

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the phases in a software project
- To understand fundamental concepts of requirements engineering and Analysis Modeling.
- To understand the various software design methodologies
- To learn various testing and maintenance measures

UNIT I SOFTWARE PROCESS AND AGILE DEVELOPMENT 9

Introduction to Software Engineering, Software Process, Perspective and Specialized Process Models—Introduction to Agility-Agile process-Extreme programming-XP Process.

UNIT II REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND SPECIFICATION 9

Software Requirements: Functional and Non-Functional, User requirements, System requirements, Software Requirements Document Requirement Engineering Process: Feasibility Studies, Requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management-Classical analysis: Structured system Analysis, Petri Nets-Data Dictionary.

UNIT III SOFTWARE DESIGN 9

Design process — Design Concepts-Design Model— Design Heuristic — Architectural Design -Architectural styles, Architectural Design, Architectural Mapping using Data Flow- User Interface Design: Interface analysis, Interface Design —Component level Design: Designing Class based components, traditional Components.

UNIT IV TESTING AND MAINTENANCE 9

Software testing fundamentals-Internal and external views of Testing-white box testing - basis path testing-control structure testing-black box testing- Regression Testing — Unit Testing — Integration Testing— Validation Testing— System Testing And Debugging—Software Implementation Techniques: Coding practices-Refactoring-Maintenance and Reengineering-BPR model-Reengineering process model-Reverse and Forward Engineering.

UNIT V PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Software Project Management: Estimation – LOC, FP Based Estimation, Make/Buy Decision COCOMO I & II Model – Project Scheduling – Scheduling, Earned Value Analysis Planning –Project Plan, Planning Process, RFP Risk Management – Identification, Projection - Risk Management-Risk Identification-RMMM Plan-CASE TOOLS

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Principal

J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.M. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course, the students should be able to:


- Identify the key activities in managing a software project.
- Compare different process models.
- Concepts of requirements engineering and Analysis Modeling.
- Apply systematic procedure for software design and deployment.
- Compare and contrast the various testing and maintenance.
- Manage project schedule, estimate project cost and effort required.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Roger S. Pressman, —Software Engineering— A Practitioner's Approach, Seventh Edition, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 2010.
2. Ian Sommerville, —Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2011.

REFERENCES:

1. Rajib Mall, —Fundamentals of Software Engineering, Third Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2009.
2. Pankaj Jalote, —Software Engineering, A Precise Approach, Wiley India, 2010.
3. Kelkar S. A., —Software Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd, 2007.
4. Stephen R. Schach, —Software Engineering, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2007.
5. <http://nptel.ac.in/>.


Principal
J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk)
Erode (Dt) - 638 506

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the protocol layering and physical level communication.
- To analyze the performance of a network.
- To understand the various components required to build different networks.
- To learn the functions of network layer and the various routing protocols.
- To familiarize the functions and protocols of the Transport layer.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND PHYSICAL LAYER 9

Networks – Network Types – Protocol Layering – TCP/IP Protocol suite – OSI Model – Physical Layer: Performance – Transmission media – Switching – Circuit-switched Networks – Packet Switching.

UNIT II DATA-LINK LAYER & MEDIA ACCESS 9

Introduction – Link-Layer Addressing – DLC Services – Data-Link Layer Protocols – HDLC – PPP – Media Access Control – Wired LANs: Ethernet – Wireless LANs – Introduction – IEEE 802.11, Bluetooth – Connecting Devices.

UNIT III NETWORK LAYER 9

Network Layer Services – Packet Switching – Performance – IPv4 Addresses – Forwarding of IP Packets – Network Layer Protocols: IP, ICMP v4 – Unicast Routing Algorithms – Protocols – Multicasting Basics – IPv6 Addressing – IPv6 Protocol.

UNIT IV TRANSPORT LAYER 9

Introduction – Transport Layer Protocols – Services – Port Numbers – User Datagram Protocol – Transmission Control Protocol – SCTP.

