Notation – Standard Notations and Common Functions- Recurrences: The Substitution Method – The Recursion-Tree Method

UNIT II HIERARCHICAL DATA STRUCTURES

12

Binary Search Trees: Basics – Querying a Binary search tree – Insertion and Deletion- Red-Black trees: Properties of Red-Black Trees – Rotations – Insertion – Deletion -B-Trees: Definition of B-trees – Basic operations on B-Trees – Deleting a key from a B-Tree- Fibonacci Heaps: structure – Mergeable-heap operations- Decreasing a key and deleting a node-Bounding the maximum degree.

UNIT III GRAPHS

12

Elementary Graph Algorithms: Representations of Graphs – Breadth-First Search – Depth-First Search – Topological Sort – Strongly Connected Components- Minimum Spanning Trees: Growing a Minimum Spanning Tree – Kruskal and Prim- Single-Source Shortest Paths: The Bellman-Ford algorithm – Single-Source Shortest paths in Directed Acyclic Graphs – Dijkstra's Algorithm; All-Pairs Shortest Paths: Shortest Paths and Matrix Multiplication – The Floyd-Warshall Algorithm;

UNIT IV ALGORITHM DESIGN TECHNIQUES 12
 Dynamic Programming: Matrix-Chain Multiplication – Elements of Dynamic Programming – Longest Common Subsequence- Greedy Algorithms: An Activity-Selection Problem – Elements of the Greedy Strategy- Huffman Codes.

UNIT V NP COMPLETE AND NP HARD 12
 NP-Completeness: Polynomial Time – Polynomial-Time Verification – NP- Completeness and Reducability – NP-Completeness Proofs – NP-Complete Problems

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of the course the students should be able to:

- Design data structures and algorithms to solve computing problems
- Design algorithms using graph structure and various string matching algorithms to solve real-life problems
- Apply suitable design strategy for problem solving

REFERENCES:

1. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, “Data Structures and Algorithms”, Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.
2. Robert Sedgewick and Kevin Wayne, “ALGORITHMS”, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
3. S.Sridhar,”Design and Analysis of Algorithms”, First Edition, Oxford University Press. 2014
4. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, “Introduction to Algorithms”, Third Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2011.

CP5152	ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the students to the recent trends in the field of Computer Architecture and identify performance related parameters.
- To learn the different multiprocessor issues.
- To expose the different types of multicore architectures.
- To understand the design of the memory hierarchy.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER DESIGN AND ILP 9
 Fundamentals of Computer Design – Measuring and Reporting Performance – Instruction Level Parallelism and its Exploitation – Concepts and Challenges –Exposing ILP - Advanced Branch Prediction - Dynamic Scheduling - Hardware-Based Speculation - Exploiting ILP - Instruction Delivery and Speculation - Limitations of ILP - Multithreading

UNIT II MEMORY HIERARCHY DESIGN 9
 Introduction – Optimizations of Cache Performance – Memory Technology and Optimizations – Protection: Virtual Memory and Virtual Machines – Design of Memory Hierarchies – Case Studies.

UNIT III MULTIPROCESSOR ISSUES 9

Introduction- Centralized, Symmetric and Distributed Shared Memory Architectures –Cache Coherence Issues – Performance Issues – Synchronization – Models of Memory Consistency – Case Study-Interconnection Networks – Buses, Crossbar and Multi-stage Interconnection Networks

UNIT IV MULTICORE ARCHITECTURES 9

Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Multi-core Architectures – Intel Multicore Architectures – SUN CMP architecture – IBM Cell Architecture. Introduction to Warehouse-scale computers- Architectures- Physical Infrastructure and Costs- Cloud Computing –Case Study- Google Warehouse-Scale Computer.

UNIT V VECTOR, SIMD AND GPU ARCHITECTURES 9

Introduction-Vector Architecture – SIMD Extensions for Multimedia – Graphics Processing Units – Case Studies – GPGPU Computing – Detecting and Enhancing Loop Level Parallelism-Case Studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- Identify the limitations of ILP.
- Discuss the issues related to multiprocessing and suggest solutions
- Point out the salient features of different multicore architectures and how they exploit parallelism.
- Discuss the various techniques used for optimising the cache performance
- Design hierarchal memory system
- Point out how data level parallelism is exploited in architectures

REFERENCES:

1. Darryl Gove, "Multicore Application Programming: For Windows, Linux, and Oracle Solaris", Pearson, 2011
2. David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, "Programming Massively Parallel Processors", Morgan Kauffman, 2010
3. David E. Culler, Jaswinder Pal Singh, "Parallel computing architecture : A hardware/software approach" , Morgan Kaufmann /Elsevier Publishers, 1999
4. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, "Computer Architecture – A Quantitative Approach", Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier, 5th edition, 2012.
5. Kai Hwang and Zhi.Wei Xu, "Scalable Parallel Computing", Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi, 2003

OBJECTIVES :

- To be able to read and understand sample open source programs and header files.
- To learn how the processes are implemented in linux.
- To understand the implementation of the Linux file system.
- To study Linux memory management data structures and algorithms.
- To acquire the knowledge in the implementation of interprocess communication.
- To understand how program execution happens in Linux.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Basic Operating System Concepts - Overview of Unix File System - Files - Links - Types - Inodes - Access Rights - System Calls - Overview of Unix Kernels - Model - Implementation - Reentrant Kernels - Address Space - Synchronization - Interprocess Communication - Process Management - Memory Management - Device Drivers.

UNIT II PROCESSES 9

Processes, Lightweight Processes, and Threads - Process Descriptor - State - Identifying a Process - Relationships among processes - Organization - Resource Limits - Creating Processes - System Calls - Kernel Threads - Destroying Processes - Termination - Removal.

UNIT III FILE SYSTEM 9

The Virtual File System (VFS) - Role - File Model - System Calls - Data Structures - Super Block, Inode, File, dentry Objects - dentry Cache - Files Associated with a Process - Filesystem Types - Special Filesystems - Filesystem Type Registration - Filesystem Handling - Namespaces - Mounting - Unmounting - Implementation of VFS System Calls.

UNIT IV MEMORY MANAGEMENT 9

Page frame management - page descriptors - non-uniform memory access - memory zones - reserved page frames - zoned page frame allocator - kernel mappings - buddy system algorithm - page frame cache - zone allocator.

UNIT V PROCESS COMMUNICATION AND PROGRAM EXECUTION 9

Process Communication - Pipes - Usage - Data Structures - Creating and Destroying a Pipe - Reading From and Writing into a Pipe. Program Execution - Executable Files - Process Credentials - Command-Line Arguments and Shell Environment - Libraries - Program Segments and Process Memory Regions - Execution tracing - Executable Formats - Execution Domains - The exec Functions

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****At the end of this course, the students should be able to:**

- To explain the functionality of a large software system by reading its source.
- To revise any algorithm present in a system.
- To design a new algorithm to replace an existing one.
- To appropriately modify and use the data structures of the linux kernel for a different software system.

REFERENCES:

1. Daniel P. Bovet and Marco Cesati, "Understanding the Linux Kernel", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2005.
2. Harold Abelson, Gerald Jay Sussman and Julie Sussman, "Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs", Second Edition, Universities Press, 2013.
3. Maurice J. Bach, "The Design of the Unix Operating System" 1st Edition Pearson Education, 2003.
4. Michael Beck, Harald Bohme, Mirko Dziadzka, Ulrich Kunitz, Robert Magnus, Dirk Verworner, "Linux Kernel Internals", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1998.
5. Robert Love, "Linux Kernel Development", 3rd Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2010.

CP5154

ADVANCED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand Software Engineering Lifecycle Models
- To do project management and cost estimation
- To gain knowledge of the System Analysis and Design concepts.
- To understand software testing approaches
- To be familiar with DevOps practices

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Software engineering concepts – Development activities – Software lifecycle models - Classical waterfall - Iterative waterfall – Prototyping – Evolutionary - Spiral – Software project management – Project planning – Estimation – Scheduling – Risk management – Software configuration management.

UNIT II SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION 9

Requirement analysis and specification – Requirements gathering and analysis – Software Requirement Specification – Formal system specification – Finite State Machines – Petrinets – Object modelling using UML – Use case Model – Class diagrams – Interaction diagrams – Activity diagrams – State chart diagrams – Functional modelling – Data Flow Diagram.

UNIT III ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN 9

Software design – Design process – Design concepts – Coupling – Cohesion – Functional independence – Design patterns – Model-view-controller – Publish-subscribe – Adapter – Command – Strategy – Observer – Proxy – Facade – Architectural styles – Layered - Client-server - Tiered - Pipe and filter.- User interface design

UNIT IV TESTING 9

Testing – Unit testing – Black box testing– White box testing – Integration and System testing– Regression testing – Debugging - Program analysis – Symbolic execution – Model Checking

UNIT V DEVOPS 9

DevOps:Motivation-Cloud as a platform-Operations- Deployment Pipeline:Overall Architecture-Building and Testing-Deployment- Case study: Migrating to Microservices.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:**At the end of this course, the students will be able to:**

- Understand the advantages of various Software Development Lifecycle Models
- Gain knowledge on project management approaches as well as cost and schedule estimation strategies
- Perform formal analysis on specifications
- Use UML diagrams for analysis and design
- Architect and design using architectural styles and design patterns
- Understand software testing approaches
- Understand the advantages of DevOps practices

REFERENCES:

1. Bernd Bruegge, Alan H Dutoit, Object-Oriented Software Engineering, 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, Dino Mandrioli, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, 2nd edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2010.
3. Craig Larman, Applying UML and Patterns, 3rd ed, Pearson Education, 2005.
4. Len Bass, Ingo Weber and Liming Zhu, “DevOps: A Software Architect’s Perspective”, Pearson Education, 2016
5. Rajib Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, 3rd edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
6. Stephen Schach, Software Engineering 7th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2007.

CP5191**MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce students to the basic concepts and techniques of Machine Learning.
- To have a thorough understanding of the Supervised and Unsupervised learning techniques
- To study the various probability based learning techniques
- To understand graphical models of machine learning algorithms

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Learning – Types of Machine Learning – Supervised Learning – The Brain and the Neuron – Design a Learning System – Perspectives and Issues in Machine Learning – Concept Learning Task – Concept Learning as Search – Finding a Maximally Specific Hypothesis – Version Spaces and the Candidate Elimination Algorithm – Linear Discriminants – Perceptron – Linear Separability – Linear Regression.

UNIT II LINEAR MODELS**9**

Multi-layer Perceptron – Going Forwards – Going Backwards: Back Propagation Error – Multi-layer Perceptron in Practice – Examples of using the MLP – Overview – Deriving Back-Propagation – Radial Basis Functions and Splines – Concepts – RBF Network – Curse of Dimensionality – Interpolations and Basis Functions – Support Vector Machines.

UNIT III TREE AND PROBABILISTIC MODELS 9

Learning with Trees – Decision Trees – Constructing Decision Trees – Classification and Regression Trees – Ensemble Learning – Boosting – Bagging – Different ways to Combine Classifiers – Probability and Learning – Data into Probabilities – Basic Statistics – Gaussian Mixture Models – Nearest Neighbor Methods – Unsupervised Learning – K means Algorithms – Vector Quantization – Self Organizing Feature Map

UNIT IV DIMENSIONALITY REDUCTION AND EVOLUTIONARY MODELS 9

Dimensionality Reduction – Linear Discriminant Analysis – Principal Component Analysis – Factor Analysis – Independent Component Analysis – Locally Linear Embedding – Isomap – Least Squares Optimization – Evolutionary Learning – Genetic algorithms – Genetic Offspring: - Genetic Operators – Using Genetic Algorithms – Reinforcement Learning – Overview – Getting Lost Example – Markov Decision Process

UNIT V GRAPHICAL MODELS 9

Markov Chain Monte Carlo Methods – Sampling – Proposal Distribution – Markov Chain Monte Carlo – Graphical Models – Bayesian Networks – Markov Random Fields – Hidden Markov Models – Tracking Methods

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Distinguish between, supervised, unsupervised and semi-supervised learning
- Apply the appropriate machine learning strategy for any given problem
- Suggest supervised, unsupervised or semi-supervised learning algorithms for any given problem
- Design systems that uses the appropriate graph models of machine learning
- Modify existing machine learning algorithms to improve classification efficiency

REFERENCES:

- 1 Ethem Alpaydin, “Introduction to Machine Learning 3e (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning Series)”, Third Edition, MIT Press, 2014
- 2 Jason Bell, “Machine learning – Hands on for Developers and Technical Professionals”, First Edition, Wiley, 2014
- 3 Peter Flach, “Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data”, First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 4 Stephen Marsland, “Machine Learning – An Algorithmic Perspective”, Second Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC Machine Learning and Pattern Recognition Series, 2014.
- 5 Tom M Mitchell, “Machine Learning”, First Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.