UNIT V APPLICATION LAYER 9

WWW and HTTP – FTP – Email – Telnet – SSH – DNS – SNMP.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Understand the basic layers and its functions in computer networks.
- Evaluate the performance of a network.
- Understand the basics of how data flows from one node to another.
- Analyze and design routing algorithms.
- Design protocols for various functions in the network.
- Understand the working of various application layer protocols



Principal

**J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.**

TEXTBOOK:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition
TMH,2013.

REFERENCES

1. Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, Computer Networks: A Systems Approach, Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc.,2012.
2. William Stallings, Data and Computer Communications, Tenth Edition, PearsonEducation,2013.
3. NaderF.Mir,ComputerandCommunicationNetworks,SecondEdition,Prentice Hall,2014.
4. Ying-Dar Lin, Ren-Hung Hwang and Fred Baker, Computer Networks: An OpenSourceApproach,McGrawHillPublisher,2011.
5. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, Computer Networking, A Top-Down ApproachFeaturingthe Internet, SixthEdition,PearsonEducation,2013.



Principal
J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of object modeling
- To understand and differentiate Unified Process from other approaches.
- To design with static UML diagrams.
- To design with the UML dynamic and implementation diagrams.
- To improve the software design with design patterns.
- To test the software against its requirements specification

UNIT I UNIFIED PROCESS AND USE CASE DIAGRAMS 9

Introduction to OOAD with OO Basics - Unified Process - UML diagrams - Use Case - Case study - the Next Gen POS system, Inception - Use case Modelling - Relating Use cases - include, extend and generalization - When to use Use-cases

UNIT II STATIC UML DIAGRAMS 9

Class Diagram - Elaboration - Domain Model - Finding conceptual classes and description classes - Associations - Attributes - Domain model refinement - Finding conceptual class Hierarchies - Aggregation and Composition - Relationship between sequenced diagrams and use cases - When to use Class Diagrams

UNIT III DYNAMIC AND IMPLEMENTATION UML DIAGRAMS 9

Dynamic Diagrams - UML interaction diagrams - System sequence diagram - Collaboration diagram - When to use Communication Diagrams - State machine diagram and Modelling - When to use State Diagrams - Activity diagram - When to use activity diagrams

Implementation Diagrams - UML package diagram - When to use package diagrams - Component and Deployment Diagrams - When to use Component and Deployment diagrams

UNIT IV DESIGN PATTERNS 9

GRASP: Designing objects with responsibilities - Creator - Information expert - Low Coupling - High Cohesion - Controller **Design Patterns** - **creational** - factory method - **structural** - Bridge - Adapter - **behavioural** - Strategy - observer - Applying GoF design patterns - Mapping design to code

UNIT V TESTING

Object Oriented Methodologies - Software Quality Assurance - Impact of object orientation

on Testing—Develop Test Cases and Test Plans

TOTAL:45PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Express software design with UML diagrams
- Design software applications using OO concepts.
- Identify various scenarios based on software requirements
- Transform UML based software design into pattern based design using design patterns
- Understand the various testing methodologies for OO software

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Craig Larman, —Applying UML and Patterns: An Introduction to Object-Oriented Analysis and Design and Iterative Development, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
2. Ali Bahrami-Object Oriented Systems Development -McGraw Hill International Edition-1999

REFERENCES:

1. Erich Gamma, and Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides, —Design patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Addison-Wesley, 1995.
2. Martin Fowler, —UML Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Standard Object Modeling Language, Third Edition, Addison Wesley, 2003.



Principal

**J.K.K.Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N.Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.**

CS8691

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the various characteristics of Intelligent agents
- To learn the different search strategies in AI
- To learn to represent knowledge in solving AI problems
- To understand the different ways of designing software agents
- To know about the various applications of AI.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction–Definition-FutureofArtificialIntelligence–CharacteristicsofIntelligentAgents–
TypicalIntelligentAgents–ProblemSolvingApproachtoTypicalAIproblems.

UNIT II PROBLEMSOLVINGMETHODS

9

Problem solving Methods - Search Strategies- Uninformed - Informed - Heuristics - Local
SearchAlgorithmsandOptimizationProblems-SearchingwithPartialObservations-
ConstraintSatisfactionProblems—ConstraintPropagation-BacktrackingSearch-GamePlaying-
Optimal Decisions in Games–Alpha-Beta Pruning-Stochastic Games

UNIT III KNOWLEDGEREPRESENTATION

9

First Order Predicate Logic – Prolog Programming – Unification – Forward Chaining-
Backward Chaining – Resolution – Knowledge Representation - Ontological Engineering-
Categories and Objects – Events - Mental Events and Mental Objects - Reasoning Systems for
Categories -Reasoning with Default Information

UNIT IV SOFTWAREAGENTS

9

ArchitectureforIntelligentAgents–Agentcommunication–NegotiationandBargaining–
ArgumentationamongAgents–TrustandReputationinMulti-agentsystems.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS


9

AI applications – Language Models – Information Retrieval- Information Extraction – Natural
Language Processing - Machine Translation – Speech Recognition – Robot – Hardware –
Perception–Planning–Moving

TOTAL:45PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Up on completion of the course, the students will be able to:


Principal
J.K.K.Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N.Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506

- Use appropriate search algorithms for any AI problem
- Represent a problem using first order and predicate logic
- Provide the apt agent strategy to solve a given problem
- Design software agents to solve a problem
- Design applications for NLP that use Artificial Intelligence.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. S.Russell and P.Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach", Prentice Hall, Third Edition, 2009.
2. I.Bratko, —Prolog: Programming for Artificial Intelligence, Fourth edition, Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers Inc., 2011.

REFERENCES:

1. M.Tim Jones, —Artificial Intelligence: A Systems Approach (Computer Science), Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Inc.; First Edition, 2008
2. Nils J.Nilsson, —The Quest for Artificial Intelligence, Cambridge University Press, 2009.
3. William F.Clocks in and Christopher S.Mellish, —Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard, Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003.
4. Gerhard Weiss, —Multi Agent Systems, Second Edition, MIT Press, 2013.
5. David L.Poole and Alan K.Mackworth, —Artificial Intelligence: Foundation of Computational Agents, Cambridge University Press, 2010.



Principal

**J.K.K.Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)**

T.N.Palayam, Gobi (TR),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506

CS8601

MOBILE COMPUTING

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of mobile computing.
- To learn the basics of mobile telecommunication system.
- To be familiar with the network layer protocols and Ad-Hoc networks.
- To know the basis of transport and application layer protocols.
- To gain knowledge about different mobile platforms and application development.

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION	9
Introduction to Mobile Computing – Applications of Mobile Computing- Generations of Mobile Communication Technologies- Multiplexing – Spread spectrum -MAC Protocols –SDMA-TDMA-FDMA-CDMA		
UNIT II	MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM	9
Introduction to Cellular Systems-GSM–Services & Architecture–Protocols– Connection Establishment–Frequency Allocation–Routing–Mobility Management– Security–GPRS-UMTS–Architecture–Handover-Security		
UNIT III	MOBILE NETWORK LAYER	9
Mobile IP–DHCP–Ad Hoc–Proactive protocol-DSDV, Reactive Routing Protocols– DSR, AODV, Hybrid routing–ZRP, Multicast Routing- ODMRP, Vehicular Ad Hoc networks (VANET)–MANET vs VANET–Security.		
UNIT IV	MOBILE TRANSPORT AND APPLICATION LAYER	9
Mobile TCP–WAP–Architecture–WDP–WTLS–WTP–WSP–WAE–WTA Architecture –WML		
UNIT V	MOBILE PLATFORMS AND APPLICATIONS	9
Mobile Device Operating Systems – Special Constraints & Requirements – Commercial Mobile Operating Systems – Software Development Kit: iOS, Android, BlackBerry, Windows Phone–MCommerce–Structure–Pros & Cons- Mobile Payment System–Security Issues		

TOTAL 45 PERIODS

[Signature]
Principal
J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students should be able to:

- Explain the basics of mobile telecommunication systems
- Illustrate the generation of telecommunication systems in wireless networks
- Determine the functionality of MAC, network layer and identify a routing protocol for a given Ad hoc network
- Explain the functionality of Transport and Application layers
- Develop a mobile application using android/blackberry/ios/Windows SDK

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Jochen Schiller, — Mobile Communications I, PHI, Second Edition, 2003.
2. Prasant Kumar Pattnaik, Rajib Mall, — Fundamentals of Mobile Computing I, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi—2012