CP5161

DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY

L T P C
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire the knowledge of using advanced tree structures.
- To learn the usage of heap structures.
- To understand the usage of graph structures and spanning trees.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Each student has to work individually on assigned lab exercises. Lab sessions could be scheduled as one contiguous four-hour session per week or two two-hour sessions per week. There will be about 15 exercises in a semester. It is recommended that all implementations are carried out in Java. If C or C++ has to be used, then the threads library will be required for concurrency. Exercises should be designed to cover the following topics:

EXPERIMENTS:

1. Implementation of Merge Sort and Quick Sort-Analysis
2. Implementation of a Binary Search Tree
3. Red-Black Tree Implementation
4. Heap Implementation
5. Fibonacci Heap Implementation
6. Graph Traversals
7. Spanning Tree Implementation
8. Shortest Path Algorithms (Dijkstra's algorithm, Bellmann Ford Algorithm)
9. Implementation of Matrix Chain Multiplication
10. Activity Selection and Huffman Coding Implementation.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Design and implement basic and advanced data structures extensively.
- Design algorithms using graph structures
- Design and develop efficient algorithms with minimum complexity using design techniques.

CP5201

NETWORK DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGIES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the principles required for network design
- To explore various technologies in the wireless domain
- To study about 3G and 4G cellular networks
- To understand the paradigm of Software defined networks

UNIT I NETWORK DESIGN 10

Advanced multiplexing – Code Division Multiplexing, DWDM and OFDM – Shared media networks – Switched networks – End to end semantics – Connectionless, Connection oriented, Wireless Scenarios –Applications, Quality of Service – End to end level and network level solutions. LAN cabling topologies – Ethernet Switches, Routers, Firewalls and L3 switches – Remote Access Technologies and Devices – Modems and DSLs – SLIP and PPP – Core networks, and distribution networks.

UNIT II WIRELESS NETWORKS 9

IEEE802.16 and WiMAX – Security – Advanced 802.16 Functionalities – Mobile WiMAX - 802.16e – Network Infrastructure – WLAN – Configuration – Management Operation – Security – IEEE 802.11e and WMM – QoS – Comparison of WLAN and UMTS – Bluetooth – Protocol Stack – Security – Profiles

UNIT III CELLULAR NETWORKS 9

GSM – Mobility Management and call control – GPRS – Network Elements – Radio Resource Management – Mobility Management and Session Management – Small Screen Web Browsing over GPRS and EDGE – MMS over GPRS – UMTS – Channel Structure on the Air Interface – UTRAN –Core and Radio Network Mobility Management – UMTS Security

UNIT IV 4G NETWORKS 9

LTE – Network Architecture and Interfaces – FDD Air Interface and Radio Networks – Scheduling – Mobility Management and Power Optimization – LTE Security Architecture – Interconnection with UMTS and GSM – LTE Advanced (3GPP Release 10) - 4G Networks and Composite Radio Environment – Protocol Boosters – Hybrid 4G Wireless Networks Protocols – Green Wireless Networks – Physical Layer and Multiple Access – Channel Modelling for 4G – Introduction to 5G

UNIT V SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS 9

Introduction – Centralized and Distributed Control and Data Planes – Open Flow – SDN Controllers – General Concepts – VLANs – NVGRE – Open Flow – Network Overlays – Types – Virtualization – Data Plane – I/O – Design of SDN Framework

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Identify the components required for designing a network
- Design a network at a high-level using different networking technologies
- Analyze the various protocols of wireless and cellular networks
- Discuss the features of 4G and 5G networks
- Experiment with software defined networks

REFERENCES:

1. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold, "4G: LTE/LTE-Advanced for Mobile Broadband", Academic Press, 2013.
2. Jonathan Rodriguez, "Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks", Wiley, 2015.
3. Larry Peterson and Bruce Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach", 5th edition, Morgan Kauffman, 2011
4. Martin Sauter, "From GSM to LTE, An Introduction to Mobile Networks and Mobile Broadband", Wiley, 2014.
5. Martin Sauter, "Beyond 3G - Bringing Networks, Terminals and the Web Together: LTE, WiMAX, IMS, 4G Devices and the Mobile Web 2.0", Wiley, 2009.
6. Naveen Chilamkurti, Sherali Zeadally, Hakima Chaouchi, "Next-Generation Wireless Technologies", Springer, 2013.
7. Paul Goransson, Chuck Black, "Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach", Morgan Kauffman, 2014.
8. Savo G Glisic, "Advanced Wireless Networks – 4G Technologies", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
9. Thomas D.Nadeau and Ken Gray, "SDN – Software Defined Networks", O'Reilly Publishers, 2013.
10. Ying Dar Lin, Ren-Hung Hwang and Fred Baker, "Computer Networks: An Open Source Approach", McGraw Hill, 2011

CP5291

SECURITY PRACTICES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the core fundamentals of system and web security concepts
- To have through understanding in the security concepts related to networks
- To deploy the security essentials in IT Sector
- To be exposed to the concepts of Cyber Security and encryption Concepts
- To perform a detailed study of Privacy and Storage security and related Issues.

UNIT I	SYSTEM SECURITY	9
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Building a secure organization- A Cryptography primer- detecting system Intrusion- Preventing system Intrusion- Fault tolerance and Resilience in cloud computing environments- Security web applications, services and servers.

UNIT II	NETWORK SECURITY	9
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Internet Security - Botnet Problem- Intranet security- Local Area Network Security - Wireless Network Security - Wireless Sensor Network Security- Cellular Network Security- Optical Network Security- Optical wireless Security.

UNIT III	SECURITY MANEGEMENT	9
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Information security essentials for IT Managers- Security Management System - Policy Driven System Management- IT Security - Online Identity and User Management System - Intrusion and Detection and Prevention System.

UNIT IV CYBER SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY 9
 Cyber Forensics- Cyber Forensics and Incidence Response - Security e-Discovery - Network Forensics - Data Encryption- Satellite Encryption - Password based authenticated Key establishment Protocols.

UNIT V PRIVACY AND STORAGE SECURITY 9
 Privacy on the Internet - Privacy Enhancing Technologies - Personal privacy Policies - Detection of Conflicts in security policies- privacy and security in environment monitoring systems. Storage Area Network Security - Storage Area Network Security Devices - Risk management - Physical Security Essentials.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course the students should be able to

- Understand the core fundamentals of system security
- Apply the security concepts related to networks in wired and wireless scenario
- Implement and Manage the security essentials in IT Sector
- Able to explain the concepts of Cyber Security and encryption Concepts
- Able to attain a through knowledge in the area of Privacy and Storage security and related Issues.

REFERENCES:

1. John R.Vacca, Computer and Information Security Handbook, Second Edition, Elsevier 2013.
2. Michael E. Whitman, Herbert J. Mattord, Principal of Information Security, Fourth Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.
3. Richard E.Smith, Elementary Information Security, Second Edition, Jones and Bartlett Learning, 2016

CP5292

INTERNET OF THINGS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of Internet of Things
- To learn about the basics of IOT protocols
- To build a small low cost embedded system using Raspberry Pi.
- To apply the concept of Internet of Things in the real world scenario.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO IoT 9
 Internet of Things - Physical Design- Logical Design- IoT Enabling Technologies - IoT Levels & Deployment Templates - Domain Specific IoTs - IoT and M2M - IoT System Management with NETCONF-YANG- IoT Platforms Design Methodology

UNIT II IoT ARCHITECTURE 9
 M2M high-level ETSI architecture - IETF architecture for IoT - OGC architecture - IoT reference model - Domain model - information model - functional model - communication model - IoT reference architecture

UNIT III IoT PROTOCOLS **9**

Protocol Standardization for IoT – Efforts – M2M and WSN Protocols – SCADA and RFID Protocols – Unified Data Standards – Protocols – IEEE 802.15.4 – BACNet Protocol – Modbus– Zigbee Architecture – Network layer – 6LowPAN - CoAP - Security

UNIT IV BUILDING IoT WITH RASPBERRY PI & ARDUINO **9**

Building IOT with RASPBERRY PI- IoT Systems - Logical Design using Python – IoT Physical Devices & Endpoints - IoT Device -Building blocks -Rasperry Pi -Board - Linux on Rasperry Pi - Rasperry Pi Interfaces -Programming Rasperry Pi with Python - Other IoT Platforms - Arduino.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES AND REAL-WORLD APPLICATIONS **9**

Real world design constraints - Applications - Asset management, Industrial automation, smart grid, Commercial building automation, Smart cities - participatory sensing - Data Analytics for IoT – Software & Management Tools for IoT Cloud Storage Models & Communication APIs - Cloud for IoT - Amazon Web Services for IoT.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- Analyze various protocols for IoT
- Develop web services to access/control IoT devices.
- Design a portable IoT using Rasperry Pi
- Deploy an IoT application and connect to the cloud.
- Analyze applications of IoT in real time scenario

REFERENCES:

1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madiseti, “Internet of Things – A hands-on approach”, Universities Press, 2015
2. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), “Architecting the Internet of Things”, Springer, 2011.
3. Honbo Zhou, “The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective”, CRC Press, 2012.
4. Jan Ho” ller, Vlasios Tsiatsis , Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis , Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand. David Boyle, "From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things - Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence", Elsevier, 2014.
5. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi , “The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols”, Wiley, 2012

CP5293

BIG DATA ANALYTICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the competitive advantages of big data analytics
- To understand the big data frameworks
- To learn data analysis methods
- To learn stream computing
- To gain knowledge on Hadoop related tools such as HBase, Cassandra, Pig, and Hive for big data analytics

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA	7
Big Data – Definition, Characteristic Features – Big Data Applications - Big Data vs Traditional Data - Risks of Big Data - Structure of Big Data - Challenges of Conventional Systems - Web Data – Evolution of Analytic Scalability - Evolution of Analytic Processes, Tools and methods - Analysis vs Reporting - Modern Data Analytic Tools.		
UNIT II	HADOOP FRAMEWORK	9
Distributed File Systems - Large-Scale FileSystem Organization – HDFS concepts - MapReduce Execution, Algorithms using MapReduce, Matrix-Vector Multiplication – Hadoop YARN		
UNIT III	DATA ANALYSIS	13
Statistical Methods:Regression modelling, Multivariate Analysis - Classification: SVM & Kernel Methods - Rule Mining - Cluster Analysis, Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical Methods, Density Based Methods, Grid Based Methods, Model Based Clustering Methods, Clustering High Dimensional Data - Predictive Analytics – Data analysis using R.		
UNIT IV	MINING DATA STREAMS	7
Streams: Concepts – Stream Data Model and Architecture - Sampling data in a stream - Mining Data Streams and Mining Time-series data - Real Time Analytics Platform (RTAP) Applications - Case Studies - Real Time Sentiment Analysis, Stock Market Predictions.		
UNIT V	BIG DATA FRAMEWORKS	9
Introduction to NoSQL – Aggregate Data Models – Hbase: Data Model and Implementations – Hbase Clients – Examples – .Cassandra: Data Model – Examples – Cassandra Clients – Hadoop Integration. Pig – Grunt – Pig Data Model – Pig Latin – developing and testing Pig Latin scripts. Hive – Data Types and File Formats – HiveQL Data Definition – HiveQL Data Manipulation – HiveQL Queries		
		TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand how to leverage the insights from big data analytics
- Analyze data by utilizing various statistical and data mining approaches
- Perform analytics on real-time streaming data
- Understand the various NoSql alternative database models

REFERENCES:

1. Bill Franks, "Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced Analytics", Wiley and SAS Business Series, 2012.
2. David Loshin, "Big Data Analytics: From Strategic Planning to Enterprise Integration with Tools, Techniques, NoSQL, and Graph", 2013.
3. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, "Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer, Second Edition, 2007.
4. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and Ambiga Dhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley, 2013.
5. P. J. Sadalage and M. Fowler, "NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2012.
6. Richard Cotton, "Learning R – A Step-by-step Function Guide to Data Analysis, , O'Reilly Media, 2013.