REFERENCES

1. Dharma Prakash Agarwal, Qing and An Zeng, "Introduction to Wireless and Mobile systems", Thomson Asia Pvt Ltd, 2005.
2. Uwe Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, — Principles of Mobile Computing I, Springer, 2003.
3. William C. Y. Lee, — Mobile Cellular Telecommunications - Analog and Digital Systems I, Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2006.
4. C.K. Toh, — Ad Hoc Mobile Wireless Networks I, First Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
5. Android Developers: <http://developer.android.com/index.html>
6. Apple Developer: <https://developer.apple.com/>
7. Windows Phone DevCenter: <http://developer.windowsphone.com>
8. Black Berry Developer: <http://developer.blackberry.com>



Principal

J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobt (TK),
Erode (Dt) - 638 508.

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand Cryptography Theories, Algorithms and Systems.
- To understand necessary Approaches and Techniques to build protection mechanisms in order to secure computer networks.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Security trends - Legal, Ethical and Professional Aspects of Security, Need for Security at Multiple levels, Security Policies - Model of network security - Security attacks, services and mechanisms - OSI security architecture - Classical encryption techniques: substitution techniques, transposition techniques, steganography - Foundations of modern cryptography: perfect security - information theory - product cryptosystem - cryptanalysis.

UNIT II SYMMETRIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY 9

MATHEMATICS OF SYMMETRIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY: Algebraic structures - Modular arithmetic - Euclid's algorithm - Congruence and matrices - Groups, Rings, Fields - Finite fields - SYMMETRIC KEY CIPHERS: SDES - Block cipher Principle of DES - Strength of DES - Differential and linear cryptanalysis - Block cipher design principles - Block cipher mode of operation - Evaluation criteria for AES - Advanced Encryption Standard - RC4 - Key distribution.

UNIT III PUBLIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY 9

MATHEMATICS OF ASYMMETRIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY: Primes - Primality Testing - Factorization - Euler's totient function, Fermat's and Euler's Theorem - Chinese Remainder Theorem - Exponentiation and Algorithm - ASYMMETRIC KEY CIPHERS: RSA cryptosystem - Key distribution - Key management - Diffie Hellman key exchange - ElGamal cryptosystem - Elliptic curve arithmetic - Elliptic curve cryptography.

UNIT IV MESSAGE AUTHENTICATION AND INTEGRITY 9

Authentication requirement - Authentication function - MAC - Hash function - Security of hash function and MAC - SHA - Digital signature and authentication protocols - DSS - Entity Authentication: Biometrics, Passwords, Challenge Response protocols - Authentication applications - Kerberos, X.509

UNIT V SECURITY PRACTICE AND SYSTEM SECURITY 9

Electronic Mail security - PGP, S/MIME - IP security - Web Security -



Principal

J.K.K. Munirajan College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

SYSTEM SECURITY: Intruders—Malicious software—viruses—Firewalls.

TOTAL 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Understand the fundamentals of network security, security architecture, threats and vulnerabilities
- Apply the different cryptographic operations of symmetric cryptographic algorithms
- Apply the different cryptographic operations of public key cryptography
- Apply the various Authentication schemes to simulated different applications.
- Understand various Security practices and System security standards

TEXTBOOK:

1. William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, PHI 3rd Edition, 2006.

REFERENCES:

1. C K Shyamala, N Harini and Dr. T R Padmanabhan: Cryptography and Network Security, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd
2. Behrouz A. Foruzan, Cryptography and Network Security, Tata McGraw Hill 2007.
3. Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, and Mike Speciner, Network Security: PRIVATE Communication in a PUBLIC World, Prentice Hall, ISBN 0-13-046019-2



Principal

**J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.**

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concept of cloud computing.
- To appreciate the evolution of cloud from the existing technologies.
- To have knowledge on the various issues in cloud computing.
- To be familiar with the lead players in cloud.
- To appreciate the emergence of cloud as the next generation computing paradigm.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction to Cloud Computing — Definition of Cloud — Evolution of Cloud Computing — Underlying Principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing — Cloud Characteristics — Elasticity in Cloud — On-demand Provisioning.