CP5261

DATA ANALYTICS LABORATORY

L T P C
0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To implement Map Reduce programs for processing big data
- To realize storage of big data using H base, Mongo DB
- To analyse big data using linear models
- To analyse big data using machine learning techniques such as SVM / Decision tree classification and clustering

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Hadoop

1. Install, configure and run Hadoop and HDFS
2. Implement word count / frequency programs using MapReduce
3. Implement an MR program that processes a weather dataset

R

4. Implement Linear and logistic Regression
5. Implement SVM / Decision tree classification techniques
6. Implement clustering techniques
7. Visualize data using any plotting framework
8. Implement an application that stores big data in Hbase / MongoDB / Pig using Hadoop / R.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Process big data using Hadoop framework
- Build and apply linear and logistic regression models
- Perform data analysis with machine learning methods
- Perform graphical data analysis

LIST OF SOFTWARE FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Hadoop

YARN

R Package

Hbase

MongoDB

REFERENCES:

1. Alan Gates and Daniel Dai, "Programming Pig – Dataflow scripting with Hadoop", O'Reilley, 2nd Edition, 2016.
2. Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie and Robert Tibshirani, "An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R", Springer Publications, 2015(Corrected 6th Printing)
3. Hadley Wickham, "ggplot2 – Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis", Springer Publications, 2nd Edition, 2016
4. Kristina Chodorow, "MongoDB: The Definitive Guide – Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", O'Reilley, 2nd Edition, 2013.
5. Lars George, "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2015.
6. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide – Storage and Analysis at Internet Scale", O'Reilley, 4th Edition, 2015.

In this course, students will develop their scientific and technical reading and writing skills that they need to understand and construct research articles. A term paper requires a student to obtain information from a variety of sources (i.e., Journals, dictionaries, reference books) and then place it in logically developed ideas. The work involves the following steps:

1. Selecting a subject, narrowing the subject into a topic
2. Stating an objective.
3. Collecting the relevant bibliography (atleast 15 journal papers)
4. Preparing a working outline.
5. Studying the papers and understanding the authors contributions and critically analysing each paper.
6. Preparing a working outline
7. Linking the papers and preparing a draft of the paper.
8. Preparing conclusions based on the reading of all the papers.
9. Writing the Final Paper and giving final Presentation

Please keep a file where the work carried out by you is maintained.

Activities to be carried out

Activity	Instructions	Submission week	Evaluation
Selection of area of interest and Topic	You are requested to select an area of interest, topic and state an objective	2 nd week	3 % Based on clarity of thought, current relevance and clarity in writing
Stating an Objective			
Collecting Information about your area & topic	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. List 1 Special Interest Groups or professional society 2. List 2 journals 3. List 2 conferences, symposia or workshops 4. List 1 thesis title 5. List 3 web presences (mailing lists, forums, news sites) 6. List 3 authors who publish regularly in your area 7. Attach a call for papers (CFP) from your area. 	3 rd week	3% (the selected information must be area specific and of international and national standard)

<p>Collection of Journal papers in the topic in the context of the objective – collect 20 & then filter</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You have to provide a complete list of references you will be using- Based on your objective -Search various digital libraries and Google Scholar • When picking papers to read - try to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pick papers that are related to each other in some ways and/or that are in the same field so that you can write a meaningful survey out of them, • Favour papers from well-known journals and conferences, • Favour “first” or “foundational” papers in the field (as indicated in other people’s survey paper), • Favour more recent papers, • Pick a recent survey of the field so you can quickly gain an overview, • Find relationships with respect to each other and to your topic area (classification scheme/categorization) • Mark in the hard copy of papers whether complete work or section/sections of the paper are being considered 	<p>4th week</p>	<p>6% (the list of standard papers and reason for selection)</p>
<p>Reading and notes for first 5 papers</p>	<p>Reading Paper Process</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For each paper form a Table answering the following questions: • What is the main topic of the article? • What was/were the main issue(s) the author said they want to discuss? • Why did the author claim it was important? • How does the work build on other’s work, in the author’s opinion? • What simplifying assumptions does the author claim to be making? • What did the author do? • How did the author claim they were going to evaluate their work and compare it to others? • What did the author say were the limitations of their research? • What did the author say were the important directions for future research? <p>Conclude with limitations/issues not addressed by the paper (from the perspective of your survey)</p>	<p>5th week</p>	<p>8% (the table given should indicate your understanding of the paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)</p>

Reading and notes for next 5 papers	Repeat Reading Paper Process	6 th week	8% (the table given should indicate your understanding of the paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)
Reading and notes for final 5 papers	Repeat Reading Paper Process	7 th week	8% (the table given should indicate your understanding of the paper and the evaluation is based on your conclusions about each paper)
Draft outline 1 and Linking papers	Prepare a draft Outline, your survey goals, along with a classification / categorization diagram	8 th week	8% (this component will be evaluated based on the linking and classification among the papers)
Abstract	Prepare a draft abstract and give a presentation	9 th week	6% (Clarity, purpose and conclusion) 6% Presentation & Viva Voce
Introduction Background	Write an introduction and background sections	10 th week	5% (clarity)
Sections of the paper	Write the sections of your paper based on the classification / categorization diagram in keeping with the goals of your survey	11 th week	10% (this component will be evaluated based on the linking and classification among the papers)
Your conclusions	Write your conclusions and future work	12 th week	5% (conclusions – clarity and your ideas)
Final Draft	Complete the final draft of your paper	13 th week	10% (formatting, English, Clarity and linking) 4% Plagiarism Check Report
Seminar	A brief 15 slides on your paper	14 th & 15 th week	10% (based on presentation and Viva-voce)

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

IF5191

ADVANCED DATABASES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the design of databases.
- To acquire knowledge on parallel and distributed databases and its applications.
- To study the usage and applications of Object Oriented and Intelligent databases.
- To understand the emerging databases like Mobile, XML, Cloud and Big Data

UNIT I PARALLEL AND DISTRIBUTED DATABASES 9

Database System Architectures: Centralized and Client-Server Architectures – Server System Architectures – Parallel Systems- Distributed Systems – Parallel Databases: I/O Parallelism – Inter and Intra Query Parallelism – Inter and Intra operation Parallelism – Design of Parallel Systems Distributed Database Concepts - Distributed Data Storage – Distributed Transactions – Commit Protocols – Concurrency Control – Distributed Query Processing – Case Studies

UNIT II INTELLIGENT DATABASES 9

Active Databases: Syntax and Semantics (Starburst, Oracle, DB2)- Taxonomy- Applications- Design Principles for Active Rules- Temporal Databases: Overview of Temporal Databases TSQL2- Deductive Databases-Recursive Queries in SQL- Spatial Databases- Spatial Data Types - Spatial Relationships- Spatial Data Structures-Spatial Access Methods- Spatial DB Implementation.

UNIT III XML DATABASES 9

XML Databases: XML Data Model – DTD – XML Schema – XML Querying – Web Databases – Open Database Connectivity.

UNIT IV MOBILE DATABASES 9

Mobile Databases: Location and Handoff Management - Effect of Mobility on Data Management - Location Dependent Data Distribution - Mobile Transaction Models - Concurrency Control - Transaction Commit Protocols

UNIT V MULTIMEDIA DATABASES 9

Multidimensional Data Structures – Image Databases – Text / Document Databases – Video Databases – Audio Databases – Multimedia Database Design.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, a students should be able:

- To develop skills on databases to optimize their performance in practice.
- To analyze each type of databases and its necessity
- To design faster algorithms in solving practical database problems

REFERENCES:

1. C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Eighth Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
2. Carlo Zaniolo, Stefano Ceri, Christos Faloutsos, Richard T.Snodgrass, V.S.Subrahmanian, Roberto Zicari, "Advanced Database Systems", Morgan Kaufmann publishers,2006.
3. Henry F Korth, Abraham Silberschatz, S. Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", Sixth Edition, McGraw Hill, 2011.
4. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education/Addison Wesley, 2010.
5. Vijay Kumar, "Mobile Database Systems", John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

CP5001	PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand and describe syntax and semantics of programming languages.
- To understand Data, Data types, and Bindings.
- To learn the concepts of functional and logical programming.
- To explore the knowledge about concurrent Programming paradigms.

UNIT I ELEMENTS OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES 9

Reasons for studying, concepts of programming languages, Language Evaluation Criteria, influences on Language design, Language categories. Programming Language Implementation – Compilation, Hybrid Implementation, Pure Interpretation and Virtual Machines. Describing Syntax and Semantics -Introduction - The General Problem of Describing Syntax-Formal Methods of Describing Syntax - Attribute Grammars - Describing the Meanings of Programs: Dynamic Semantics.

UNIT II DATA TYPES-ABSTRACTION 9

Introduction - Primitive Data Types- Character String Types- User-Defined Ordinal Types- Array types- Associative Arrays-Record Types- Tuple Types-List Types -Union Types - Pointer and Reference Types -Type Checking- Strong Typing -Type Equivalence - Theory and Data Types-Variables-The Concept of Binding -Scope - Scope and Lifetime - Referencing Environments - Named Constants- The Concept of Abstraction- Parameterized Abstract Data Types- Encapsulation Constructs- Naming Encapsulations

UNIT III FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING 9

Introduction- Mathematical Functions- Fundamentals of Functional Programming Languages- The First Functional Programming Language: LISP- An Introduction to Scheme- Common LISP- Haskell-F# - ML : Implicit Types- Data Types- Exception Handling in ML. Functional Programming with Lists- Scheme, a Dialect of Lisp- The Structure of Lists- List Manipulation- A Motivating Example: Differentiation- Simplification of Expressions- Storage Allocation for Lists.

UNIT IV LOGIC PROGRAMMING 9

Relational Logic Programming- Syntax- Basics- Facts- Rules- Syntax- Operational Semantics- Relational logic programs and SQL operations- Logic Programming- Syntax- Operational semantics- Data Structures-Meta-tools: Backtracking optimization (cuts); Unify; Meta-circular interpreters- The Origins of Prolog- Elements- of Prolog-Deficiencies of Prolog- Applications of Logic Programming.

UNIT V CONCURRENT PROGRAMMING 9

Parallelism in Hardware- Streams: Implicit Synchronization-Concurrency as Interleaving- Liveness Properties- Safe Access to Shared Data- Concurrency in Ada- Synchronized Access to Shared Variables- Synthesized Attributes- Attribute Grammars- Natural Semantics- Denotational Semantics -A Calculator in Scheme-Lexically Scoped Lambda Expressions- An Interpreter-Recursive Functions.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

- Describe syntax and semantics of programming languages
- Explain data, data types, and basic statements of programming languages
- Design and implement subprogram constructs, Apply object - oriented, concurrency, pro
- and event handling programming constructs
- Develop programs in LISP, ML, and Prolog.

REFERENCES:

1. Ghezzi, "Programming Languages", 3rd Edition, John Wiley, 2008
2. John C. Mitchell, "Concepts in Programming Languages", Cambridge University Press, 2004.
3. Louden, "Programming Languages", 3rd Edition, 2012.
4. Ravi Sethi, "Programming Languages: Concepts and Constructs", 2nd Edition, Addison Wesley, 1996.
5. Robert .W. Sebesta, "Concepts of Programming Languages", 10th Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.

CP5071	IMAGE PROCESSING AND ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the image processing concepts and analysis
- To understand the image processing techniques
- To familiarize the image processing environment and their applications,
- To appreciate the use of image processing in various applications

UNIT I IMAGE PROCESSING FUNDAMENTALS 9

Introduction – Elements of visual perception, Steps in Image Processing Systems – Digital Imaging System - Image Acquisition – Sampling and Quantization – Pixel Relationships – File Formats – colour images and models - Image Operations – Arithmetic, logical, statistical and spatial operations.