UNIT II CLOUD ENABLING TECHNOLOGIES

10

Service Oriented Architecture — REST and Systems of Systems — Web Services — Publish-Subscribe Model — Basics of Virtualization — Types of Virtualization — Implementation Levels of Virtualization — Virtualization Structures — Tools and Mechanisms — Virtualization of CPU — Memory — I/O Devices — Virtualization Support and Disaster Recovery.

UNIT III CLOUD ARCHITECTURE, SERVICES AND STORAGE

8

Layered Cloud Architecture Design — NIST Cloud Computing Reference Architecture — Public, Private and Hybrid Clouds — IaaS — PaaS — SaaS — Architectural Design Challenges — Cloud Storage — Storage-as-a-Service — Advantages of Cloud Storage — Cloud Storage Providers — S3.

UNIT IV RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND SECURITY IN CLOUD


10

Inter Cloud Resource Management — Resource Provisioning and Resource Provisioning Methods — Global Exchange of Cloud Resources — Security Overview — Cloud Security Challenges — Software-as-a-Service Security — Security Governance — Virtual Machine Security — IAM — Security Standards.

UNIT V CLOUD TECHNOLOGIES AND ADVANCEMENTS

8

Hadoop — MapReduce — Virtual Box — Google App Engine — Programming Environment for Google App Engine — Open Stack — Federation in the Cloud — Four Levels of Federation — Federated Services and Applications — Future of Federation.


 Principal
TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
 J.K.K. Munirajan College of Technology
 (Autonomous)
 T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
 Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths and limitations of cloud computing.
- Learn the key and enabling technologies that help in the development of cloud.
- Develop the ability to understand and use the architecture of compute and storage cloud, service and delivery models.
- Explain the core issues of cloud computing such as resource management and security.
- Be able to install and use current cloud technologies.
- Evaluate and choose the appropriate technologies, algorithms and approaches for implementation and use of cloud.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack G. Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.
2. Rittinghouse, John W., and James F. Ransome, — Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management and Security, CRC Press, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, — Mastering Cloud Computing, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2013.
2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud Computing - A Practical Approach", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2009.
3. George Reese, "Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud : Transactional Systems for EC2 and Beyond (Theory in Practice)", O'Reilly, 2009.



Principal

**J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobbi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of algorithmic problem solving.
- To learn to solve problems using Python conditionals and loops.
- To define Python functions and use function calls to solve problems.
- To use Python data structures - lists, tuples, dictionaries to represent complex data.
- To do input/output with files in Python.

UNIT I COMPUTATIONAL THINKING AND PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Fundamentals of Computing – Identification of Computational Problems -Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion). Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II DATA TYPES, EXPRESSIONS, STATEMENTS 9

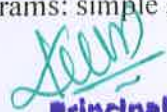
Python interpreter and interactive mode,debugging; values and types: int, float, boolean, string , and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; Illustrative programs: exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points.

UNIT III CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS, STRINGS 9

Conditionals:Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else),chained conditional (if-elif-else);Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values,parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices,immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays. Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search.

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing - list comprehension; Illustrative programs: simple sorting, histogram, Students marks statement, Retail bill preparation.


Principal
J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 505.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES

9

Files and exceptions: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions. handling exceptions, modules, packages; Illustrative programs: word count, copy file, Voter's age validation, Marks range validation (0-100).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.

CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.

CO3: Write simple Python programs using conditionals and loops for solving problems.

CO4: Decompose a Python program into functions.

CO5: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries etc.

CO6: Read and write data from/to files in Python programs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Karl Beecher, "Computational Thinking: A Beginner's Guide to Problem Solving and Programming", 1st Edition, BCS Learning & Development Limited, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
3. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
4. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
5. <https://www.python.org/>
6. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.