- UNIT II IMAGE ENHANCEMENT AND RESTORATION 9**
 Image Transforms -Discrete and Fast Fourier Transform and Discrete Cosine Transform ,Spatial Domain - Gray level Transformations Histogram Processing Spatial Filtering – Smoothing and Sharpening. Frequency Domain: Filtering in Frequency Domain – Smoothing and Sharpening filters – Homomorphic Filtering., Noise models, Constrained and Unconstrained restoration models.
- UNIT III IMAGE SEGMENTATION AND MORPHOLOGY 9**
 Detection of Discontinuities – Edge Operators – Edge Linking and Boundary Detection – Thresholding – Region Based Segmentation – Motion Segmentation, Image Morphology: Binary and Gray level morphology operations - Erosion, Dilation, Opening and Closing Operations Distance Transforms- Basic morphological Algorithms. Features – Textures - Boundary representations and Descriptions- Component Labeling – Regional descriptors and Feature Selection Techniques.
- UNIT IV IMAGE ANALYSIS AND CLASSIFICATION 9**
 Image segmentation- pixel based, edge based, region based segmentation. Active contour models and Level sets for medical image segmentation, Image representation and analysis, Feature extraction and representation, Statistical, Shape, Texture, feature and statistical image classification.
- UNIT V IMAGE REGISTRATION AND VISUALIZATION 9**
 Rigid body visualization, Principal axis registration, Interactive principal axis registration, Feature based registration, Elastic deformation based registration, Image visualization – 2D display methods, 3D display methods, virtual reality based interactive visualization.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, a students should be able to:

- Design and implement algorithms for image processing applications that incorporates different concepts of medical Image Processing
- Familiar with the use of MATLAB and its equivalent open source tools
- Critically analyze different approaches to image processing applications
- Explore the possibility of applying Image processing concepts in various applications

REFERENCES:

1. Alasdair McAndrew, —Introduction to Digital Image Processing with Matlabll, Cengage Learning 2011,India
2. Anil J Jain, —Fundamentals of Digital Image Processingll, PHI, 2006.
3. Kavyan Najarian and Robert Splerstor,ll Biomedical signals and Image processingll,CRC – Taylor and Francis, New York, 2006
4. Rafael C.Gonzalez and Richard E.Woods, —Digital Image Processingll, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, New Delhi
5. S.Sridhar, “Digital Image Processing”, Oxford University Press, 2011

CP5091

WEB ENGINEERING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the characteristics of web applications
- Learn to Model web applications
- Be aware of Systematic design methods
- Be familiar with the testing techniques for web applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WEB ENGINEERING 9

Motivation, Categories of Web Applications, Characteristics of Web Applications. Requirements of Engineering in Web Applications- Web Engineering-Components of Web Engineering-Web Engineering Process-Communication-Planning.

UNIT II WEB APPLICATION ARCHITECTURES & MODELLING WEB APPLICATIONS 9

Introduction- Categorizing Architectures- Specifics of Web Application Architectures, Components of a Generic Web Application Architecture- Layered Architectures, 2-Layer Architectures, N-Layer Architectures-Data-aspect Architectures, Database-centric Architectures- Architectures for Web Document Management- Architectures for Multimedia Data- Modeling Specifics in Web Engineering, Levels, Aspects, Phases Customization, Modeling Requirements, Hypertext Modeling, Hypertext Structure Modeling Concepts, Access Modeling Concepts, Relation to Content Modeling, Presentation Modeling, Relation to Hypertext Modeling, Customization Modeling, Modelling Framework-Modeling languages-Analysis Modeling for Web Apps-The Content Model-The Interaction Model-Configuration Model.

UNIT III WEB APPLICATION DESIGN 9

Design for WebApps- Goals-Design Process-Interactive Design- Principles and Guidelines-Workflow-Preliminaries-Design Steps- Usability- Issues- Information Design- Information Architecture- structuring- Accessing Information-Navigation Design- Functional Design-Web App Functionality- Design Process- Functional Architecture- Detailed Functional Design.

UNIT IV TESTING WEB APPLICATIONS 9

Introduction-Fundamentals-Test Specifics in Web Engineering-Test Approaches-Conventional Approaches, Agile Approaches- Testing concepts- Testing Process -Test Scheme- Test Methods and Techniques- Link Testing- Browser Testing-Usability Testing-Load, Stress, and Continuous Testing, Testing Security, Test-driven Development, -Content Testing-User Interface testing-Usability Testing-Compatibility Testing-Component Level Testing-Navigation Testing-Configuration testing-Security and Performance Testing- Test Automation.

UNIT V PROMOTING WEB APPLICATIONS AND WEB PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Introduction-challenges in launching the web Application-Promoting Web Application-Content Management-Usage Analysis-Web Project Management-Challenges in Web Project Management-Managing Web Team- Managing the Development Process of a Web Application- Risk, Developing a Schedule, Managing Quality, Managing Change, Tracking the Project. Introduction to node JS - web sockets.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- Explain the characteristics of web applications.
- Model web applications.
- Design web applications.
- Test web applications.

REFERENCES:

1. Chris Bates, "Web Programming: Building Internet Applications", Third Edition, Wiley India Edition, 2007.
2. Gerti Kappel, Birgit Proll, "Web Engineering", John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 2006.
3. Guy W. Lecky-Thompson, "Web Programming", Cengage Learning, 2008.
4. John Paul Mueller, "Web Development with Microsoft Visual Studio 2005", Wiley Dream tech, 2006.
5. Roger S. Pressman, David Lowe, "Web Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Publication, 2007.

CP5092	CLOUD COMPUTING TECHNOLOGIES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of virtualization and virtual machines
- To gain expertise in server, network and storage virtualization.
- To understand and deploy practical virtualization solutions and enterprise solutions
- To gain knowledge on the concept of virtualization that is fundamental to cloud computing
- To understand the various issues in cloud computing
- To be able to set up a private cloud
- To understand the security issues in the grid and the cloud environment

UNIT I VIRTUALIZATION

9

Basics of Virtual Machines - Process Virtual Machines – System Virtual Machines –Emulation – Interpretation – Binary Translation - Taxonomy of Virtual Machines. Virtualization –Management Virtualization — Hardware Maximization – Architectures – Virtualization Management – Storage Virtualization – Network Virtualization

UNIT II VIRTUALIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE

9

Comprehensive Analysis – Resource Pool – Testing Environment –Server Virtualization – Virtual Workloads – Provision Virtual Machines – Desktop Virtualization – Application Virtualization - Implementation levels of virtualization – virtualization structure – virtualization of CPU, Memory and I/O devices – virtual clusters and Resource Management – Virtualization for data center automation.

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn real time operating system concepts, the associated issues & Techniques.
- To understand design and synchronization problems in Real Time System.
- To explore the concepts of real time databases.
- To understand the evaluation techniques present in Real Time System.

UNIT I REAL TIME SYSTEM AND SCHEDULING 9

Introduction– Structure of a Real Time System –Task classes – Performance Measures for Real Time Systems – Estimating Program Run Times – Issues in Real Time Computing – Task Assignment and Scheduling – Classical uniprocessor scheduling algorithms –Fault Tolerant Scheduling.

UNIT II SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS ENGINEERING 9

Requirements engineering process – types of requirements – requirements specification for real time systems – Formal methods in software specification – structured Analysis and Design – object oriented analysis and design and unified modelling language – organizing the requirements document – organizing and writing documents – requirements validation and revision.

UNIT III INTERTASK COMMUNICATION AND MEMORY MANAGEMENT 9

Buffering data – Time relative Buffering- Ring Buffers – Mailboxes – Queues – Critical regions – Semaphores – other Synchronization mechanisms – deadlock – priority inversion – process stack management – run time ring buffer – maximum stack size – multiple stack arrangement – memory management in task control block - swapping – overlays – Block page management – replacement algorithms – memory locking – working sets – real time garbage collection – contiguous file systems.

UNIT IV REAL TIME DATABASES 9

Real time Databases – Basic Definition, Real time Vs General Purpose Databases, Main Memory Databases, Transaction priorities, Transaction Aborts, Concurrency control issues, Disk Scheduling Algorithms, Two– phase Approach to improve Predictability – Maintaining Serialization Consistency – Databases for Hard Real Time Systems.

UNIT V EVALUATION TECHNIQUES AND CLOCK SYNCHRONIZATION 9

Reliability Evaluation Techniques – Obtaining parameter values, Reliability models for Hardware Redundancy–Software error models. Clock Synchronization–Clock, A Nonfault–Tolerant Synchronization Algorithm – Impact of faults – Fault Tolerant Synchronization in Hardware – Fault Tolerant Synchronization in software.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:**

- Apply principles of real time system design techniques to develop real time applications.
- Make use of database in real time applications.
- Make use of architectures and behaviour of real time operating systems.
- Apply evaluation techniques in application.

REFERENCES:

1. C.M. Krishna, Kang G. Shin, "Real-Time Systems", McGraw-Hill International Editions, 1997
2. Philip.A.Laplante, "Real Time System Design and Analysis", Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2004
3. Rajib Mall, "Real-time systems: theory and practice", Pearson Education, 2009
4. R.J.A Buhur, D.L Bailey, "An Introduction to Real-Time Systems", Prentice Hall International, 1999
5. Stuart Bennett, "Real Time Computer Control-An Introduction", Prentice Hall of India, 1998
6. Allen Burns, Andy Wellings, "Real Time Systems and Programming Languages", Pearson Education, 2003.

CP5093**MOBILE AND PERVASIVE COMPUTING**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basic architecture and concepts till Third Generation Communication systems.
- To understand the latest 4G Telecommunication System Principles.
- To introduce the broad perspective of pervasive concepts and management
- To explore the HCI in Pervasive environment
- To apply the pervasive concepts in mobile environment

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

History – Wireless communications: GSM – DECT – TETRA – UMTS – IMT – 2000 – Blue tooth, WiFi, WiMAX, 3G ,WATM.- Mobile IP protocols -WAP push architecture-Wml scripts and applications. Data networks – SMS – GPRS – EDGE – Hybrid Wireless100 Networks – ATM – Wireless ATM.

UNIT II OVERVIEW OF A MODERN 4G TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM**9**

Introduction. LTE-A System Architecture. LTE RAN. OFDM Air Interface. Evolved Packet Core. LTE Requirements. LTE-Advanced. LTE-A in Release. OFDMA – Introduction. OFDM Principles. LTE Uplink—SC-FDMA. Summary of OFDMA.

UNIT III PERVASIVE CONCEPTS AND ELEMENTS**9**

Technology Trend Overview - Pervasive Computing: Concepts - Challenges - Middleware - Context Awareness - Resource Management - Human–Computer Interaction - Pervasive Transaction Processing - Infrastructure and Devices - Wireless Networks - Middleware for Pervasive Computing Systems - Resource Management - User Tracking- Context Management -Service Management - Data Management - Security Management - Pervasive Computing Environments - Smart Car Space - Intelligent Campus

UNIT IV HCI IN PERVASIVE COMPUTING

9

Prototype for Application Migration - Prototype for Multimodalities - Human–Computer Interface in Pervasive Environments - HCI Service and Interaction Migration - Context-Driven HCI Service Selection - Interaction Service Selection Overview - User Devices - Service-Oriented Middleware Support - User History and Preference - Context Manager - Local Service Matching - Global Combination - Effective Region - User Active Scope - Service Combination Selection Algorithm

UNIT V PERVASIVE MOBILE TRANSACTIONS

9

Pervasive Mobile Transactions - Introduction to Pervasive Transactions - Mobile Transaction Framework - Unavailable Transaction Service - Pervasive Transaction Processing Framework - Context-Aware Pervasive Transaction Model - Context Model for Pervasive Transaction Processing - Context-Aware Pervasive Transaction Model - A Case of Pervasive Transactions - Dynamic Transaction Management - Context-Aware Transaction Coordination Mechanism - Coordination Algorithm for Pervasive Transactions - Participant Discovery - Formal Transaction Verification - Petri Net with Selective Transition.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course the students should be able to:

- Obtain a through understanding of Basic architecture and concepts of till Third Generation Communication systems.
- Explain the latest 4G Telecommunication System Principles.
- Incorporate the pervasive concepts.
- Implement the HCI in Pervasive environment.
- Work on the pervasive concepts in mobile environment.