Principal
J.K.K. Muniraj College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the data science fundamentals and process.
- To learn to describe the data for the data science process.
- To learn to describe the relationship between data. 24
- To utilize the Python libraries for Data Wrangling.
- To present and interpret data using visualization libraries in Python

UNIT-I-INTRODUCTION

9

Data Science: Benefits and uses – facets of data - Data Science Process: Overview – Defining research goals – Retrieving data – Data preparation - Exploratory Data analysis – build the model– presenting findings and building applications - Data Mining - Data Warehousing – Basic Statistical descriptions of Data

UNIT-II-DESCRIBING DATA

9

Types of Data - Types of Variables -Describing Data with Tables and Graphs –Describing Data with Averages - Describing Variability - Normal Distributions and Standard (z) Scores

UNIT-III-DESCRIBING RELATIONSHIPS

9

Correlation –Scatter plots –correlation coefficient for quantitative data –computational formula for correlation coefficient – Regression –regression line –least squares regression line – Standard error of estimate – interpretation of r^2 –multiple regression equations – regression towards the mean

UNIT-IV- PYTHON LIBRARIES FOR DATA WRANGLING

9

Basics of Numpy arrays –aggregations –computations on arrays –comparisons, masks, boolean logic – fancy indexing – structured arrays – Data manipulation with Pandas – data indexing and selection – operating on data – missing data – Hierarchical indexing – combining datasets – aggregation and grouping – pivot tables

UNIT-V-DATAVISUALIZATION

9

Importing Matplotlib – Line plots – Scatter plots – visualizing errors – density and contour plots – Histograms – legends – colors – subplots – text and annotation – customization – three dimensional plotting - Geographic Data with Basemap - Visualization with Seaborn.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Define the data science process



Principal

J.K.K.Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N.Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

CO2: Understand different types of data description for data science process

CO3: Gain knowledge on relationships between data

CO4: Use the Python Libraries for Data Wrangling

CO5: Apply visualization Libraries in Python to interpret and explore data

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. David Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, and Mohamed Ali, "Introducing Data Science", Manning Publications, 2016. (Unit I)
2. Robert S. Witte and John S. Witte, "Statistics", Eleventh Edition, Wiley Publications, 2017. (Units II and III)
3. Jake VanderPlas, "Python Data Science Handbook", O'Reilly, 2016. (Units IV and V)

REFERENCES: 1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Stats: Exploratory Data Analysis in Python", Green Tea Press, 2014



Principal

J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The main objectives of this course are to:

- Study about uninformed and Heuristic search techniques.
- Learn techniques for reasoning under uncertainty
- Introduce Machine Learning and supervised learning algorithms
- Study about ensembling and unsupervised learning algorithms
- Learn the basics of deep learning using neural networks 32

UNIT I PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Introduction to AI - AI Applications - Problem solving agents – search algorithms – uninformed search strategies – Heuristic search strategies – Local search and optimization problems – adversarial search – constraint satisfaction problems (CSP)

UNIT II PROBABILISTIC REASONING 9

Acting under uncertainty – Bayesian inference – naïve bayes models. Probabilistic reasoning – Bayesian networks – exact inference in BN – approximate inference in BN – causal networks.

UNIT III SUPERVISED LEARNING 9

Introduction to machine learning – Linear Regression Models: Least squares, single & multiple variables, Bayesian linear regression, gradient descent, Linear Classification Models: Discriminant function – Probabilistic discriminative model - Logistic regression, Probabilistic generative model – Naive Bayes, Maximum margin classifier – Support vector machine, Decision Tree, Random forests

UNIT IV ENSEMBLE TECHNIQUES AND UNSUPERVISED LEARNING 9

Combining multiple learners: Model combination schemes, Voting, Ensemble Learning - bagging, boosting, stacking, Unsupervised learning: K-means, Instance Based Learning: KNN, Gaussian mixture models and Expectation maximization

UNIT V NEURAL NETWORKS 9

Perceptron - Multilayer perceptron, activation functions, network training – gradient descent optimization – stochastic gradient descent, error back propagation, from shallow networks to deep networks – Unit saturation (aka the vanishing gradient problem) – ReLU, hyper parameter tuning, batch normalization, regularization, dropout.

PRACTICAL EXERCISES: 30 PERIODS

1. Implementation of Uninformed search algorithms (BFS, DFS)
2. Implementation of Informed search algorithms (A*, memory-bounded A*)
3. Implement naïve Bayes models
4. Implement Bayesian Networks
5. Build Regression models
6. Build decision trees and random forests
7. Build SVM models
8. Implement ensembling techniques
9. Implement clustering algorithms
10. Implement EM for Bayesian networks
11. Build simple NN models
12. Build deep learning NN models

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Use appropriate search algorithms for problem solving
CO2: Apply reasoning under uncertainty
CO3: Build supervised learning models 33
CO4: Build ensembling and unsupervised models
CO5: Build deep learning neural network models

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2021.
2. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", MIT Press, Fourth Edition, 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. Dan W. Patterson, "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems", Pearson Education, 2007
2. Kevin Night, Elaine Rich, and Nair B., "Artificial Intelligence", McGraw Hill, 2008
3. Patrick H. Winston, "Artificial Intelligence", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2006
4. Deepak Khemani, "Artificial Intelligence", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2013
(<http://nptel.ac.in/>)
5. Christopher M. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2006.
6. Tom Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 1997.


Principal
J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Balayam, Gebi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

7. Charu C. Aggarwal, "Data Classification Algorithms and Applications", CRC Press, 2014
8. Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizadeh, Ameet Talwalkar, "Foundations of Machine Learning", MIT Press, 2012.
9. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 201



Principal

**J.K.K.Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N.Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.**

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand big data.
- To learn and use NoSQL big data management.
- To learn mapreduce analytics using Hadoop and related tools.
- To work with map reduce applications
- To understand the usage of Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics

UNIT I UNDERSTANDING BIG DATA 5

Introduction to big data – convergence of key trends – unstructured data – industry examples of big data – web analytics – big data applications – big data technologies – introduction to Hadoop – open Padeepz App Padeepz App 119 source technologies – cloud and big data – mobile business intelligence – Crowd sourcing analytics – inter and trans firewall analytics.

UNIT II NOSQL DATA MANAGEMENT 7

Introduction to NoSQL – aggregate data models – key-value and document data models – relationships – graph databases – schemaless databases – materialized views – distribution models – master-slave replication – consistency - Cassandra – Cassandra data model – Cassandra examples – Cassandra clients

UNIT III MAP REDUCE APPLICATIONS 6

MapReduce workflows – unit tests with MRUnit – test data and local tests – anatomy of MapReduce job run – classic Map-reduce – YARN – failures in classic Map-reduce and YARN – job scheduling – shuffle and sort – task execution – MapReduce types – input formats – output formats.

UNIT IV BASICS OF HADOOP 6

Data format – analyzing data with Hadoop – scaling out – Hadoop streaming – Hadoop pipes – design of Hadoop distributed file system (HDFS) – HDFS concepts – Java interface – data flow – Hadoop I/O – data integrity – compression – serialization – Avro – file-based data structures - Cassandra – Hadoop integration.

UNIT V HADOOP RELATED TOOLS 6

Hbase – data model and implementations – Hbase clients – Hbase examples – praxis. Pig – Grunt – pig data model – Pig Latin – developing and testing Pig Latin scripts. Hive – data types and file formats – HiveQL data definition – HiveQL data manipulation – HiveQL queries.

30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After the completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1:Describe big data and use cases from selected business domains.

CO2:Explain NoSQL big data management.

CO3:Install, configure, and run Hadoop and HDFS.

CO4:Perform map-reduce analytics using Hadoop.

CO5:Use Hadoop-related tools such as HBase, Cassandra, Pig, and Hive for big data analytics.


LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Downloading and installing Hadoop; Understanding different Hadoop modes. Startup scripts, Configuration files.
2. Hadoop Implementation of file management tasks, such as Adding files and directories, retrieving files and Deleting files
3. Implement of Matrix Multiplication with Hadoop Map Reduce
4. Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm.
5. Installation of Hive along with practice examples.
7. Installation of HBase, Installing thrift along with Practice examples
8. Practice importing and exporting data from various databases.

Software Requirements: Cassandra, Hadoop, Java, Pig, Hive and HBase.

30 PERIODS

TOTAL:60 PERIODS



Principal
J.K.K.Muniraj College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N.Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and AmbigaDhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley, 2013.
2. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilley, 2012. 3. Sadalage, Pramod J. "NoSQL distilled", 2013

REFERENCES:

1. E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilley, 2012.
2. Lars George, "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2011.
3. Eben Hewitt, "Cassandra: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2010.
4. Alan Gates, "Programming Pig", O'Reilley, 2011.