REFERENCES:

1. Alan Colman, Jun Han, and Muhammad Ashad Kabir, Pervasive Social Computing Socially-Aware Pervasive Systems and Mobile Applications, Springer, 2016.
2. J.Schiller, “Mobile Communication”, Addison Wesley, 2000.
3. Juha Korhonen, “Introduction to 4G Mobile Communications” , Artech House Publishers, 2014
4. Kolomvatsos, Kostas, Intelligent Technologies and Techniques for Pervasive Computing, IGI Global, 2013.
5. M. Bala Krishna, Jaime Lloret Mauri, “Advances in Mobile Computing and Communications: Perspectives and Emerging Trends in 5G Networks”, CRC 2016
6. Minyi Guo, Jingyu Zhou, Feilong Tang, Yao Shen, “ Pervasive Computing: Concepts, Technologies and Applications ” CRC Press, 2016

OBJECTIVES:

- To familiarize the issues in parallel computing.
- To describe distributed memory programming using MPI.
- To understand shared memory paradigm with Pthreads and with OpenMP.
- To learn the GPU based parallel programming using OpenCL.

UNIT I FOUNDATIONS OF PARALLEL PROGRAMMING 9

Motivation for parallel programming – Need-Concurrency in computing – Basics of processes, multitasking and threads – cache – cache mappings – caches and programs – virtual memory – Instruction level parallelism – hardware multi-threading – Parallel Hardware-SIMD – MIMD – Interconnection networks – cache coherence –Issues in shared memory model and distributed memory model –Parallel Software- Caveats- coordinating processes/ threads- hybrid model – shared memory model and distributed memory model - I/O – performance of parallel programs— parallel program design.

UNIT II DISTRIBUTED MEMORY PROGRAMMING WITH MPI 9

Basic MPI programming – MPI_Init and MPI_Finalize – MPI communicators – SPMD-programs– MPI_Send and MPI_Recv – message matching – MPI- I/O – parallel I/O – collective communication – Tree-structured communication -MPI_Reduce – MPI_Allreduce, broadcast, scatter, gather, allgather – MPI derived types – dynamic process management – performance evaluation of MPI programs- A Parallel Sorting Algorithm

UNIT III SHARED MEMORY PARADIGM WITH PTHREADS 9

Basics of threads, Pthreads – thread synchronization – critical sections – busy waiting – mutex – semaphores – barriers and condition variables – read write locks with examples - Caches, cache coherence and false sharing – Thread safety-Pthreads case study.

UNIT IV SHARED MEMORY PARADIGM: OPENMP 9

Basics OpenMP – Trapezoidal Rule-scope of variables – reduction clause – parallel for directive – loops in OpenMP – scheduling loops –Producer Consumer problem – cache issues – threads safety in OpenMP – Two- body solvers- Tree Search

UNIT V GRAPHICAL PROCESSING PARADIGMS: OPENCL AND INTRODUCTION TO CUDA 9

Introduction to OpenCL – Example-OpenCL Platforms- Devices-Contexts - OpenCL programming – Built-In Functions-Programs Object and Kernel Object – Memory Objects - Buffers and Images – Event model – Command-Queue - Event Object - case study. Introduction to CUDA programming.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:**

- Identify issues in parallel programming.
- Develop distributed memory programs using MPI framework.
- Design and develop shared memory parallel programs using Pthreads and using OpenMP.
- Implement Graphical Processing OpenCL programs.

REFERENCES:

1. A. Munshi, B. Gaster, T. G. Mattson, J. Fung, and D. Ginsburg, "OpenCL programming guide", Addison Wesley, 2011
2. M. J. Quinn, "Parallel programming in C with MPI and OpenMP", Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
3. Peter S. Pacheco, "An introduction to parallel programming", Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
4. Rob Farber, "CUDA application design and development", Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
5. W. Gropp, E. Lusk, and A. Skjellum, "Using MPI: Portable parallel programming with the message passing interface", Second Edition, MIT Press, 1999

CP5094

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL TECHNIQUES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of information retrieval with pertinence to modeling, query operations and indexing
- To get an understanding of machine learning techniques for text classification and clustering.
- To understand the various applications of information retrieval giving emphasis to multimedia IR, web search
- To understand the concepts of digital libraries

UNIT I INTRODUCTION: MOTIVATION 9

Basic Concepts – Practical Issues - Retrieval Process – Architecture - Boolean Retrieval – Retrieval Evaluation – Open Source IR Systems–History of Web Search – Web Characteristics– The impact of the web on IR —IR Versus Web Search–Components of a Search engine

UNIT II MODELING 9

Taxonomy and Characterization of IR Models – Boolean Model – Vector Model - Term Weighting – Scoring and Ranking –Language Models – Set Theoretic Models - Probabilistic Models – Algebraic Models – Structured Text Retrieval Models – Models for Browsing

UNIT III INDEXING 9

Static and Dynamic Inverted Indices – Index Construction and Index Compression. Searching - Sequential Searching and Pattern Matching. Query Operations -Query Languages – Query Processing - Relevance Feedback and Query Expansion - Automatic Local and Global Analysis – Measuring Effectiveness and Efficiency

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING 9

Text Classification and Naïve Bayes – Vector Space Classification – Support vector machines and Machine learning on documents. Flat Clustering – Hierarchical Clustering –Matrix decompositions and latent semantic indexing – Fusion and Meta learning

UNIT V SEARCHING THE WEB

9

Searching the Web –Structure of the Web –IR and web search – Static and Dynamic Ranking – Web Crawling and Indexing – Link Analysis - XML Retrieval Multimedia IR: Models and Languages – Indexing and Searching Parallel and Distributed IR – Digital Libraries

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- Build an Information Retrieval system using the available tools.
- Identify and design the various components of an Information Retrieval system.
- Apply machine learning techniques to text classification and clustering which is used for efficient Information Retrieval.
- Design an efficient search engine and analyze the Web content structure.

REFERENCES:

1. Christopher D. Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan, Hinrich Schutze, “Introduction to Information Retrieval”, Cambridge University Press, First South Asian Edition, 2008.
2. Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines”, The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England, 2010
3. Ricardo Baeza – Yates, Berthier Ribeiro – Neto, “Modern Information Retrieval: The concepts and Technology behind Search” (ACM Press Books), Second Edition, 2011.
4. Stefan Buttcher, Charles L. A. Clarke, Gordon V. Cormack, “Information Retrieval

CP5072

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURES AND DESIGN

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the need, design approaches for software architecture to bridge the dynamic requirements and implementation.
- To learn the design principles and to apply for large scale systems
- To design architectures for distributed heterogeneous systems ,environment through brokerage interaction
- To build design knowledge on service oriented and model driven architectures and the aspect oriented architecture.
- To develop appropriate architectures for various Case studies like semantic web services, supply chain cloud services.

UNIT I

10

Introduction to Software Architecture-Bridging Requirements and Implementation, Design Guidelines, Software Quality attributes. Software Architecture Design Space. Agile Approach to Software Architecture Design, Models for Software Architecture Description Languages (ADL).

UNIT II

8

Object-Oriented Paradigm -Design Principles. Data-Centered Software Architecture: Repository Architecture, Blackboard Architecture. Hierarchical Architecture Main-Subroutine, Master-Slave, Layered, Virtual Machine. Interaction-Oriented Software Architectures: Model-View-Controller (MVC), Presentation-Abstraction-Control (PAC).

UNIT III**9**

Distributed Architecture: Client-Server, Middleware, Multi-tiers, Broker Architecture – MOM, CORBA Message Broker Architecture- Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA), SOAP, UDDI, SOA Implementation in Web Services, Grid/cloud Service Computing. Heterogeneous Architecture- Methodology of Architecture Decision, Quality Attributes.

UNIT IV**9**

Architecture of User Interfaces containers, case study-web service. Product Line Architectures – methodologies, processes and tools. Software Reuse and Product Lines -Product Line Analysis, Design and implementation, configuration Models. Model Driven Architectures (MDA) –why MDA- Model transformation and software architecture, SOA and MDA. Eclipse modeling framework.

UNIT V**9**

Aspect Oriented Architectures- AOP in UML, AOP tools, Architectural aspects and middleware Selection of Architectures, Evaluation of Architecture Designs, Case Study: Online Computer Vendor, order processing, manufacture & shipping –inventory, supply chain cloud service Management, semantic web services

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- Understand the need of software architecture for sustainable dynamic systems.
- Have a sound knowledge on design principles and to apply for large scale systems
- Design architectures for distributed heterogeneous systems
- Have good knowledge on service oriented and model driven architectures and the aspect oriented architecture.
- Have a working knowledge to develop appropriate architectures through various case studies.

REFERENCES :

1. Essentials of software Architecture , Ion Gorton, Second Edition, Springer-verlag, 2011
2. Software Architecture Design Illuminated, Kai Qian Jones and Bartlett Publishers Canada, 2010

CP5003	PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the mathematical foundations needed for performance evaluation of computer systems
- To understand the metrics used for performance evaluation
- To understand the analytical modeling of computer systems
- To enable the students to develop new queuing analysis for both simple and complex systems
- To appreciate the use of smart scheduling and introduce the students to analytical techniques for evaluating scheduling policies

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF PERFORMANCE EVALUATION 9

Need for Performance Evaluation in Computer Systems – Overview of Performance Evaluation Methods – Introduction to Queuing – Probability Review – Generating Random Variables for Simulation – Sample Paths, Convergence and Averages – Little’s Law and other Operational Laws – Modification for Closed Systems.

UNIT II MARKOV CHAINS AND SIMPLE QUEUES 9

Discrete-Time Markov Chains – Ergodicity Theory – Real World Examples – Google, Aloha – Transition to Continuous-Time Markov Chain – M/M/1.

UNIT III MULTI-SERVER AND MULTI-QUEUE SYSTEMS 9

Server Farms: M/M/k and M/M/k/k – Capacity Provisioning for Server Farms – Time Reversibility and Burke’s Theorem – Networks of Queues and Jackson Product Form – Classed and Closed Networks of Queues.

UNIT IV REAL-WORLD WORKLOADS 9

Case Study of Real-world Workloads – Phase-Type Distributions and Matrix-Analytic Methods – Networks with Time-Sharing Servers – M/G/1 Queue and the Inspection Paradox – Task Assignment Policies for Server Farms.

UNIT V SMART SCHEDULING IN THE M/G/1 9

Performance Metrics – Scheduling Non-Preemptive and Preemptive Non-Size-Based Policies - . Scheduling Non-Preemptive and Preemptive Size-Based Policies – Scheduling - SRPT and Fairness.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES :

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Identify the need for performance evaluation and the metrics used for it
- Distinguish between open and closed queuing networks
- Use Little’e law and other operational laws
- Apply the operational laws to open and closed systems
- Use discrete-time and continuous-time Markov chains to model real world systems
- Develop analytical techniques for evaluating scheduling policies

REFERENCES:

1. K. S. Trivedi, “Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queueing and Computer Science Applications”, John Wiley and Sons, 2001.
2. Krishna Kant, “Introduction to Computer System Performance Evaluation”, McGraw-Hill, 1992.
3. Lieven Eeckhout, “Computer Architecture Performance Evaluation Methods”, Morgan and Claypool Publishers, 2010.
4. Mor Harchol - Balter, “Performance Modeling and Design of Computer Systems – Queueing Theory in Action”, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
5. Paul J. Fortier and Howard E. Michel, “Computer Systems Performance Evaluation and Prediction”, Elsevier, 2003.
6. Raj Jain, “The Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis: Techniques for Experimental Design, Measurement, Simulation and Modeling”, Wiley-Interscience, 1991.

CP5004

LANGUAGE TECHNOLOGIES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the fundamentals of natural language processing
- To appreciate the use of CFG and PCFG in NLP
- To understand the role of semantics and pragmatics

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Words - Regular Expressions and Automata - Words and Transducers - N-grams - Part-of-Speech – Tagging - Hidden Markov and Maximum Entropy Models.

UNIT II SPEECH 9

Speech – Phonetics - Speech Synthesis - Automatic Speech Recognition - Speech Recognition: - Advanced Topics - Computational Phonology.

UNIT III SYNTAX 9

Formal Grammars of English - Syntactic Parsing - Statistical Parsing - Features and Unification - Language and Complexity.

UNIT IV SEMANTICS AND PRAGMATICS 9

The Representation of Meaning - Computational Semantics - Lexical Semantics - Computational Lexical Semantics - Computational Discourse.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS 9

Information Extraction - Question Answering and Summarization - Dialogue and Conversational Agents - Machine Translation.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- To tag a given text with basic Language features
- To design an innovative application using NLP components
- To implement a rule based system to tackle morphology/syntax of a language
- To design a tag set to be used for statistical processing for real-time applications
- To compare and contrast use of different statistical approaches for different types of NLP applications.