Principal
J.K.K.Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 906.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand Software Engineering Lifecycle Models
- To Perform software requirements analysis
- To gain knowledge of the System Analysis and Design concepts using UML.
- To understand software testing and maintenance approaches
- To work on project management scheduling using DevOps

UNIT I SOFTWARE PROCESS AND AGILE DEVELOPMENT 9

Introduction to Software Engineering, Software Process, Perspective and Specialized Process Models –Introduction to Agility-Agile Process-Extreme programming-XP Process-Case Study.

UNIT II REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND SPECIFICATION 9

Requirement analysis and specification – Requirements gathering and analysis – Software Requirement Specification – Formal system specification – Finite State Machines – Petrinets – Object modelling using UML – Use case Model – Class diagrams – Interaction diagrams – Activity diagrams – State chart diagrams – Functional modelling – Data Flow Diagram- CASE TOOLS.

UNIT III SOFTWARE DESIGN 9

Software design – Design process – Design concepts – Coupling – Cohesion – Functional independence – Design patterns – Model-view-controller – Publish-subscribe – Adapter – Command – Strategy – Observer – Proxy – Facade – Architectural styles – Layered - Client Server - Tiered - Pipe and filter- User interface design-Case Study.

UNIT IV SOFTWARE TESTING AND MAINTENANCE 9

Testing – Unit testing – Black box testing– White box testing – Integration and System testing– Regression testing – Debugging - Program analysis – Symbolic execution – Model Checking Case Study

UNIT V PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Software Project Management- Software Configuration Management - Project Scheduling- DevOps: Motivation-Cloud as a platform-Operations- Deployment Pipeline:Overall Architecture Building and Testing-Deployment- Tools- Case Study

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Compare various Software Development Lifecycle Models

CO2: Evaluate project management approaches as well as cost and schedule estimation strategies.

CO3: Perform formal analysis on specifications.

CO4: Use UML diagrams for analysis and design.

CO5: Architect and design using architectural styles and design patterns, and test the system

45 PERIODS

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

30 PERIODS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Identify a software system that needs to be developed.
2. Document the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for the identified system.
3. Identify use cases and develop the Use Case model.
4. Identify the conceptual classes and develop a Domain Model and also derive a Class Diagram from that.
5. Using the identified scenarios, find the interaction between objects and represent them using UML Sequence and Collaboration Diagrams
6. Draw relevant State Chart and Activity Diagrams for the same system.
7. Implement the system as per the detailed design
8. Test the software system for all the scenarios identified as per the usecase diagram
9. Improve the reusability and maintainability of the software system by applying appropriate design patterns.
10. Implement the modified system and test it for various scenarios.

SUGGESTED DOMAINS FOR MINI-PROJECT:

1. Passport automation system.
2. Book bank
3. Exam registration
4. Stock maintenance system.
5. Online course reservation system
6. Airline/Railway reservation system


Principal

**J.K.K. Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N. Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.**

7. Software personnel management system
8. Credit card processing
9. e-book management system
10. Recruitment system
11. Foreign trading system
12. Conference management system
13. BPO management system
14. Library management system
15. Student information system


TOTAL:75 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Bernd Bruegge and Allen H. Dutoit, "Object-Oriented Software Engineering: Using UML, Patterns and Java", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
2. Roger S. Pressman, Object-Oriented Software Engineering: An Agile Unified Methodology, First Edition, Mc Graw-Hill International Edition, 2014.

REFERENCES

1. Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, Dino Mandrioli, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, 2nd edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2010.
2. Craig Larman, Applying UML and Patterns, 3rd ed, Pearson Education, 2005.
3. Len Bass, Ingo Weber and Liming Zhu, —DevOps: A Software Architect's Perspective, Pearson Education, 2016
4. Rajib Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, 3rd edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
5. Stephen Schach, Object-Oriented and Classical Software Engineering, 8th ed, McGraw Hill, 2010.


Principal
J.K.K.Munirajah College of Technology
(Autonomous)
T.N.Palayam, Gobi (Tk),
Erode (Dt) - 638 506.