REFERENCES:

1. Breck Baldwin, "Language Processing with Java and LingPipe Cookbook", Atlantic Publisher, 2015.
2. Daniel Jurafsky, "Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech", Pearson Publication, 2014.
3. Nitin Indurkha and Fred J. Damerau, "Handbook of Natural Language Processing", Second Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC Press, 2010.
4. Richard M Reese, "Natural Language Processing with Java", O'Reilly Media, 2015.
5. Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, "-Natural Language Processing with Python", First Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2009.

OBJECTIVES:

- To review image processing techniques for computer vision.
- To understand shape and region analysis.
- To understand Hough Transform and its applications to detect lines, circles, ellipses.
- To understand three-dimensional image analysis techniques.
- To understand motion analysis.
- To study some applications of computer vision algorithms.

UNIT I IMAGE PROCESSING FOUNDATIONS 9

Review of image processing techniques – classical filtering operations – thresholding techniques – edge detection techniques – corner and interest point detection – mathematical morphology – texture.

UNIT II SHAPES AND REGIONS 9

Binary shape analysis – connectedness – object labeling and counting – size filtering – distance functions – skeletons and thinning – deformable shape analysis – boundary tracking procedures – active contours – shape models and shape recognition – centroidal profiles – handling occlusion – boundary length measures – boundary descriptors – chain codes – Fourier descriptors – region descriptors – moments.

UNIT III HOUGH TRANSFORM 9

Line detection – Hough Transform (HT) for line detection – foot-of-normal method – line localization – line fitting – RANSAC for straight line detection – HT based circular object detection – accurate center location – speed problem – ellipse detection – Case study: Human Iris location – hole detection – generalized Hough Transform (GHT) – spatial matched filtering – GHT for ellipse detection – object location – GHT for feature collation.

UNIT IV 3D VISION AND MOTION 9

Methods for 3D vision – projection schemes – shape from shading – photometric stereo – shape from texture – shape from focus – active range finding – surface representations – point-based representation – volumetric representations – 3D object recognition – 3D reconstruction – introduction to motion – triangulation – bundle adjustment – translational alignment – parametric motion – spline-based motion – optical flow – layered motion.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS 9

Application: Photo album – Face detection – Face recognition – Eigen faces – Active appearance and 3D shape models of faces Application: Surveillance – foreground-background separation – particle filters – Chamfer matching, tracking, and occlusion – combining views from multiple cameras – human gait analysis Application: In-vehicle vision system: locating roadway – road markings – identifying road signs – locating pedestrians.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Implement fundamental image processing techniques required for computer vision.
- Perform shape analysis.
- Implement boundary tracking techniques.
- Apply chain codes and other region descriptors.
- Apply Hough Transform for line, circle, and ellipse detections.
- Apply 3D vision techniques.
- Implement motion related techniques.
- Develop applications using computer vision techniques.

REFERENCES:

1. D. L. Baggio et al., "Mastering OpenCV with Practical Computer Vision Projects", Packt Publishing, 2012.
2. E. R. Davies, "Computer & Machine Vision", Fourth Edition, Academic Press, 2012.
3. Jan Erik Solem, "Programming Computer Vision with Python: Tools and algorithms for analyzing images", O'Reilly Media, 2012.
4. Mark Nixon and Alberto S. Aquado, "Feature Extraction & Image Processing for Computer Vision", Third Edition, Academic Press, 2012.
5. R. Szeliski, "Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications", Springer 2011.
6. Simon J. D. Prince, "Computer Vision: Models, Learning, and Inference", Cambridge University Press, 2012.

CP5096	SPEECH PROCESSING AND SYNTHESIS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the mathematical foundations needed for speech processing
- To understand the basic concepts and algorithms of speech processing and synthesis
- To familiarize the students with the various speech signal representation, coding and recognition techniques
- To appreciate the use of speech processing in current technologies and to expose the students to real– world applications of speech processing

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF SPEECH PROCESSING 9
Introduction – Spoken Language Structure – Phonetics and Phonology – Syllables and Words – Syntax and Semantics – Probability, Statistics and Information Theory – Probability Theory – Estimation Theory – Significance Testing – Information Theory.

UNIT II SPEECH SIGNAL REPRESENTATIONS AND CODING 9
Overview of Digital Signal Processing – Speech Signal Representations – Short time Fourier Analysis – Acoustic Model of Speech Production – Linear Predictive Coding – Cepstral Processing – Formant Frequencies – The Role of Pitch – Speech Coding – LPC Coder.

UNIT III SPEECH RECOGNITION 9
Hidden Markov Models – Definition – Continuous and Discontinuous HMMs – Practical Issues – Limitations. Acoustic Modeling – Variability in the Speech Signal – Extracting Features – Phonetic Modeling – Adaptive Techniques – Confidence Measures – Other Techniques.

UNIT IV TEXT ANALYSIS 9
Lexicon – Document Structure Detection – Text Normalization – Linguistic Analysis – Homograph Disambiguation – Morphological Analysis – Letter-to-sound Conversion – Prosody – Generation schematic – Speaking Style – Symbolic Prosody – Duration Assignment – Pitch Generation

UNIT V SPEECH SYNTHESIS**9**

Attributes – Formant Speech Synthesis – Concatenative Speech Synthesis – Prosodic Modification of Speech – Source-filter Models for Prosody Modification – Evaluation of TTS Systems.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Identify the various temporal, spectral and cepstral features required for identifying speech units – phoneme, syllable and word
- Determine and apply Mel-frequency cepstral coefficients for processing all types of signals
- Justify the use of formant and concatenative approaches to speech synthesis
- Identify the apt approach of speech synthesis depending on the language to be processed
- Determine the various encoding techniques for representing speech.

REFERENCES:

1. Joseph Mariani, “Language and Speech Processing”, Wiley, 2009.
2. Lawrence Rabiner and Biing-Hwang Juang, “Fundamentals of Speech Recognition”, Prentice Hall Signal Processing Series, 1993.
3. Sadaoki Furui, “Digital Speech Processing: Synthesis, and Recognition, Second Edition, (Signal Processing and Communications)”, Marcel Dekker, 2000.
4. Thomas F. Quatieri, “Discrete-Time Speech Signal Processing”, Pearson Education, 2002.
5. Xuedong Huang, Alex Acero, Hsiao-Wuen Hon, “Spoken Language Processing – A guide to Theory, Algorithm and System Development”, Prentice Hall PTR, 2001.

CP5005**SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE AND TESTING**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of testing, test planning & design and test team organization
- To study the various types of test in the life cycle of the software product.
- To build design concepts for system testing and execution
- To learn the software quality assurance ,metrics, defect prevention techniques
- To learn the techniques for quality assurance and applying for applications.

UNIT I SOFTWARE TESTING - CONCEPTS, ISSUES, AND TECHNIQUES**9**

Quality Revolution, Verification and Validation, Failure, Error, Fault, and Defect, Objectives of Testing, Testing Activities, Test Case Selection White-Box and Black ,test Planning and design, Test Tools and Automation, . Power of Test. Test Team Organization and Management-Test Groups, Software Quality Assurance Group ,System Test Team Hierarchy, Team Building.

UNIT II SYSTEM TESTING**9**

System Testing - System Integration Techniques-Incremental, Top Down Bottom Up Sandwich and Big Bang, Software and Hardware Integration, Hardware Design Verification Tests, Hardware and Software Compatibility Matrix Test Plan for System Integration. Built-in Testing. functional testing - Testing a Function in Context. Boundary Value Analysis, Decision Tables. acceptance testing - Selection of Acceptance Criteria, Acceptance Test Plan, Test Execution Test. software reliability - Fault and Failure, Factors Influencing Software, Reliability Models

UNIT III SYSTEM TEST CATEGORIES 10

System test categories Taxonomy of System Tests, Interface Tests Functionality Tests. GUI Tests, Security Tests Feature Tests, Robustness Tests, Boundary Value Tests Power Cycling Tests Interoperability Tests, Scalability Tests, Stress Tests, Load and Stability Tests, Reliability Tests, Regression Tests, Regulatory Tests.

Test Generation from FSM models- State-Oriented Model. Finite-State Machine Transition Tour Method, Testing with State Verification. Test Architectures-Local, distributed, Coordinated, Remote. system test design- Test Design Factors Requirement Identification, modeling a Test Design Process Test Design Preparedness, Metrics, Test Case Design Effectiveness. system test execution- Modeling Defects, Metrics for Monitoring Test Execution .Defect Reports, Defect Causal Analysis, Beta testing, measuring Test Effectiveness.

UNIT IV SOFTWARE QUALITY 8

Software quality - People's Quality Expectations, Frameworks and ISO-9126, McCall's Quality Factors and Criteria – Relationship. Quality Metrics. Quality Characteristics ISO 9000:2000 Software Quality Standard. Maturity models- Test Process Improvement ,Testing Maturity Model.

UNIT V SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE 9

Quality Assurance - Root Cause Analysis, modeling, technologies, standards and methodologies for defect prevention. Fault Tolerance and Failure Containment - Safety Assurance and Damage Control, Hazard analysis using fault-trees and event-trees. Comparing Quality Assurance Techniques and Activities. QA Monitoring and Measurement, Risk Identification for Quantifiable Quality Improvement. Case Study: FSM-Based Testing of Web-Based Applications.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Perform functional and nonfunctional tests in the life cycle of the software product.
- Understand system testing and test execution process.
- Identify defect prevention techniques and software quality assurance metrics.
- Apply techniques of quality assurance for typical applications.

REFERENCES:

1. Software Testing And Quality Assurance-Theory and Practice, Kshirasagar Nak Priyadarshi Tripathy, John Wiley & Sons Inc,2008
2. Software Quality Engineering: Testing, Quality Assurance, and Quantifiable Improvement, Jeff Tian, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey. 2005.
3. Software Quality Assurance - From Theory to Implementation, Daniel Galin, Pearson Education Ltd UK, 2004
4. Software Quality Assurance, Milind Limaye, TMH ,New Delhi, 2011

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the goals, complexity of software systems, the role of Specification activities and qualities to control complexity.
- To understand the fundamentals of abstraction and formal systems
- To learn fundamentals of logic reasoning- Propositional Logic, temporal logic and apply to models systems
- To understand formal specification models based on set theory, calculus and algebra and apply to a case study
- To learn Z, Object Z and B Specification languages with case studies.

UNIT I SPECIFICATION FUNDAMENTALS 10

Role of Specification- Software Complexity - Size, Structural, Environmental, Application, domain, Communication Complexity, How to Control Complexity. Software specification, Specification Activities-Integrating Formal Methods into the Software Life-Cycle. Specification Qualities- Process Quality Attributes of Formal Specification Languages, Model of Process Quality, Product Quality and Utility, Conformance to Stated Goals Quality Dimensions and Quality Model.

UNIT II FORMAL METHODS 8

Abstraction- Fundamental Abstractions in Computing. Abstractions for Software Construction.

Formalism Fundamentals - Formal Systems, Formalization Process in Software Engineering Components of a Formal System- Syntax, Semantics, and Inference Mechanism. Properties of Formal Systems - Consistency.

Automata-Deterministic Finite Accepters, State Machine Modeling Nondeterministic Finite Accepters, Finite State Transducers Extended Finite State Machine. Case Study—Elevator Control. Classification of C Methods-Property-Oriented Specification Methods, Model-Based Specification Techniques.

UNIT III LOGIC 9

Propositional Logic - Reasoning Based on Adopting a Premise, Inference Based on Natural Deduction. Predicate Logic - Syntax and Semantics, Policy Language Specification, knowledge Representation Axiomatic Specification. Temporal Logic -.Temporal Logic for Specification and Verification, Temporal Abstraction Propositional Temporal Logic (PTL), First Order Temporal Logic (FOTL).Formal Verification, Verification of Simple FOTL, Model Checking, Program Graphs, Transition Systems.

UNIT IV SPECIFICATION MODELS 9

Mathematical Abstractions for Model-Based Specifications-Formal Specification Based on Set Theory, Relations and Functions. Property-Oriented Specifications- Algebraic Specification, Properties of Algebraic Specifications, Reasoning, Structured Specifications. Case Study—A Multiple Window Environment: requirements, Modeling Formal Specifications. Calculus of Communicating Systems: Specific Calculus for Concurrency. Operational Semantics of Agents, Simulation and Equivalence, Derivation Trees, Labeled Transition Systems.

UNIT V FORMAL LANGUAGES

9

The Z Notation, abstractions in Z, Representational Abstraction, Types, Relations and Functions, Sequences, Bags. Free Types-Schemas, Operational Abstraction -Operations Schema Decorators, Generic Functions, Proving Properties from Z specifications, Consistency of Operations. Additional Features in Z. Case Study: An Automated Billing System. The Object-Z Specification Language- Basic Structure of an Object-Z, Specification. Parameterized Class, Object-Orientation, composition of Operations-Parallel Communication Operator, Nondeterministic Choice Operator, and Environment Enrichment. The B-Method -Abstract Machine Notation (AMN), Structure of a B Specification, arrays, statements. Structured Specifications, Case Study- A Ticketing System in a Parking.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- Understand the complexity of software systems, the need for formal specifications activities and qualities to control complexity.
- Gain knowledge on fundamentals of abstraction and formal systems
- Learn the fundamentals of logic reasoning- Propositional Logic, temporal logic and apply to models systems
- Develop formal specification models based on set theory, calculus and algebra and apply to a typical case study
- Have working knowledge on Z, Object Z and B Specification languages with case studies.

REFERENCES:

- 1 Mathematical Logic for computer science ,second edition, M.Ben-Ari ,Springer,2003.
- 2 Logic in Computer Science- modeling and reasoning about systems, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2004.
- 3 Specification of Software Systems, V.S. Alagar, K. Periyasamy, David Grises and Fred B Schneider, Springer –Verlag London, 2011
- 4 The ways Z: Practical programming with formal methods, Jonathan Jacky, Cambridge University Press,1996.
- 5 Using Z-Specification Refinement and Proof,Jim Woodcock and Jim Devies Prentice Hall, 1996
- 6 Z: An introduction to formal methods, Second Edition, Antoi Diller, Wiley, 1994.

CP5073

EMBEDDED SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the architecture of embedded processor, microcontroller and peripheral devices.
- To interface memory and peripherals with embedded systems.
- To study the embedded network environment.
- To understand challenges in Real time operating systems.
- To study, analyze and design applications on embedded systems.

CP5074

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the components of the social network.
- To model and visualize the social network.
- To mine the users in the social network.
- To understand the evolution of the social network.
- To know the applications in real time systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction to Web - Limitations of current Web – Development of Semantic Web – Emergence of the Social Web – Statistical Properties of Social Networks -Network analysis - Development of Social Network Analysis - Key concepts and measures in network analysis - Discussion networks - Blogs and online communities - Web-based networks.

UNIT II MODELING AND VISUALIZATION 9

Visualizing Online Social Networks - A Taxonomy of Visualizations - Graph Representation - Centrality- Clustering - Node-Edge Diagrams - Visualizing Social Networks with Matrix-Based Representations- Node-Link Diagrams - Hybrid Representations - Modelling and aggregating social network data – Random Walks and their Applications –Use of Hadoop and Map Reduce - Ontological representation of social individuals and relationships.

UNIT III MINING COMMUNITIES 9

Aggregating and reasoning with social network data, Advanced Representations – Extracting evolution of Web Community from a Series of Web Archive - Detecting Communities in Social Networks - Evaluating Communities – Core Methods for Community Detection & Mining - Applications of Community Mining Algorithms - Node Classification in Social Networks.

UNIT IV EVOLUTION 9

Evolution in Social Networks – Framework - Tracing Smoothly Evolving Communities - Models and Algorithms for Social Influence Analysis - Influence Related Statistics - Social Similarity and Influence - Influence Maximization in Viral Marketing - Algorithms and Systems for Expert Location in Social Networks - Expert Location without Graph Constraints - with Score Propagation – Expert Team Formation - Link Prediction in Social Networks - Feature based Link Prediction – Bayesian Probabilistic Models - Probabilistic Relational Models.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS 9

A Learning Based Approach for Real Time Emotion Classification of Tweets, A New Linguistic Approach to Assess the Opinion of Users in Social Network Environments, Explaining Scientific and Technical Emergence Forecasting, Social Network Analysis for Biometric Template Protection

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Work on the internal components of the social network
- Model and visualize the social network
- Mine the behaviour of the users in the social network
- Predict the possible next outcome of the social network
- Apply social network in real time applications

REFERENCES:

1. Ajith Abraham, Aboul Ella Hassanien, Václav Snášel, "Computational Social Network Analysis: Trends, Tools and Research Advances", Springer, 2012
2. Borko Furht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Applications", Springer, 1st edition, 2011
3. Charu C. Aggarwal, "Social Network Data Analytics", Springer; 2014
4. Giles, Mark Smith, John Yen, "Advances in Social Network Mining and Analysis", Springer, 2010.
5. Guandong Xu , Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, "Web Mining and Social Networking – Techniques and applications", Springer, 1st edition, 2012
6. Peter Mika, "Social Networks and the Semantic Web", Springer, 1st edition, 2007.
7. Przemyslaw Kazienko, Nitesh Chawla,"Applications of Social Media and Social Network Analysis", Springer,2015

CP5007

BIO-INSPIRED COMPUTING

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To Learn bio-inspired theorem and algorithms
- To Understand random walk and simulated annealing
- To Learn genetic algorithm and differential evolution
- To Learn swarm optimization and ant colony for feature selection
- To understand bio-inspired application in image processing

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction to algorithm - Newton's method - optimization algorithm - No-Free-Lunch Theorems - Nature-Inspired Metaheuristics -Analysis of Algorithms -Nature Inspires Algorithms -Parameter tuning and parameter control.

UNIT II RANDOM WALK AND ANEALING 9

Random variables - Isotropic random walks - Levy distribution and flights - Markov chains - step sizes and search efficiency - Modality and intermittent search strategy - importance of randomization- Eagle strategy-Annealing and Boltzmann Distribution - parameters -SA algorithm - Stochastic Tunneling.

UNIT III GENETIC ALGORITHM AND DIFFERENTIAL EVOLUTION 9

Introduction to genetic algorithms and - role of genetic operators - choice of parameters - GA variants - schema theorem - convergence analysis - introduction to differential evolution - variants - choice of parameters - convergence analysis - implementation.

UNIT IV SWARM OPTIMIZATION AND FIREFLY ALGORITHM 9
 Swarm intelligence - PSO algorithm - accelerated PSO - implementation - convergence analysis - binary PSO - The Firefly algorithm - algorithm analysis - implementation - variants- Ant colony optimization toward feature selection.

UNIT V APPLICATION IN IMAGE PROCESSING 9
 Bio-Inspired Computation and its Applications in Image Processing: An Overview - Fine-Tuning Enhanced Probabilistic Neural Networks Using Meta-heuristic-driven Optimization - Fine-Tuning Deep Belief Networks using Cuckoo Search - Improved Weighted Thresholded Histogram Equalization Algorithm for Digital Image Contrast Enhancement Using Bat Algorithm - Ground Glass Opacity Nodules Detection and Segmentation using Snake Model - Mobile Object Tracking Using Cuckoo Search

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Implement and apply bio-inspired algorithms
- Explain random walk and simulated annealing
- Implement and apply genetic algorithms
- Explain swarm intelligence and ant colony for feature selection
- Apply bio-inspired techniques in image processing.

REFERENCES:

1. Eiben,A.E.,Smith,James E, "Introduction to Evolutionary Computing", Springer 2015.
2. Helio J.C. Barbosa, "Ant Colony Optimization - Techniques and Applications", Intech 2013
3. Xin-She Yang , Jao Paulo papa, "Bio-Inspired Computing and Applications in Image Processing",Elsevier 2016
4. Xin-She Yang, "Nature Ispired Optimization Algorithm,Elsevier First Edition 2014
5. Yang ,Cui,Xlao,Gandomi,Karamanoglu ,"Swarm Intelligence and Bio-Inspired Computing", Elsevier First Edition 2013

CP5008	COMPILER OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To be aware of different forms of intermediate languages and analyzing programs.
- To understand optimizations techniques for simple program blocks.
- To apply optimizations on procedures, control flow and parallelism.
- To learn the inter procedural analysis and optimizations.
- To explore the knowledge about resource utilization.

UNIT I INTERMEDIATE REPRESENTATIONS AND ANALYSIS 9
 Review of Compiler Structure- Structure of an Optimizing Compiler – Intermediate Languages - LIR, MIR, HIR – Control Flow Analysis – Iterative Data Flow Analysis – Static Single Assignment – Dependence Relations - Dependences in Loops and Testing-Basic Block Dependence DAGs – Alias Analysis.

UNIT II EARLY AND LOOP OPTIMIZATIONS 9

Importance of Code Optimization Early Optimizations: Constant-Expression Evaluation - Scalar Replacement of Aggregates - Algebraic Simplifications and Re-association - Value Numbering - Copy Propagation - Sparse Conditional Constant Propagation. Redundancy Elimination: Common - Subexpression Elimination - Loop-Invariant Code Motion - Partial-Redundancy Elimination - Redundancy Elimination and Reassociation - Code Hoisting. Loop Optimizations: Induction Variable Optimizations - Unnecessary Bounds Checking Elimination.

UNIT III PROCEDURE OPTIMIZATION AND SCHEDULING 9

Procedure Optimizations: Tail-Call Optimization and Tail-Recursion Elimination - Procedure Integration - In-Line Expansion - Leaf-Routine Optimization and Shrink Wrapping. Code Scheduling: Instruction Scheduling - Speculative Loads and Boosting - Speculative Scheduling - Software Pipelining - Trace Scheduling - Percolation Scheduling. Control-Flow and Low-Level Optimizations : Unreachable-Code Elimination - Straightening - If Simplifications - Loop Simplifications -Loop Inversion – Un-switching - Branch Optimizations - Tail Merging or Cross Jumping - Conditional Moves - Dead-Code Elimination - Branch Prediction - Machine Idioms and Instruction Combining.

UNIT IV INTER PROCEDURAL OPTIMIZATION 9

Symbol table – Runtime Support - Interprocedural Analysis and Optimization: Interprocedural Control Flow Analysis - The Call Graph - Interprocedural Data-Flow Analysis - Interprocedural Constant Propagation - Interprocedural Alias Analysis - Interprocedural Optimizations - Interprocedural Register Allocation - Aggregation of Global References.

UNIT V REGISTER ALLOCATION AND OPTIMIZING FOR MEMORY 9

Register Allocation: Register Allocation and Assignment - Local Methods - Graph Coloring – Priority Based Graph Coloring - Other Approaches to Register Allocation. Optimization for the Memory Hierarchy: Impact of Data and Instruction Caches - Instruction-Cache Optimization - Scalar Replacement of Array Elements - Data-Cache Optimization - Scalar vs. Memory-Oriented Optimizations.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

- Identify the different optimization techniques for simple program blocks.
- Design performance enhancing optimization techniques.
- Perform the optimization on procedures.
- Ensure better utilization of resources.

REFERENCES:

1. Alfred V. Aho, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools", Addison Wesley, Second Edition, 2007.
2. Andrew W. Appel, Jens Palsberg, "Modern Compiler Implementation in Java", Cambridge University Press, Second Edition, 2002.
3. Keith Cooper, Linda Torczon, "Engineering a Compiler", Morgan Kaufmann, Second Edition, 2011. 5. Randy Allen and Ken Kennedy, "Optimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures: A Dependence based Approach", Morgan Kaufman, 2001.
4. Robert Morgan, "Building an Optimizing Compiler", Digital Press, 1998
5. Steven Muchnick, "Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation", Morgan Kaufman Publishers, 1997.

CP5009

DATA VISUALIZATION TECHNIQUES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop skills to both design and critique visualizations.
- To introduce visual perception and core skills for visual analysis.
- To understand visualization for time-series analysis.
- To understand visualization for ranking analysis.
- To understand visualization for deviation analysis.
- To understand visualization for distribution analysis.
- To understand visualization for correlation analysis.
- To understand visualization for multivariate analysis.
- To understand issues and best practices in information dashboard design.

UNIT I CORE SKILLS FOR VISUAL ANALYSIS 9

Information visualization – effective data analysis – traits of meaningful data – visual perception –making abstract data visible – building blocks of information visualization – analytical interaction – analytical navigation – optimal quantitative scales – reference lines and regions – trellises and crosstabs – multiple concurrent views – focus and context – details on demand – over-plotting reduction – analytical patterns – pattern examples.

UNIT II TIME-SERIES, RANKING, AND DEVIATION ANALYSIS 9

Time-series analysis – time-series patterns – time-series displays – time-series best practices – part-to-whole and ranking patterns – part-to-whole and ranking displays – best practices – deviation analysis – deviation analysis displays – deviation analysis best practices.

UNIT III DISTRIBUTION, CORRELATION, AND MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS 9

Distribution analysis – describing distributions – distribution patterns – distribution displays – distribution analysis best practices – correlation analysis – describing correlations – correlation patterns – correlation displays – correlation analysis techniques and best practices – multivariate analysis – multivariate patterns – multivariate displays – multivariate analysis techniques and best practices.

UNIT IV INFORMATION DASHBOARD DESIGN 9

Information dashboard – Introduction– dashboard design issues and assessment of needs – Considerations for designing dashboard-visual perception – Achieving eloquence.

UNIT V INFORMATION DASHBOARD DESIGN 9

Advantages of Graphics _Library of Graphs – Designing Bullet Graphs – Designing Sparklines – Dashboard Display Media –Critical Design Practices – Putting it all together- Unveiling the dashboard.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Explain principles of visual perception
- Apply core skills for visual analysis
- Apply visualization techniques for various data analysis tasks
- Design information dashboard

REFERENCES:

1. Ben Fry, "Visualizing data: Exploring and explaining data with the processing environment", O'Reilly, 2008.
2. Edward R. Tufte, "The visual display of quantitative information", Second Edition, Graphics Press, 2001.
3. Evan Stubbs, "The value of business analytics: Identifying the path to profitability", Wiley, 2011.
4. Gert H. N. Laursen and Jesper Thorlund, "Business Analytics for Managers: Taking business intelligence beyond reporting", Wiley, 2010.
5. Nathan Yau, "Data Points: Visualization that means something", Wiley, 2013.
6. Stephen Few, "Information dashboard design: Displaying data for at-a-glance monitoring", second edition, Analytics Press, 2013.
7. Stephen Few, "Now you see it: Simple Visualization techniques for quantitative analysis", Analytics Press, 2009.
8. Tamara Munzner, Visualization Analysis and Design, AK Peters Visualization Series, CRC Press, Nov. 2014

CP5010

RECONFIGURABLE COMPUTING

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the need for reconfigurable computing
- To expose the students to various device architectures
- To examine the various reconfigurable computing systems
- To understand the different types of compute models for programming reconfigurable architectures
- To expose the students to HDL programming and familiarize with the development environment
- To expose the students to the various placement and routing protocols
- To develop applications with FPGAs

UNIT I DEVICE ARCHITECTURE

9

General Purpose Computing Vs Reconfigurable Computing – Simple Programmable Logic Devices – Complex Programmable Logic Devices – FPGAs – Device Architecture - Case Studies.

UNIT II RECONFIGURABLE COMPUTING ARCHITECTURES AND SYSTEMS

9

Reconfigurable Processing Fabric Architectures – RPF Integration into Traditional Computing Systems – Reconfigurable Computing Systems – Case Studies – Reconfiguration Management.

UNIT III PROGRAMMING RECONFIGURABLE SYSTEMS

9

Compute Models - Programming FPGA Applications in HDL – Compiling C for Spatial Computing – Operating System Support for Reconfigurable Computing.

UNIT IV MAPPING DESIGNS TO RECONFIGURABLE PLATFORMS

9

The Design Flow - Technology Mapping – FPGA Placement and Routing – Configuration Bitstream Generation – Case Studies with Appropriate Tools.

UNIT V APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT WITH FPGAS**9**

Case Studies of FPGA Applications – System on a Programmable Chip (SoPC) Designs.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:**

- Identify the need for reconfigurable architectures.
- Discuss the architecture of FPGAs.
- Point out the salient features of different reconfigurable architectures.
- Build basic modules using any HDL.
- Develop applications using any HDL and appropriate tools.
- Design and build an SoPC for a particular application.

REFERENCES:

1. Christophe Bobda, “Introduction to Reconfigurable Computing – Architectures, Algorithms and Applications”, Springer, 2010.
2. Maya B. Gokhale and Paul S. Graham, “Reconfigurable Computing: Accelerating Computation with Field-Programmable Gate Arrays”, Springer, 2005.
3. FPGA Frontiers: New Applications in Reconfigurable Computing, 2017, Nicole Hemsoth, Timothy Prickett Morgan, Next Platform.
4. Reconfigurable Computing: From FPGAs to Hardware/Software Codesign 2011 Edition by Joao Cardoso (Editor), Michael Hübne, Springer
5. Scott Hauck and Andre Dehon (Eds.), “Reconfigurable Computing – The Theory and Practice of FPGA-Based Computation”, Elsevier / Morgan Kaufmann, 2008.

CP5097**MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT****L T P C****3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand system requirements for mobile applications.
- Generate suitable design using specific mobile development frameworks.
- Generate mobile application design.
- Implement the design using specific mobile development frameworks.
- Deploy the mobile applications in marketplace for distribution.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**5**

Introduction to mobile applications – Embedded systems - Market and business drivers for mobile applications – Publishing and delivery of mobile applications – Requirements gathering and validation for mobile applications.

UNIT II BASIC DESIGN**8**

Introduction – Basics of embedded systems design – Embedded OS - Design constraints for mobile applications, both hardware and software related – Architecting mobile applications – User interfaces for mobile applications – touch events and gestures – Achieving quality constraints – performance, usability, security, availability and modifiability.

UNIT III ADVANCED DESIGN 8

Designing applications with multimedia and web access capabilities – Integration with GPS and social media networking applications – Accessing applications hosted in a cloud computing environment – Design patterns for mobile applications.

UNIT IV ANDROID 12

Introduction – Establishing the development environment – Android architecture – Activities and views – Interacting with UI – Persisting data using SQLite – Packaging and deployment – Interaction with server side applications – Using Google Maps, GPS and Wifi – Integration with social media applications.

UNIT V IOS 12

Introduction to Objective C – iOS features – UI implementation – Touch frameworks – Data persistence using Core Data and SQLite – Location aware applications using Core Location and Map Kit – Integrating calendar and address book with social media application – Using Wifi - iPhone marketplace.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Describe the requirements for mobile applications.
- Explain the challenges in mobile application design and development.
- Develop design for mobile applications for specific requirements.
- Implement the design using Android SDK.
- Implement the design using Objective C and iOS.
- Deploy mobile applications in Android and iPhone marketplace for distribution.

REFERENCES:

1. Charlie Collins, Michael Galpin and Matthias Kappler, “Android in Practice”, DreamTech, 2012.
2. David Mark, Jack Nutting, Jeff LaMarche and Frederic Olsson, “Beginning iOS 6 Development: Exploring the iOS SDK”, Apress, 2013.
3. <http://developer.android.com/develop/index.html>.
4. James Dovey and Ash Furrow, “Beginning Objective C”, Apress, 2012.
5. Jeff McWherter and Scott Gowell, "Professional Mobile Application Development", Wrox,2012.
6. Reto Meier, “PProfessional android Development”, Wiley-India Edition, 2012.

CP5075

BIO INFORMATICS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To get exposed to the fundamentals of bioinformatics.
- To learn bio-informatics algorithm and phylogenetic concept.
- To understand open problems and issues in replication and molecular clocks.
- To learn assemble genomes and corresponding theorem.
- To study and exposed to the domain of human genomics.

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION AND FUNDAMENTALS	9
Fundamentals of genes , genomics , molecular evolution – genomic technologies – beginning of bioinformatics - genetic data –sequence data formats – secondary database – examples – data retrieval systems – genome browsers.		
UNIT II	BIOINFORMATICS ALGORITHM AND ANALYSIS	9
Sequence alignment and similarity searching in genomic databases: BLAST and FASTA – additional bioinformatics analysis involving nucleic acid sequences-additional bioinformatics analysis involving protein sequences – Phylogenetic Analysis.		
UNIT III	DNA REPLICATION AND MOLECULAR CLOCKS	9
Beginning of DNA replication – open problems – multiple replication and finding replication – computing probabilities of patterns in a string-the frequency array-converting patterns-solving problems- finding frequents words-Big-O notation –case study-The Tower of Hanoi problem.		
UNIT IV	ASSEMBLE GENOMES AND SEQUENCES	9
Methods of assemble genomes – string reconstruction – De Bruijn graph – Euler’s theorem – assembling genomes –DNA sequencing technologies – sequence antibiotics – Brute Force Algorithm – Branch and Bound algorithm – open problems – comparing biological sequences- Case Study –Manhattan tourist Problem.		
UNIT V	HUMAN GENOME	9
Human and mouse genomes-random breakage model of chromosome evolution – sorting by reversals – greedy heuristic approach – break points- rearrangements in tumor and break point genomes-break point graphs- synteny block construction -open problems and technologies.		
TOTAL :		45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Deploy the genomics technologies in Bioinformatics.
- Able to distinct efficient algorithm and issues.
- Deploy the replication and molecular clocks in bioinformatics.
- Work on assemble genomes and sequences.
- Use the Microarray technologies for genome expression.

REFERENCES:

1. Ion Mandoiu and Alexander Zelikovsky , “Computational Methods for Next Generation Sequencing Data Analysis “ Wiley series 2016.
2. Istvan Miklos,Renyi Institutue, “Introduction to algorithms in bioinformatics”,Springer 2016
3. Philip Compeau and Pavel pevzner, “Bioinformatics Algorithms: An Active Learning Approach” Second edition volume I , Couseira, 2015.
4. Supratim Choudhuri, “Bioinformatics For Beginners”, Elsevier, 2014.

CP5076

INFORMATION STORAGE MANAGEMENT

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the storage architecture and available technologies.
- To learn to establish & manage datacenter.
- To learn security aspects of storage & data center.

UNIT I STORAGE TECHNOLOGY 9

Review data creation and the amount of data being created and understand the value of data to a business, challenges in data storage and data management, Solutions available for data storage, Core elements of a data center infrastructure, role of each element in supporting business activities.

UNIT II STORAGE SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE 9

Hardware and software components of the host environment, Key protocols and concepts used by each component ,Physical and logical components of a connectivity environment ,Major physical components of a disk drive and their function, logical constructs of a physical disk, access characteristics, and performance Implications, Concept of RAID and its components, Different RAID levels and their suitability for different application environments: RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 3, RAID 4, RAID 5, RAID 0+1, RAID 1+0, RAID 6, Compare and contrast integrated and modular storage systems ,High-level architecture and working of an intelligent storage system.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO NETWORKED STORAGE 9

Evolution of networked storage, Architecture, components, and topologies of FC-SAN, NAS, and IP-SAN, Benefits of the different networked storage options, understand the need for long-term archiving solutions and describe how CAS full fill the need, understand the appropriateness of the different networked storage options for different application environments

UNIT IV INFORMATION AVAILABILITY, MONITORING & MANAGING DATACENTERS 9

List reasons for planned/unplanned outages and the impact of downtime, Impact of downtime -Business continuity (BC) and disaster recovery (DR) ,RTO and RPO, Identifysingle points of failure in a storage infrastructure and list solutions to mitigate these failures, architecture of backup/recovery and the different backup/ recovery topologies, replication technologies and their role in ensuring information availability and business continuity, Remote replication technologies and their role in providing disaster recovery and business continuity capabilities. Identify key areas to monitor in a data center, Industry standards for data center monitoring and management, Key metrics to monitor for different components in a storage infrastructure, Key management tasks in a data center

UNIT V SECURING STORAGE AND STORAGE VIRTUALIZATION 9

Information security, Critical security attributes for information systems, Storage security domains,List and analyzes the common threats in each domain, Virtualization technologies, block-level and file-level virtualization technologies and processes.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon I completion of this course, a student should be able to:

- Select from various storage technologies to suit for required application.
- Apply security measures to safeguard storage & farm.
- Analyse QoS on Storage.

REFERENCES:

1. EMC Corporation, "Information Storage and Management: Storing, Managing, and Protecting Digital Information", Wiley, India, 2010
2. Marc Farley, "Building Storage Networks", Tata McGraw Hill ,Osborne, 2001.
3. Robert Spalding, "Storage Networks: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill , Osborne, 2003.